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NOTICE.

The Circulation of the MINER is greater by 500 than that of any paper published in McKean County, outside of Bradford.

McKean County Miner
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[CONTINUED.]

CHAPTER VII.

THE CAMPS AT CHATTANOOGA.

"Cap," he said, "I be'n thinken I'd like ter jine the army."

At the first sign of dawn Mark awakened his companion, who was sleeping so soundly that it required a good shake to rouse him. Jakey sat up and rubbed his eyes with his fists while Mark looked about him. He could see down the river for half a mile, where he noticed bluffs to the water's edge, and thought it was lucky he had not been forced to land there. Beyond were the Raccoon mountains, while close to the southwest Lookout mountain towered above him.

After Jakey had completed his toilet—the only toilet either made—Mark led off on the railroad ties to Chattanooga. The railroad soon left the river bank and they proceeded in a northeasterly direction, striking the town from the south.

A great many tents were in sight as they passed along, and Mark judged at once that there was a large force concentrated there. He was tempted to turn and retrace his steps, for he knew already what he was sent to discover; but to get out was more difficult than to get in, and he wasn't willing to risk an attempt in the daytime, so he entered the town, in which citizen and soldier were alike asleep, and without meeting a soul walked about till he came to a hotel called the Crutchfield house. As he approached the door opened and a negro boy with a broom in his hand stood in the portico.

"Can I have a room?" asked Mark.

"No, sah, not till de proprietor wakes up."

"My little brother is tired; he must go to sleep at once."

The boy's eyes opened wide at a dollar bill slipped in his hand. Without a word he took a key from the rack above a desk in the office, and in a few minutes both travelers were safely lodged with no one but the negro having seen them enter the town or the house.

"So far, so good," said Mark. "Now comes the real racket. By this time tomorrow morning I shall be either safe across the river again or I wouldn't give a Confederate bill for my life."

After a few hours' sleep he rose and, calling Jakey, they made a toilet and went down to breakfast. Mark had purposely neglected to write his name on the register and hoped that the landlord would not notice the omission. But he did, and the guest entered his name as Mark Slack, Jasper, Tenn.

After breakfast he took Jakey and strolled around the town making purchases. He thought it prudent to get some of his greenbacks changed for Confederate bills. He followed the suggestion Jakey had made at setting out and bought some calico and tobacco and the squirrel gun Jakey had modestly suggested for himself. Mark was not unwilling to have the gun with them, as he thought it might possibly be of service in case he should get hunted and cornered, but in that event he counted very little on any means of defense except flight or deception.

Mark was astonished at the number of officers and soldiers he saw in the streets. He found a new general in command, of whom he had not heard as a prominent leader, Braxton Bragg. He made a circuit of the town and an estimate of the troops, but this was of little value, for upon the arrival of trains regiment after regiment marched into camp. Mark stood on the sidewalk holding Jakey by the hand looking at the Confederates tramping along under the stars and bars, their bands, when they had any, which was rare, playing discordantly "Dixie" or "The Bonny Blue Flag."

"What regiment air that ar?" asked Mark of a soldier standing beside him puffing at a rank cigar.

"Eighth Tennessee."

"Whar they all come from?"

"Tupelo. Come from thar myself a spell ago."

"Whar they goin'?"

"Only old Bragg knows and he won't tell. Reckon we're goen no'th to Knoxville ter foller th' two brigades ez went up a spell ago."

"What troops air all these hyar and them ez is comen?"

"Waal, thar's Cheatham's and Withers' divisions, and I reckon Anderson's. I saw Gineral Polk terday, 'n they say Hardee's hyar. I'm in th' Twenty-fourth Tennessee myself, and thet's Cheatham's. Lay's cavalry brigade is hyar. Thet's all the cavalry I knows on."

Mark was amazed. A large southern force was concentrating at Chattanooga, and perhaps they would pour into Tennessee or Kentucky by one of the routes pointed out to him by his general. It was a splendid plan provided the general who was to execute it could keep his enemy from knowing his intentions long enough to throw an army on his flank or rear.

Then in making a circuit of the town Mark was impressed with the natural strength of the position. He gazed over the plain eastward, his eye resting on Missionary ridge, but did not dream of the soldiers' battle destined to take place there a year later, when the men in the Army of the Cumberland, disregarding the plans of their superiors, would start from the bottom of that mountain and defeat an enemy pouring shot and shell down upon them from the top.

"Why didn't our generals occupy this place when they could?" sighed Mark. "Now it is too late."

While it was evident to Mark that the enemy were concentrating for a move against the Union lines, there was nothing to indicate where they would strike except the mention of the two brigades as having gone to Knoxville. He knew that they might strike any one of several points from Battle Creek to Knoxville, and eagerly sought for some indication where it would be. He strolled about with Jakey all the afternoon, the two sufficiently resembling country bumpkins to avoid suspicion. Passing a recruiting station, Mark went inside the tent, where an officer was writing at a pine table.

"Cap," he said, "I be'n thinken I'd like ter jine the army."

"You're just the man we want. You've got plenty of bone and muscle. I should reckon you'd been in the ranks afore this."

"Waal, I don't want ter fight outen my state 'f I kin help it."

"What state?"

"Tennessee."

"I reckon you'll have a chance to fight in it if you join the army."

"Reckon so?"

"Yas, I'm recruiten for Cheatham's division. Thar all Tennessee rigements in our division except the artillery an a rigement o' Georgia and one o' Texas infantry."

"Whar is yer division?"

"Across the river. At Dallas or Poe's, somewhar up thar. Y' better let me put yer down fur my rigement, the ——th Tennessee."

"[illegible] way down south."

"No fear o' that jest now."

"What makes y' calc'late on it?"

"There's two divisions across now—ourn and Withers'. Y' don't reckon their goen ter cross the river fur the purpose o' marchen south, do y'?"

"Oh, I don't know nothen 'bout military."

"Waal, will you join us?"

"Ef y' reckon all the sojers hero is goen to fight in old Tennessee I reckon I will. The abolition army hez overrun our state 'n I want ter see em driv out."

"The way to do it, my good man, is to take a musket and help."

"Do ye reckon that's what we're goen' ter do?"

"I tell you that two divisions are already across, and I happen to know that all the transportation in the shape of cars and locomotives that can be found are bein corralled hyar for a further movement. Come, now, my man, stop talken and take yer place whar yo oughter be. What's yer name?"

The officer took up a pen.

"All right, cap, count me in. I'll jest go 'n git my bundle and be back hyar in half an hour."

The captain hesitated. Mark began to fear that he was thinking of using force rather than let so promising a recruit go.

"Are you sure you'll come back?"

"Sarten, cap."

Mark moved away, and it was not until he had got out of sight that he realized he had run a great risk, for he saw that the captain would have detained him had he not believed in his sincerity about enlisting.

Mark went straight to the hotel and paid his bill. He feared the recruiting officer might send for him or have him followed, so without waiting to eat his supper he made a package of his purchases. Jakey took his gun and slung his powder and shot flask over his shoulder. Then the two left the hotel to begin an attempt to leave Chattanooga. Their stay had been only from sunrise to sunset, but Mark had gained all the information he was likely to acquire and was anxious to get away with it. True he did not know where the enemy would strike, but this he would not be likely to learn.

CHAPTER VIII.

PASSING A PICKET.

He turned to look at the sentinel.

Going down to the ferryboat they found a boat which had all it could do to carry the soldiers and citizens who were crossing. Mark thought he would try what assurance would do in getting across without a pass. He found the guard more watchful than he expected.

"Can't y' pass me 'n my little brother, lieutenant?" he asked. "We be'n doen some tradin in Chattanoogy and want ter git home. We be'n buyen some caliker for the women folks."

"Old Bragg himself couldn't go over without a pass," responded the officer.

"Whar mought I git one?" asked Mark.

"At headquarters, I reckon."

Mark turned away. He considered the expediency of going to headquarters and asking for a pass, but regarded this course fraught with too much risk. He determined to make an attempt to get out of town and across the river by the route over which he had entered. He knew the ground by this route, and that was a great advantage. If he could steal his way beyond the picket he could doubtless find a method of crossing. Perhaps he might make his way down the river and across at Shell mound, or still lower, to the mouth of Battle creek, held by the Union forces.

Mark skirted the town on the west and then took a course directly south till he came to the railroad. This he followed to a point near where he had bivouacked the night before. Crawling to a rise in the ground and motioning Jakey to keep back, he laid down on his stomach to make a survey.

It was nearly dark. Silhouettes of figures were passing between him and a campfire beside the railroad track. Beyond, the palisades of Lookout mountain stood out boldly against a streak of twilight in the west. Between the track and the river was an open space, over which he must pass to get by the picket. The river bank would afford some protection. Near where he was it was steep, and the current set directly against it, but lower down by the picket there appeared to be places where a man could walk under the low bluff.

The moon was about three-quarters full, and the night was clear except for clouds that would float lazily over Lookout mountain and across the moon's face, so that at times her light was partly obscured. Mark thought of waiting till she had set, but this would not be till after daylight. He made up his mind to make the attempt at once.

Calling Jakey he gave him an account of what he intended to try for, and told him that if it should be necessary to run under fire the boy was to lie down, and, if necessary, give himself up, but on no account to risk being shot. Jakey only half promised, and Mark was obliged to be satisfied with this. Then, waiting for a little while longer for the twilight to entirely disappear and a cloud to obscure the moon, he lay on the ground gathering his forces and getting his mind into that cool state requisite for one who is about to make a very hazardous attempt.

Presently the conditions were favorable, and he got up and led the way to the river bank which he proposed to skirt. He left his bundle, but took Jakey's gun, loaded and capped, in his hand. They soon gained the point where they had landed the night before—nearly opposite where Mark had seen the silhouettes on the railroad. Treading as noiselessly as possible, they passed along the river margin under the overhanging bank till they came to a place where the bank was low. Stooping, they proceeded for a short distance till they reached the root of a tree that had been felled long before. Here they paused and listened.

Suddenly they heard what sounded like a musket brought from a shoulder down to the hollow of a hand, and a voice:

"Who comes thar?"

"Corporal of the guard, with relief."

"Advance, corporal, and give the countersign."

Then there was some muttering and footsteps tramping away.

Mark peeped between the roots of the stump toward the point from which the sounds had come. He saw, not a hundred feet away, a man sitting on a log with his musket resting against his shoulder, the butt on the ground. He was looking listlessly up at the sky. Presently he took a clay pipe out of his pocket, which he filled, and touching a match lighted it.

"He's the river picket," said Mark to himself.

The sentinel sat smoking while Mark meditated. His first thought was, Why did I bring this boy? The situation was perilous enough without an encumbrance. The guard was facing the space over which they would have to pass to escape; there might be a slight chance for life to make a dash were he alone, but with the boy it was not to be thought of, and Mark was unwilling to leave him. He looked back with a view to retracing the route over which he had come. He was horrified to see a sentinel pacing a hundred yards above. He had been placed there by the relief.

The only hope was to wait for the man nearest him to relax his watchfulness and attempt to pass him. The sentinel up the river was not to be feared except by going back, for from the nature of the ground the fugitives would be hidden from him if they should go forward.

Mark resolved to wait and watch.

The minutes seemed hours, the hours days. The soldier still sat on the log, though now and then he would get up and, leaving his musket leaning on it, saunter back and forth on his beat. He well knew there was no enemy to fear; his duty was little more than a form.

He began to hum a few strains of "The Suwanee River."

"Poor devil," said Mark to himself, "he too is thinking of home. What a cursed thing war is! If ever I get out of this I'll do no more such duty. Give me an enemy face to face, bullets before me and no gibbet behind me."

But he had said this many a time before.

"My good man," talking to the soldier, but without making any sound, "if you will go far enough from that musket you'll never get back to your Suwanee river."

"Nonsense, Mark," the sentinel seemed to say to him, "a shot would arouse the whole picket post. Besides, if that's your game why don't you riddle me with Jakey's shotgun?"

Then the stillness was broken by the sound of oars out on the river. How Mark longed for the boat to come and take him from his terrible position! But whoever was working those oars pulled on, unmindful of the man who so keenly envied the oarsman's freedom, and the sound became fainter and fainter till Mark could hear them no more. He sighed as if he had lost a dear friend.

"Jakey's comfortable anyway," he said, looking down at the boy. He had dropped asleep, and Mark for the first time in his life envied a human being the protection of weakness. There was innocent childhood, unconscious of danger, sleeping sweetly, the boyish face lighted by the moon.

At last Mark heard the relief coming. The sentinel took his gun and began to pace his beat. The usual form was proceeded with, and the relief marched to the sentinel up the river. Mark observed the man that had been left on post.

"I hope this fellow will be more inclined to rest," he mused.

But he was disappointed to see the man begin to pace his beat energetically. He seemed to fear that if he did not keep moving he would get drowsy. A half hour passed with scarcely a rest, then another half hour. It was tramp, tramp in one direction, turn and tramp, tramp back again.

The clouds which continued to pass over the moon became heavier. If the sentinel would only relax his vigilance these periods of comparative darkness would be favorable to flight. But if the soldier was to keep a proper watch the clouds might die away. Then there was the morning to come. Mark began to lose that coolness which thus far had characterized him. It was the waiting that was wearing him out.

In perhaps an hour after the sentinel came on picket he yawned. This was the first sign of hope for Mark. After awhile he sat down on the log and yawned several times at intervals. He got up and paced for awhile, but at last sat down again. This time he sat longer and his chin sank on his breast. He roused himself and sank away again. He would not go to sleep comfortably in accordance with Mark's muttered prayer, but took short naps. Mark considered the feasibility of an attempt to escape between these naps. Without Jakey he would do it; with Jakey it was too hazardous.

At last the soldier slid down on to the ground, stretched out his legs and rested his back against the log.

Mark's heart went up into his throat with a sudden joy.

As near as he could guess there remained a quarter of an hour till the next relief would come. He looked at the moon, which was now shining with provoking brightness; he looked at the man and tried to make sure that he was asleep. It was impossible to tell with any certainty.

"I'll risk it," he said.

He took Jakey up in his arms very carefully, hoping not to waken him, fixing the boy's limp body in the hollow of his left arm. In the right hand he took the squirrel gun, cocked and capped, using the arm at the same time to hold the child. When all was ready he rose slowly and fixed his eyes on the soldier.

The man did not stir.

Mark moved slowly forward, his eyes riveted on the sentinel. A few steps convinced him that the man really slept. Mark turned his back on him and walked a dozen steps noiselessly, picking a place to plant his foot at each step.

Halt!

Was it the soldier's voice? Should he turn and shoot him?

No, only an explosion of a burning brand in the campfire at the picket guard on the railroad track.

His heart, which had stood still, began thumping like a drumstick.

He turned to look at the sentinel. The man sat there gazing straight at him, at least so he appeared to Mark. The figure was as plain as day in the moonlight, though too far for Mark to see the eyes.

He cast a quick glance down into Jakey's face. He too was sleeping peacefully. While these two were in slumberland Mark felt himself suspended between heaven and hell. And how still it was! Even the hum of insects would have been a relief.

All this occupied but a moment. Mark turned his back again and moved cautiously forward.

His imagination had never served him such tricks. Surely he heard the soldier move. He was getting up on his feet. His musket was leveled at him. A sharp sting under the shoulder blade, and a warm stream flowing down his side. Certainly he had been shot.

Nonsense! Away with such freaks of fancy! Suddenly he trod on a rotten branch. It cracked with a sound which seemed to him like the report of a pistol.

Again he paused and turned. He saw the sentinel motionless. He had slipped farther down, and his hat had fallen farther over his forehead.

Thank God!

He moved backward, his eyes fixed on his sleeping enemy, occasionally turning to see where he stepped. He was getting near to cover. In this way he passed to within a few steps of concealment. How he coveted the overhanging bank near to him, yet far enough to be useless should the sentinel awake too soon!

Cachow!

This sound was real. It was a sneeze from the picket.

Mark knew that it was a signal of awakening. He darted behind the bank and was out of sight.

He heard the sentinel get up, stretch himself, give a yawn, a grunt as if chilled, and begin to pace his beat.

Mark moved away cautiously, a great flood of joy and thankfulness welling up through his whole nature. After going a sufficient distance to be out of hearing, he awakened Jakey.

"Jakey! Wake up!"

The boy opened his eyes.

"We're beyond the picket."

"Whar's my gun?"

"Oh, blessed childhood," thought Mark, "that in moments of peril can be interested in such trifling things!"

"I have your gun here in my hand. It's safe. Stand on your legs, my boy. We're going on."

Jakey stood on the ground and rubbed his eyes with his fists. Once awake he was awake all over.

They moved on down the river toward the base of Lookout mountain, soon leaving the river margin and striking inland behind some rising ground. Finding a convenient nook in a clump of bushes wherein to leave Jakey, Mark told him to lie down and stay there while he reconnoitered to find a way to get down the river and to cross it.

Mark hunted nearly all night. He could find no practicable route. He did not know how to proceed around Lookout mountain, and could find no means of crossing the Tennessee near where he was. At last, looking down from a knoll, he could see the margin of the river at a place where the bank concealed the shore between the base of the bank and the verge of the water. But what he saw especially, and which gladdened his heart, was a boat moored to the shore and in it a pair of oars.

Going back to the place where he had left Jakey he wakened him, and together they returned to the knoll. The boat was still where he had seen it. Leading the way Mark descended to the bank. So intent was he upon seizing the boat that he did not think to approach cautiously. He forgot that where there was a boat with oars in it the oarsman would likely not be far away.

He jumped down to the slanting ground below and landed in the midst of a party of Confederate soldiers.

CHAPTER IX.

A DESPERATE SITUATION.

"My hanchikuf," he whined.

Never was there a more surprised look on any man's face than on Mark's at the moment he discovered the men into whose midst he had fallen. He knew the range of the Confederate picket line, and was unable to understand how this party could be a part of it. The men looked equally surprised at his appearance. Indeed they seemed more disconcerted at his sudden coming than he was at their being there. When he made his leap among them they were about to get into the boat, and one of them held the painter in his hand. Mark in a twinkling made up his mind that they were not pleased at his appearance. He determined to play a bold game. He had no defined plan when he began to speak to them—it came to him as he proceeded.

"What are you men doing here?" he asked in a tone that none but a soldier knows how to assume.

No one answered.

"What regiment do you belong to?"

No answer.

"Is there a noncommissioned officer among you?"

There was so much of authority in Mark's tone that it compelled an answer, and a respectful one.

"No, sir."

"You men are away from your commands without permission. I can see that plainly."

The men looked guilty, but said nothing.

"You evidently don't know me. I am an officer of General Bragg's staff on an important mission of secret service."

He waited a moment to discover the effect of his words and then proceeded.

"It is a matter of the greatest moment that I get across the river at once. I want you men to pull me over and then report immediately to your colonel. Give me your names."

Without appearing to doubt for a moment that he would be obeyed, he called on the men successively, and each man responded with his name. There were two men, and as each answered he saluted respectfully.

"Now what regiment do you belong to?"

"The ——th Tennessee."

"The old story," said Mark severely. "You men are doubtless from east Tennessee. You are deserters, trying to get back to where you came from."

Mark had hit the nail on the head. The men looked terror stricken. He knew, when he ordered them to pull across the river, that they would obey him gladly. And if he should leave them to report to their colonel, they would attempt to make their way north instead.

"Get into the boat, every one of you."

Every man got into the boat, and one of them took the oars.

"Now if you will get me over quickly I'll see what I can do for you with your commanding officer when I return."

Jakey was standing on the bank with his eyes wide open at this scene. Mark had been a hero with him; now he was a little less than a god.

"Do you want to get across the river, my little man?" asked Mark, as if he had never seen the boy before.

"Does I want ter? Course I does."

"Jump in then, quick. I've no time to lose."

Jakey came down and got in with the rest.

"Give way," cried Mark, and the boat shot out from the shore.

Not a dozen strokes had been taken before Mark, who was delighted at the success of his assurance, saw a sight that made his heart sink within him. A boat shot around Moccasin point from the eastward.

God in heaven! It was full of armed men.

As soon as they saw the skiff with Mark and the deserters in it—for such they were—they pulled straight for them. In five minutes they were alongside.

"I reckon you're the men we're looking for," said an officer seated in the stern.

"Who are you looking for?" asked Mark, with as much coolness as he could assume.

"Deserters from the ——th Tennessee."

Mark knew it was all up with him. His assumption of being on General Bragg's staff, which had been so successful a ruse, suddenly appeared to him a halter about his neck.

"Hand over your guns," and the officer.

The guns were handed into the boat, all except Jakey's shotgun.

"That other one too."

"That's only a shotgun, captain," said Mark.

"Well, never mind the popgun."

Every moment the deserters looked for Mark to declare his exalted position on General Bragg's staff, but no such declaration came. It seemed possible to them that perhaps he would not wish to disclose his identity to so many. At any rate they said nothing. Had it not been for his assumption Mark would have applied to the captain to let a poor countryman and his little brother pass. Had he done so it is quite possible that the men he had deceived, surmising that he was a refugee like themselves, would not have betrayed him, but Mark knew that besides this danger the officers, having found him in such company, would not let him go.

Mark's heart was heavy as the boat in which he sat was pulled slowly against the current to Chattanooga. He realized that there was now no opportunity for his wits, on which he usually relied, to work. He was in the hands of the enemy; he would not be released without a thorough questioning, and he could say nothing that would not tell against him.

On landing all were taken to the provost marshal's office. The soldiers acknowledged that they were members of the ——th Tennessee regiment, but stoutly denied that they were deserters. They were Union men, some of the northerners who had been impressed into the Confederate service, or had enlisted for the purpose of flying to the stars and stripes as soon as they could get near enough to warrant an attempt. They were sent to their regiment under guard. As they were leaving one of them said to Mark:

"I hope you'll keep your promise."

Mark did not reply. He had cherished a hope that they would be taken away before anything would come out as to his assumption of authority.

"What promise?" asked the provost marshal quickly.

"He's an officer on General Bragg's staff. You ought to know him, colonel."

"The devil!" exclaimed the colonel.

"Oh, I saw the men were doing something they were ashamed of, and I bluffed 'em to row me across," said Mark with assumed carelessness.

"Who are you?"

"I belong in east Tennessee."

"You don't belong to any such place. You're not southern born at all. You're a Yankee. I thought you were only trying to get north with those men; now I believe you are a spy."

"I'm a southern man, sarten," said Mark, with such coolness that the officer was for a moment in doubt as to his surmise.

"Let me hear you say New York."

"New York."

"New York," repeated the colonel ironically. "If you were a southern man you'd say New Yauk. I shall have to hold you for further information."

"I would like to go to my home in Tennessee. I came here to buy a gun for my brother. But if you won't let me I'll have to stay with you, I suppose. Only I hope you won't separate us. Jakey's very young, and I don't want to turn him adrift alone in a strange town."

"I shall have to hold you till I can report the case to headquarters," said the officer, and Mark and Jakey were led away to a room in the house occupied by the provost marshal for prisoners temporarily passing through his hands.

The reply that came to the announcement of the capture of the citizen and the boy was to hold them under vigilant guard. It was reported that Mark had been personating an officer of the staff, and this looked very suspicious, indeed quite enough so to warrant their trying him for a spy by drumhead court martial and executing him the next morning.

Mark was searched and everything of value taken from him. They went through Jakey's pockets and felt of the lining of his coat, but as he was a child the search was not very thorough, or they would have found the bills in his boot. They took his gun, but by this time Jakey realized that there was something more momentous than a squirrel gun at stake, and parted with it without showing any great reluctance. He realized that Mark, for whom he had by this time conceived a regard little short of idolatry, was in danger, and the boy for the first time began to feel that his friend could not accomplish everything.

Jakey stood looking on stolidly as Mark was searched till he saw a soldier take Souri's red silk handkerchief. He had produced the impression on the searchers he had at first produced upon Mark—that he was stupid beyond his years. As the man grasped the handkerchief and was about to put it in his pocket Jakey set up a howl.

"What's the matter, sonny?" asked one of the soldiers.

"My handkerchief," he whined.

"Is it yours?"

"Yes."

"Give the boy his wipe," said the [illegible] to the would be appropriator. "Don't rob a child."

So Jakey preserved his handkerchief.

Then they were marched away together to a small building used for a negro jail. It was two stories high, though the lower story had no windows. The upper part was reached by a long flight of steps outside the building. The lower part was a dungeon, and though [illegible] negroes there had been a number of east Tennesseans imprisoned there. The place was kept by an old man and his wife named Triggs. Mark was put into a room in the upper story. A guard was stationed at the door, and the only window was barred. Had Mark been arrested with definite proof that he was a spy, he would doubtless have been put in the dungeon.

As it was, he was only guarded with ordinary caution. This, however, seemed quite sufficient to prevent his escape. Jakey was put into a room by himself, but he was not required to stay there. He was allowed to go and come at will, except that the guard at the gate was ordered not to let him leave the yard. He asked the jailer's wife to permit him to go in to Mark so often the first morning of his arrival that at last the guard at the door was instructed to pass him in and out at will.

"Well, Jakey," said Mark, when they were together in their new quarters, "this looks pretty blue."

"Reckon it does."

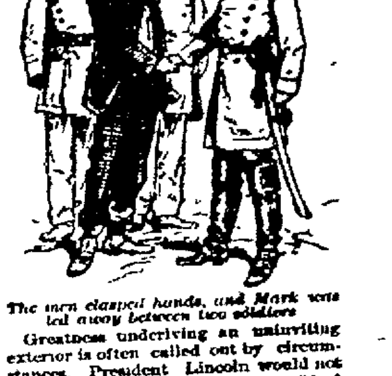
"You'd better not stay here. Go out in the yard and I'll try to think up some plan. But I must confess I don't see any way out," and Mark rested his elbows on his knees, and putting his face in his hands thought upon his perilous situation.

"Jest you don't worrit," said Jakey. "Sumep'n'll turn up sho."

"Well, go out into the sunlight. Don't stay here. If they sentence me to hang I'll try to get them to send you home."

CHAPTER X.

THE RED SILK HANDKERCHIEF.



The men clasped hands, and Mark was led away between two soldiers.

Greatness underlying an uninviting exterior is often called out by circumstances. President Lincoln would not have been the "great emancipator" had he not been born in the nick of time. General Grant would not have become prominent as a soldier had the civil war occurred before or after he was of fit age to lead the Union armies, and Jakey Slack—well, Jakey would not have developed his ability as a strategist had it not been for his friend, Mark Malone, and the negro jail at Chattanooga.

Jakey was as incompetent to sit down and think out a plan for his friend's escape as he was to demonstrate a proposition of Euclid. He could neither add columns of two figures nor spell words of one syllable. Indeed he could neither read, write nor cipher, the want of an ability to read or write being a great disadvantage to him in his present responsible position. But the desire to help his friend out of a bad fix having got into his brain, from the nature of the case it simmered there, and then boiled a little, and simmered and boiled again. Like most people of genius, Jakey was unconscious of his own powers, but there was one person in whom, next to Mark, he had great confidence; that was his sister Souri. Then came the thought that if Souri were only there "she mought do a heap." This led Jakey up to the problem how to get her there. The problem was too difficult for his young brain to solve, so he got no further until circumstances came to his aid, or may he not have had the germs of reason within him to go further without being definitely conscious of them?

When he left Mark he went out into the jailyard and began to stroll about with his hands in his pockets. To a casual observer he was simply a boy with no playmates, who did not know what to do with himself. If any one had been near him he would have seen his little eyes continually watching for some means of communication with the outside world. Occasionally he would wander near the fence, first casting a sly glance at the jail. There were cracks between the boards, and Jakey was looking out for a good wide crack to spy through. At last he found a place to suit him and hovered about it listening for a footstep, and occasionally getting a quick glance through the opening by putting his eye to it. But Jakey knew well that if caught at this he would be called into the jail and forced to stay there, so he preferred to rely on his sense of hearing rather than on his sense of sight.

The jail was in an unfrequented place, and he was not soon rewarded. A man went by, but he was too far; then another man, but Jakey studied his face and let him go without stopping him. At last an old negro woman passed with a basket on her arm, smoking a short clay pipe.

"Auntie!" called the boy.

"Lo'd a massy! Is de angel ob de Lo'd speaken to his sarvent from de clouds?" said the old woman, starting and dropping her basket.

"Auntie, hyar at the crack!"

"Who is yo' callen? Yo' mus' be a chile from yo' voice."

"Put yer eye close up to de fence and y' can see me at the crack."

The woman drew near and put her eye to the crack. Jakey stood off a little way and she could see him plainly. Meanwhile he pretended to have lost something on the ground.

"Why bress my po' ole heart, honey, ef y' ain't nothen but a leetle boy in de jailyard. 'Taught t' be nuff to keep dem po' misable po' white east Tennesseans dar what dey had in de cellar widout keepen a chile."

"My brother's a prisoner, 'n so air I," said Jakey in a melancholy voice.

"Climb ober de fence, honey, and run away."

"The fence air too high, 'n I ain't a goen fur to leave my brother anyway. See hyar, aunty, air you niggers Union or secesh?"

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

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Smethport, Pa., April 21, 1893.

PERSONAL.

No person who is acquainted with Jos. E. Shoemaker will for one moment question his intimate knowledge of the business of the Commissioner's and Treasurer's offices of this county. Neither will any man question his integrity or business ability. Mr. Shoemaker preceded me as Treasurer of McKean county. My term commenced on the 6th day of January, 1890, and on that day Mr. Shoemaker turned over to me $10,000 of the Treasury funds. On the 25th of that month he paid me $10,000 and on Feb'y 25th $20,360. This left a balance in his hands of $31,201.30. On the 31st day of March Mr. Shoemaker came into the Treasurer's office and said that he would pay in the balance, as he heard of no steps being taken on the part of any one to appeal from the Auditor's Rep. He paid me $19,525.50 in cash and $2,304.70 in orders which he had paid. During the three months that Mr. Shoemaker was paying these balances over I paid every order that came to me from the Commissioner's office, whether county, poor, road or school, and no one was informed as to how much money was in my hands. I believe Mr. Shoemaker was entirely justified in holding back a portion of the funds until he was satisfied that no appeal would be taken and I know that he was not obliged to pay a dollar over to his successor until the Auditor's Report was filed. As a matter of convenience the outgoing Treasurer always pays over to his successor at the outset of his term, sufficient money to meet current expenses.

My term of office expired on the 3d day of last January. That day I paid my successor in office $35,000.00. On the 9th of that month I paid him $10,000.00. On the 14th of Feb'y I paid him $10,000 and on the 4th of March $5,000, making a total of $60,000.00 paid up to that date. It left a balance of $14,318.72 in my hands. That amount I retained until the sixty days had expired which authorizes appeals from the Auditor's Report to be taken, after which I paid it to my successor. I might regret having paid this balance over did I believe that the appeal filed in court this week would ever be brought to an issue. That is not its purpose. Its object is to destroy the Republican party of McKean county and particularly to defeat that party's ticket this fall.

L. [illegible]

CLEAN your streets or die.—*Louisville Courier-Journal.*

THE pension-roll is large because the Rebellion was great.—Kansas City *Gazette.*

THE venerable Geo. V. Lawrence, who represents Washington county in the Legislature, is up to his old tricks.

ENGLAND has sent a commission to analize Chicago water. Germany should investigate our beer.—Chicago *Dispatch.*

THE first fruit of free trade will be higher sugar and perhaps as in England higher tea and coffee for the masses.—Philadelphia *Press.*

IF the new Pension Commissioner is not careful he will be complimented out of his standing in his party by the Republican papers.—St. Louis *Globe Democrat.*

IT is singular that of all the prominent Pennsylvania Democrats who figure as having influence with the Cleveland administration, the name of Hon. Wm. A. Wallace is never referred to, yet he is by far the ablest Democrat of Pennsylvania.

A BILL has passed the Senate of this State providing for a decrease in the pay of County Auditors. Their pay should be increased rather than decreased. It is a position of great responsibility and should command the services of the ablest accountants.

MR. CLEVELAND received Gov. McKinley with great courtesy when he called upon him on Tuesday. This was wise, as it establishes a feeling of friendliness that will make it easier for Mr. Cleveland to extend the usual courtesies to his successor four years hence.—Cleveland *Leader.*

The Kane *Republican* says that "the people of this end of the county irrespective of party, would be pleased to see Auditor J. O. Liddell represented on the next Board of Commissioners. He would make a competent and careful official." Mr. Liddell's nomination would be very acceptable to other ends of the county as well as the Kane end.

COL. WILLIAM R. MORRISON of the Inter State Commerce Commission, and author of the famous Morrison horizontal tariff, said in an interview at New Orleans recently: "Any opinion as to the progress that will be made by the present Congress toward the reform is not without an element of uncertainty. The McKinley bill will embarrass the Democrats in any revision they may attempt. A horizontal cut of the bill is improbable and would be unwise."

DR. DAVID A. GREER, of Trinity church, New York, declines to be a candidate for Bishop of Massachusetts. In a letter to Rev. Dr. Shinn, of Boston, on Friday of last week, he says: "It seems to me that after having been practically nominated by the conference at Trinity Chapel I should feel in honor bound not to accept. I cannot tell you all the reasons which have influenced me reaching this decision, but I think I can sum them all up in this, that so far as I know myself I am better fitted for the work which I am doing here than for those duties which would devolve upon me as Bishop of Massachusetts. It has been an exceedingly difficult task to decide and I have reached the above conclusion, and having reached it, I cannot see that it would be honorable to let my name go before the convention."

Democrats of the county. He never fails to let his hearers know what his political sentiments are, many times in an exceedingly offensive manner. A very considerable majority of the school directors of the county are Republicans. Never before has politics entered into the election of a superintendent, but the Democratic papers have forced this question to the front this year. The Port Allegany *Reporter* wants Cooper elected because he is a Democrat. If the Republican directors want a blatant Democrat travelling over the county, and disseminating his political sentiments on every occasion possible, for the next three years, then they can take the responsibility of electing Cooper. He is just the man who will fill that bill and the Democrats are anxious for his election on that account.

Messrs. Eckels, of this place, and Passmore, of Mt. Jewett, are also candidates for the position. The former has been superintendent for several years past and we doubt whether fifty per cent. of the directors of the county know what his politics are. We believe he usually votes the Republican ticket, but in the performance of his official duties he has sense enough to keep his political sentiments to himself. That he has made a most efficient superintendent no one will for a moment question, and that he is worthy of re-election is universally conceded.

Mr. Passmore is a gentleman with whom we have no acquaintance, but he is highly recommended for the position and the question of his politics has never been raised. He is an intelligent gentleman and is therefore very likely to be a Republican in politics.

Under no circumstances should a politician be elected County Superintendent.

MR. CLEVELAND ON THE TARIFF

The Philadelphia *Ledger* is Mr. Cleveland's new organ, and readers of its elucidation of the president's inaugural address confess themselves not a little mystified. For example, such democrats as Mills, Morrison, and others who made the tariff a life study, and were instrumental in framing the Chicago platform, will hear with intense interest from the *Ledger* that while "protection for protection's sake" was condemned by the people when they elected Cleveland, "there can be no question but it will be fairly content that the policy of protection was not condemned." There is not the slightest doubt that this was written with Mr. Cleveland's sanction and desire, or that it was written as the true interpretation of the president's meaning. It is designed to enlighten the public as to his intention as to future legislation of the tariff.

It is the Gresham, not the Carlisle doctrine. The latter is for duties for revenue only and not for protection. "With the definition that condemning protection for protection's sake, does not mean the condemnation of protection pure and simple," and a New England democrat, famous for hewing as near as possible to the free trade line, everything is given away, and on that line the McKinley bill is in no serious danger beyond what its own framer would be willing to reform in the interest of protection.—*Washington Cor. N. Y. Sun.*

THE bill introduced in the Senate, recently, by Senator Bannon, amending the act of 25th April, 1889, which requires the County Commissioners of the several counties of this commonwealth to furnish supplies for certain county offices, is considered unnecessary by the leading lawyers of that body. They say that under the very act proposed to be amended, counties are having court calendars and trial lists printed for the use of officers and attorneys of courts in many sections of the State. The act of '89 says, "that from and after the passage of this act the County Commissioners of the several counties of this commonwealth shall at the proper cost of the respective counties furnish the office furniture, books and stationery, required for each of the county officers hereinafter named whose offices are located in the county buildings at the county seat, namely, prothonotary, clerks of the several courts, register of wills, recorder of deeds, commissioners and treasurer, also all needed fuel and light." Mr. Bannon's amendment inserts after the word "treasurer" the words "also printed court calendars and trial lists of the respective Courts of Common Pleas for the use of the officers and attorneys of the said courts." What does "books and stationery" mean? If the clerk of the courts cannot have a calendar or trial list printed under those heads then there is very little printing that he can have done, legally. It is an exceedingly narrow construction of that act of assembly which would throw out a calendar, for it is one of the most useful publications connected with the office of clerk of the courts. But the County Commissioners will not pay for the printing of calendars or trial lists and Mr. Bannon is asked to pass this bill, which is altogether superfluous legislation.

SENATOR BANNON has introduced a bill which will probably pass the Senate this week, amending the act of 11th April, 1856, which allows only 25 cents per day for boarding prisoners, as follows: "The sheriffs of the several counties of this Commonwealth to whom are committed the custody of prisoners, shall hereafter receive such allowance for boarding said prisoners, as may be fixed by the boards of county commissioners with the approval of the courts of quarter sessions of the respective counties, not exceeding the sum of fifty cents per day for each prisoner, to be paid by the respective counties in the same manner as other county expenses now are or hereafter may be required to be paid by law, any provision in any other act of Assembly to the contrary notwithstanding." This bill ought to become a law. It is ridiculous to expect a sheriff to board prisoners for 25 cents a day, and no reputable citizen would ask him to do it.

NOTWITHSTANDING all the bluster, not a war gun against the Republican tariff has been heard yet. Nor is the enemy's silence dangerously ominous. It rather indicates preparations for a "masterly retreat," if such be possible.

mittee reported that the votes cast by the students of a Catholic University in one of the townships of that county for Mr. Baker, the Democratic sitting member, were illegal and the result of throwing such votes out of the count has given the election to Mr. Taggart. The elections committee spent several days at the College of St. Barromeo, in taking evidence in this case and the verdict of the majority of the committee is the report to the House that Mr. Taggart is entitled to the seat now occupied by Mr. Baker. There is no doubt that the House will seat Mr. Taggart.

The Andrews-Higby case is "like the ghost of Banquo, it wont down, and it is a lingering visitor in the lower chamber of the legislature. A few days ago a bill was presented to allow expenses incurred by Mr. Higby in his contest but the bill rendered is out of all proportion to the possible outlay of money in the case and even the Democratic partisans of Mr. Higby are amazed at the cost of the contest. One afternoon last week the Democrats of the House were called together in caucus to consider, very quietly, the several contests, but in reality the call was to consider in particular the exhorbitant demand of Higby for his bill of expenses. From Democrats who attended the caucus it was learned that indignation was expressed at what was termed Higby's greediness and his attempt to make money out of the contest and a determination was expressed to cut the bill in two and even then it is asserted the allowance for the legitimate expenses of the contest will be exceedingly liberal.

The fire proof State Library building will be built in the near future, at least we are justified in assuming that much, for the reason that Governor Pattison has approved the bill making an appropriation of $625,000 for this purpose and for the alterations to the Capitol Buildings. The action of the Governor in approving this bill is greatly commended and no doubt during this and the coming summer the new Library Building will have been begun and completed and the Main Building, Capitol, changed so as to be ready for the occupancy of the next legislature in 1895. Great regret is, however, expressed that the "Old Capitol" improvements will not consist of a complete remodelling of the structure from the foundation walls to the dome.

In the House last week there was a very lively skirmish between the advocates and opponents of the Agnew Local Option bill on third reading. The opponents of the measure showed the many inconsistencies of the bill and tore it all to pieces so that a big load of hay might have been driven through it and much surprise was expressed that so eminent a jurist as ex Judge Agnew should frame a bill with so many vulnerable points in it. At times the debate became very excited but in the end all was peace and the Local Option bill was laid away, a beautiful corpse, by a very decided vote. The opinion most generally expressed was that this bill practically nullified the Brooks High License bill and would make much confusion in our license laws should it be passed and approved by the Executive.

The capacity for the present House of Representatives to wax its chin and accomplish nothing in the shape of final work was demonstrated last week in the determination on the part of some Philadelphians to filibuster and obstruct all legislation so as to prevent the bill "for the abolishing of the Public Building Commission of Philadelphia" from being reached or considered. One of the officers of the House remarked on Friday last that "no legislation at all will be passed until the Building Commission bill was out of the way," and this determination seems to be carried out each day. There is apparently a fixed determination to obstruct all legislation in the House so as to prevent the Senate bill "to abolish the Public Building Commission of Philadelphia" from being reached or considered, and the obstructionists often succeed in getting the House into a first class uproar by their tactics.

Granger Niles, of Tioga county, takes every opportunity to pose as the friend of the farmer, and to this end has endeavored, several times, to have special orders made so as to consider his "Revenue Bill" which embodies the Granger idea of raising revenue for the support of the State Government and to relieve the oppressed farmers(?) from local oppression so far as taxation goes. Mr. M. E. Olmsted, a few weeks ago, in a hearing given on this bill, so clearly showed the inconsistent position of the Grangers and also showed the false reasoning of Rhone, Niles and Price, the farmer boys of the State, and of other Grangers, that public opinion, so far as the House goes, has undergone a decided change of sentiment, as to the necessity of this bill at the present time. It is a fact that the most blatant advocates of this bill on the floor of the House, when in private conversation, most decidedly express themselves as against the provisions of the measure and condemn it in the severest of terms.

Senator Bannon's bill requiring Central Boards of Education in cities of the second class to establish and maintain schools for instruction in mechanical arts has passed the Senate and is now in the House.

The Judiciary Apportionment bill, which as at first presented in the Senate made McKean county a separate district, but as it has been amended on second reading it is put in the 48th district which now consists of McKean, Potter and Cameron counties, under the new apportionment.

Preliminary steps have been taken by the Executive Committee of the World's Fair Commission to close up the office here in Harrisburg and move to Chicago on May 15th, and the following places have been provided for, attendants in the Pennsylvania Building in Chicago at the following monthly salary, each: Hostess, Mrs. Matilda Hart Sheldon, Philadelphia, $125; matroness, Mrs. Annie Holstein, Norristown, and Jennie Untell us, Harrisburg, $75; postmistress, Mrs. Mary Espy, Harrisburg, $90; chief of the bureau of information, Daniel C. Herr, Harrisburg, $110; general assistant, W. O. McKean, Erie, $60; woman attendant, Mrs. Alice Gruber, Harrisburg, $50; stenographer, Miss Martha Sober, Philadelphia, $60; Timothy Maher, Philadelphia, messenger, $70.

The additional appropriation of $60,000 does not seem to get along very fast and from little things let drop here and there it is more than probable that Governor Pattison will refuse to approve the bill when it reaches him, while a canvass of the Senate and House fails to disclose the necessary vote to pass the bill over the Governor's veto, hence a report a few days ago in an estimate from the Executive Commissioner, Mr. Farquhar, which says that a surplus of $0,000 will remain after all the expenses for Pennsylvania's exhibits have been provided for. Now the query is pertinent, what does Mr. Commissioner want with $60,000 more? The general opinion is that a screw is loose somewhere. Where is it?

ALCROFT.

President Harrison promptly and instantly disavowed the protectorate declared in January. Minister Stevens was notified that he had authority to land troops to keep order. He had none to assume a protectorate. He was informed that his action was disavowed. He was instructed to inform the Hawaiian Government of the fact. This was undoubtedly done.

The flag remained, not by Minister Stevens' act but by the act of the Hawaiian Government. Mr. Blount, who is not even a Minister, who holds no office established by law, who is simply the personal representative of President Cleveland, has hauled the flag down. It is reported that he has accompanied the act by the declaration that no other nation will be allowed to interfere in the affairs of the islands.

But the United States cannot prevent the interference of other nations if it withdraws its own guidance and protection. There is no middle ground. The United States is responsible for peace, good order and a sound government on the islands if it is not responsible. If it is not responsible Mr. Blount has no business in Honolulu. He and the Boston ought to come home. If it is responsible, hauling down the flag means nothing. It only increases, and vastly increases, the difficulty of discharging our responsible duties towards the security and good government of the islands.

The United States can take the islands or leave them. It cannot do both. Indecision and the responsibilities of empire go ill together. If the United States continues the policy of the past half century, under Democratic and Republican administrations alike, it must continue to assume responsibility for a stable government at Honolulu. If it does not, some other power—and Great Britain, Germany and Japan are each ready—will assume the responsibility from which we withdraw.

But if the United States does not reverse its past policy it must discharge its national responsibility. No act like hauling down the flag can change this. Practically at Honolulu there is but one choice. The islands must be governed by whites or by natives. One or the other. There is no other choice. The whites will not be ruled by the natives. Ten years of successive revolutions shows they cannot rule with them. Foreign aid is indispensable. If we do not give it some other power will.

Meanwhile President Cleveland has adopted a policy which, as far as it is developed, looks to another fortified Bermuda over against our Pacific Coast as Bermuda is over against our Atlantic Coast: in war a deadly risk, in peace increasing our yearly expenditure for national defense.—*Press.*

PLAIN FACTS FROM A TIN PLATE FACTORY.

The N. & G. Taylor Company of Philadelphia write to us: "Our tin plate works in Philadelphia were erected during last year. In them we are now turning out American tin plate at the rate of a complete finished box per minute, and of better quality and finish than we have received from Great Britian for many years.

"To those newspaper publishers who have endeavored to prevent the establishment of this great industry in this country we can only say that their action must be based upon entire ignorance of the trade, or a desire to gain political notoriety, for we do not believe the man exists who, with a clear knowledge of the industry, will honestly contend it is one that could not, or should not, be carried on in America with the same success as thousands of others.

"There is nothing mysterious about the manufacture of tin plate. It is simply sheet iron or soft sheet steel, properly prepared and coated with pure tin for utensils, or mixture of tin and lead for roofing purposes. Its value is regulated by the quality and quantity of the metal coating used, and the manner in which the finished plate is made.

"The value of American tin plate therefore, consists in the value of American sheet iron or steel, the cost of the coating and the labor of combining the same. If America should purchase her tin plate in Great Britain she would close her industries and get all the sheet iron and steel used in tin plates from the same source. The superiority of the American product has been quickly and fully appreciated by the tin-plate workers, who now give it the preference, and thereby have created a demand which has caused the output of American tin plate to increase to such an extent that the sworn returns of the manufacturers for the three months ending December 31 1892, show an increase of two hundred and twenty-eight per cent. over the first three months after the industry started, and an increase of eighty per cent. over the three months ending September 30, 1892, and each succeeding quarter is likely to exhibit great progress in this important industry."—*American Economist.*

SUGAR DUTIES.

The St. Paul *Globe*, a free trade and Democratic newspaper which is published a thousand miles distant from the nearest sugar refinery, declares that the Sugar trust is making a profit of $16,000,000 a year on its capital stock of $75,000,000, or 21 per cent, and ascribes this extraordinary profit to the McKinley law.

The McKinley law on refined sugar is half a cent a pound. There is no duty on raw sugar.

The old duty on sugar before it was changed by the McKinley act was from 1 1-2 to 2 3-4 cents a pound, according to quality.

The proposed duties in the Democratic Mills bill of 1888 ranged from 1 3-4 to 2 1-5 cents a pound.

The McKinley tariff duty on sugar, therefore, is about one ninth of the average duty under the old law and less than one-third of the average duty specified in the Mills bill. It is the lowest duty, actual or proposed so far as recent tariff laws and tariff bills are concerned.

As for the Cleveland administration and tariff reform, the probability is that the old tariff duties both on raw and refined sugars, will be restored for revenue purposes, the restoration of the duties on refined sugar being a necessary supplement to the re-enactment of the duties on raw sugar in order that American refiners may not be placed at a positive disadvantage in competing with their foreign rivals.—*Albany Journal.*

Elder S. S. Beaver, of McAlisterville, Juniata County, Pa. says his wife is subject to cramp in the stomach. Last summer she tried Chamberlain's colic, cholera and diarrhoea remedy and was much pleased with the speedy relief it afforded. She has since used it whenever necessary and found that it never fails. For sale by A. B. Armstrong.

When you are troubled with dizziness, your appetitite all gone and you feel bad generally, take a few doses of Dr. Henry Baxter's Mandrake Bitters, and you will be surprised at the improvement in your condition. Every bottle guaranteed to give satisfaction. For sale by H. C. Wells.

The breaking up of the winter is the signal for the breaking up of the system. Nature is opening up the pores and throwing off refuse. DeWitt's Sarsaparilla is of unquestionable assistance in this operation. For sale by A. B. Armstrong.

[illegible] out the site, a[illegible]ation and the character of access to them.

This fact we think is now thoroughly understood, not only by artists but by a large part of the public. It cannot fail to be recognized by every intelligent person who visits Chicago this summer; and it will undoubtedly do more than anything else has ever done, or than any achievement of another kind possibly could do, to make Americans understand that the art which, for want of a more broadly inclusive term, we call the art of gardening (or landscape gardening, although this word is quite an inadequate) deserves to rank with architecture, painting, and sculpture as a genuine fine art—as an art of design in a very noble sense. The Fair will do this; it will show how important the assistance of the artist in gardening may be to the architect, and also that his help should be secured before the architect goes to work, and not, as is our common practice when we employ him at all, to "touch up" architectural results after they are finished.—*Century for April (Editorial.)*

Among the notable articles announced to appear in "Harper's Magazine" for May is an essay on James Russell Lowell, by Charles Eliot Norton, dealing with the life of Mr Lowell in its private relations rather than in its public aspects. "There was nothing in him which he needed to conceal," says Mr. Norton, "and he maintained no reserve beyond the becoming reticences of a high, delicate and sensitive nature. His books reveal him as he was, and a reader competent to interpret them would gather from them a just conception of the man. And yet the conception might not, after all, be complete. Nor in Lowell's case, more I think, than in that of most writers of candor and frankness, what he wrote fails to convey an adequate impression of his genius—that is, of what in scholastic phrase may be called his potential genius."

UNDER a law recently passed by its Legislature North Dakota will experiment with officials known as Commissioners of Conciliation. These are to be elected the same as justices of the peace. Two of them will sit with every justice and hear all cases before they can be taken into a court of law. No attorney will be allowed in the hearing. When the latter is over it will be the duty of the Commissioners to ajust, if possible, the differences between plaintiff and defendant without further litigation.—Utica *Herald.*

ONE of the most satisfactory and characteristic announcements of the purpose of the Cleveland Administration which has come from Washington is the statement that the consul at Hamburg will not be appointed until the President has found the man best qualified to discover and prevent the the emigration from that port to the United States of persons infected with cholera.—Albany *Argus.*

Electric Bitters.

This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same song of praise.—A purer medicine does not exist and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, will remove Pimples, Boils, Salt Rheum, and other affections caused by impure blood. Will drive malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure all malarial fevers. For cure of headache, constipation and Indigestion try Electric Bitters.—Entire satisfaction guaranteed, or money refunded.—Price 50 cts. and $1.00 per bottle at F. R. Foster's Drug Store.

$25,000 in Premiums.

Offered by Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co., of St. Louis, Mo. The one guessing nearest the number of people who will attend the World's Fair gets $5,000.00, the second $1,000.00, etc. The Star tobacco tags entitle you to a guess. Ask your dealer for particulars or send for circular.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever, corns and skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Frank R. Foster, Druggist.

Riley & Co., Olean, N. Y., are headquarters for plows, harrows, land rollers, commercial fertilizers and grass seeds. Remember they pay the freight.

Have you seen the new bonnet? No I have had such a bad headache of late, and been so bilious that I could not go out—remedy—Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

Great excitement prevails in East Smethport at the prices goods are sold for at the Racket Store. Watch for prices next week.

Dissolution Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE copartnership heretofore existing between G. W. Williams and J. M. Williams, under the firm name of Williams & Son, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, G. W. Williams retiring from said firm. All accounts due said firm are to be paid to J. M. Williams, who will pay all bills owed by the firm.

G. W. WILLIAMS.
J. M. WILLIAMS.

Smethport, Pa., April 17, 1893.

Notice of Dissolution.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE joint stock company lately doing business under the name of The Smethport Manufacturing Company Limited was on the 13th day of April, A. D. 1893, by a vote of a majority of all the members thereof, dissolved, and the undersigned were by said members elected liquidating trustees for the purpose of winding up the business of the said Company as provided by the Act of Assembly of June 2, 1874, under which the said Company was formed.

F. A. McKEAN,
[illegible] J. GIFFORD,
W. D. GALLUP.

Smethport, April 13, 1893.–6t

Election Notice.

To the School Directors of McKean County:

GENTLEMEN:—In pursuance of the forty-third section of the act of May 8, 1854, you are hereby notified to meet in convention at the court house in Smethport, McKean county, Pennsylvania, on the first Tuesday of May, A. D. 1893, being the second day of the month, and select, viva voce, by a majority of the whole number present, one person of literary and scientific acquirements, and of skill and experience in the art of teaching, as county superintendent for the three succeeding years, and certify the result to the state superintendent at Harrisburg, as required by the thirty-ninth and fortieth sections of said act.

W. P. ECKELS,
Superintendent of McKean Co.

Monday, April 10, 1893.

For Rent.

Farm of 160 acres situated on Cole Creek, Farmers' Valley. Liberal terms to responsible party. Term of years preferred. Rent taken in sheep or potatoes. A good chance for a live man. Address

J. STODDARD, JR.,
132 Orchard St.,
Elizabeth, N. J.

13-tf

CANNS KIDNEY CURE

Cures Bright's Disease, Dropsy, Gravel, Nervousness, Heart, Urinary or Liver Diseases. Known by a tired, languid feeling; inaction of the kidneys weakens and poisons the blood, and unless cause is removed you cannot have health. Cured me over five years ago of Bright's Disease and Dropsy.—Mrs. L. C. MILLER, Bethlehem, Pa. 1,000 other similar testimonials. Try it. Cure guaranteed.

CANN'S KIDNEY CURE CO., 720 Venango St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Sold by All Reliable Druggists.

FRAZER AXLE GREASE
BEST IN THE WORLD.
Its wearing qualities are unsurpassed, actually outlasting two boxes of any other brand. Not effected by heat. GET THE GENUINE.
FOR SALE BY DEALERS GENERALLY.

CASH AND ONE PRICE.

BUFFALO April 19.

BOY'S CLOTHING.

Did you know we were the largest dealers in Boys' and Youths' Clothing in Western New York? *Well we are!* and for this reason, We sell it at Dry Goods Profits in connection with our immense business. Here are a few illustrations.

Boys' Cassimere Two piece Suits, sizes 4 to 14 years, $2.00 per suit. Good value at $3.00

300 suits, our own manufacture, in all wool double and Twist, at $3.00 per Suit. Cannot be elsewhere less than $4.00

Boys' Indigo Blue Suits for dress wear, at $4 per suit. Usual price $6.00.

Boys' Jersey Suits in all grades and shades, sizes $2 to $5.

CLOAKS & JACKETS.

We are as you know manufacturers of all kinds of Woman's Cloaks, Jackets and Outside Wraps and consequently save all middlemans profit for our customers. When you buy of us you buy the same as our competitors do, of the manufacturer and save one profit. Therefore for you, isn't this your place to buy? Notice these:

Tan and Blue 27 inch Jackets, habit cloth, butterfly cape, faced and capelined, great value $5.50.

Blue Brown and Green 24 inch Jackets Derby collar, very stylish, 7.50.

New shades of tan and grey in latest designs Summer Cloakings, Butterfly Cape, 30 inch length silk faced, best value ever shown $9.00.

Tans, Browns and Blues in fine Kersey New Umbrella skirt, Butterfly Cape, tailor made, very stylish, $12.2

In Black Clay Diagonal Derby Cape, full pleated back, silk faced cape-lined, cheapest garment shown $10.

BARNES, HENGERER & CO.

Writ of Partition.

G. W. Campbell, E. W. Campbell and J. W. Campbell, partners doing business as G. W. Campbell & Sons,
vs.
A. Healey, A. A. Healey and Frank Healey, partners doing business as A. Healey & Sons, and also Lansing D. Wetmore, J. L. Granden, E. B. Granden, W. T. Schoele, J. H. Clapp, Pennsylvania Gas Company and Henry Hamlin holding mineral, oil and gas interest in the lands.

In the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County. No. 1[illegible]. February Term, 1893.

McKEAN COUNTY, ss:

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of McKean County, Greeting:

Whereas A. Healey, A. A. Healey and Frank Healey, partners doing business as A. Healey & Sons, were summoned to appear in the Court of Common Pleas of the said county, before the judges of the same Court at Smethport, on the fourth Monday of February, A. D. 1893, to answer G. W. Campbell, E. W. Campbell and J. W. Campbell, partners doing business as G. W. Campbell & Sons, of a plea wherefore; whereas G. W. Campbell, E. W. Campbell and J. W. Campbell, partners doing business as G. W. Campbell & Sons, and the said A. Healey, A. A. Healey and Frank Healey, partners doing business as A. Healey & Sons, together and undivided, to hold the following real estate, viz: A certain messuage and tract of land designated and described as sub-division No. 181 in Warrant No. 2571, Wetmore township, McKean county and Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; bounded on the north by sub-division No. 144 in Warrant No. 2577; east by sub-division No. 182 in Warrant No. 2571; south by sub-division No. 184 in Warrant No. 2571, and west by subdivision No. 180 in Warrant No. 2575, be the same more or less; and also all the timber on two other messuages or tracts of land designated and described as sub-division No. 183 in Warrant No. 2571, in said township of Wetmore, county of McKean and Commonwealth aforesaid, Bounded on the north by sub-division No. 182 in Warrant No. 2571; east by sub-division No. 24 in Warrant No. 3131; south by sub-division No. 222 in Warrant No. 2566, and west by subdivision No. 184 in said Warrant No. 2571, be the same more or less. And also sub-division No. 149 in Warrant No. 2566, Hamilton township, said county and Commonwealth, Bounded on the north by sub-division No. 139 in Warrant No. 2566; east by subdivision No. 145 in said Warrant No. 2566; south by sub-division No. 179 in Warrant No. 2570, in Wetmore township, and west by sub-division No. 147 in Warrant No. 2553 in said Hamilton township, be the same more or less. And it was in such manner proceeded in our said court, that partitions should be made between the parties aforesaid, of the messuages and tenements, etc., aforesaid, with the appurtenances; Therefore, we command you, that taking with you twelve honest and lawful men of your bailiwick, by whom the truth of the matter may be better known in your proper persons, you go to the tenements aforesaid, with the appurtenances, and there by their oaths and affirmations, in the presence of the parties aforesaid, by you to be warned, if upon being warned they will be present, the tenements aforesaid with the appurtenances (having respect to the true value thereof), into two equal parts, you cause to be parted and divided and one of the said two parts to G. W. Campbell, E. W. Campbell and J. W. Campbell, partners doing business as G. W. Campbell & Sons, another of the said two parts to A. Healey, A. A. Healey and Frank Healey, partners doing business as A. Healey & Sons, to hold them in severalty, you cause to be assigned and delivered, so that neither the said G. W. Campbell, E. W. Campbell and J. W. Campbell, partners doing business as G. W. Campbell & Sons, nor the said A. Healey, A. A. Healey and Frank Healey, partners doing business as A. Healey & Sons, have more of the tenements aforesaid with the appurtenances than pertaineth to them severally to have, so that the said G. W. Campbell, E. W. Campbell and J. W. Campbell, partners doing business as G. W. Campbell & Sons, their part and the said A. Healey, A. A. Healey and Frank Healey, partners doing business as A. Healey & Sons, their part, etc., of the tenements aforesaid with the appurtenances respectively happening severally may appropriate to themselves. But if this inquest, by you to be summoned as aforesaid, to make partition as aforesaid, shall be of the opinion that the lands and tenements aforesaid cannot be so parted and divided without prejudice to or spoiling the whole, then we command you that you cause the said inquest to make a just valuation and appraisement of the lands and tenements aforesaid, upon their oaths and affirmations aforesaid, due notice having been first given to the several parties concerned or interested therein to appear, if they shall think fit, at the time and place of holding such inquisition, and that the partition or valuation and appraisement, which you shall so make, you distinctly and openly have under your hand and seal, and under the hands and seals of those by whom the same shall be made before the judges of the said Court of Common Pleas in and for the county of McKean, at Smethport then to be held the first Monday in June next, that such further proceedings may be had as to law and justice shall appertain, and have you then and there this writ.

Witness the Honorable A. G. Olmsted, President Judge of our said Court at Smethport, this 17th day of March, A. D. 1893.

J. M. McELROY,
Prothonotary.

W. W. Brown, Attorney.

NOTICE.

To A. Healy, A. A. Healey and Frank Healey, doing business as A. Healy & Sons, above named defendants:

Take notice, that by virtue of the above Writ of Partition, to me directed, an inquisition will be held upon the premises therein described on Tuesday, the 23d day of May, A. D. 1893, at 1 o'clock p. m. to ascertain and inquire, among other things, whether the said premises can be parted and divided without prejudice or spoiling the whole thereof, otherwise to value and appraise the same, when and where you may attend if you see proper.

WALTER [illegible], Sheriff.

N. B. The jury will meet at Kane before proceeding to view the premises. 13-4t

Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A PETITION will be presented to the Court of Quarter Sessions, of McKean county, Pennsylvania, at Smethport, on Monday, May 8th, 1893, at 10 o'clock a. m., to transfer the hotel license of Frank N. Taylor, granted May 17th, 1892, for one year from the first Monday of June, 1892, to A. P. Pope, of Smethport borough, McKean county, Pa., formerly a superintendent, said license being for a hotel situated at Smethport, McKean county, and known as the Grand Central Hotel.

C. L. KEENAN, Attorney.

April 7-4w.

We are still retailing
FLOUR
at wholesale prices.

We have just received a carload of

GRASS SEED

including Timothy and Clover Seed; also Red Cob Ensilage Fodder Corn.

Write or call on us when you are ready to buy.

Choice white oats for seed.

FOR SALE CHEAP.
A 12 H. P. Upright Boiler and Engine in good repair.

HOTTON BROS.,
PORTVILLE, N. Y.

VALUABLE FARMS
FOR SALE!

The Charles McElwee farm of 70 acres adjoining, the County Poor Farm with good orcharding never failing springs of pure water and pleasantly located.

Also about 50 acres known as the McQuon place situated about a mile from the McElwee farm. Water and improvements as of the McElwee farm.

Also about 40 acres a mile east of East Smethport, known as the Daniel Acre place and considered within the oil belt, being less than a mile from big gas wells that supply Port Allegany manufactories and citizens with gas.

Terms to suit purchasers. Would exchange for village property. W. S. BROWNELL.

M. L. ARMSTRONG,
JEWELER.
AND DEALER IN
Watches, Clocks, Silverware,
Spectacles.
Toys,
Eye-glasses,

And all goods pretaining to a First-class Jewelry store.

Satisfaction guaranteed, and prices as low as the Lowest. Call and inspect our new stock.

GO TO
ROONEY'S MARKET
Wolesale and Retail
—FOR A—
Nice Piece of Meat
Fresh, Salt or Smoked
—FOR—
FRESH & SALT FISH
—AND FOR ALL—
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES,
I will also pay the highest price for
STOCK AND HIDES
☞ CALL AND SATISFY YOURSELF ☜
Nearly opposite Catholic church. Main st.
J. F. ROONEY.

EMIL THAMM,
Manufacturer of
CIGARS
And Dealer in
CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO
PIPES, ETC.
49 MAIN STREET,
SMETHPORT, PA.
Next Door to Callar's Drug Store. June 13-6m

HUMPHREYS'

Dr. Humphreys' Specifics are scientifically and carefully prepared Remedies, used for years in private practice and for over thirty years by the people with entire success. Every single Specific a special cure for the disease named.

They cure without drugging, purging or reducing the system and are in fact and deed the Sovereign Remedies of the World.

NO.	CURES.	PRICES.
1	Fevers, Congestions, Inflammations	.25
2	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic	.25
3	Teething; Colic, Crying, Wakefulness	.25
4	Diarrhea, of Children or Adults	.25
7	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis	.25
8	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache	.25
9	Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo	.25
10	Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Constipation	.25
11	Suppressed or Painful Periods	.25
12	Whites, Too Profuse Periods	.25
13	Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness	.25
14	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions	.25
15	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains	.25
16	Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague	.25
19	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head	.25
20	Whooping Cough	.25
27	Kidney Diseases	.25
28	Nervous Debility	1.00
30	Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed	.25

HUMPHREYS' WITCH HAZEL OIL, "The Pile Ointment."—Trial Size, 25 Cts.

Sold by Druggists, or sent postpaid on receipt of price. DR. HUMPHREYS' MANUAL (144 pages,) mailed free. HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., NEW YORK.

SPECIFICS.

10 Per Cent Power Saved

—BY BUYING YOUR—
CYCLES

of us. This accomplished with an invention of our own which is fitted to all our Bicycles without extra charge. Do not buy without looking over our fine lines at all prices, and remember a saving of 10 per cent power is quite an item and has other advantages.

M. A. WOODBURY,
41-43 Mechanic St.,
Bradford, Pa.

A car load of choice timothy and clover just received at W. D. Gallup's. tf.

A great supply house where almost everything is sold: a store that buys the most, sells the most and sells the cheapest; a stock that is up to the times, supplied with the best and the newest there is in the lines it keeps—that's L. Emery, Jr., & Co. For those advantages most people go to Bradford.

HOUSEKEEPERS GO THERE	For Housekeeping Utensils. This stock has 500 of them. It has all the little things needed, from the best kind of stove enamel to unrivaled cooking utensils. All the larger things from stoves to dinner sets.
MOTHERS GO THERE	For Baby Carriages. This stock has all styles. We can show you 125 styles and almost as many prices. Our baby cabs last, each has the novelty springs and a new patent brake.
PAINTERS GO THERE	Mostly for Rubber Paint. For 15 years we have sold this paint and we know that the world knows no better. They go for Sanitary Muraline—better than kalsomine. Painters have never wanted what we lack.
HORSE OWNERS GO THERE	For Harness. They go for everything any horse needs, from a halter to a horse shoe nail. Good harness as low as $8.50. You will marvel at our prices in this line. And remember we have everything.

The stock is a mammoth one. No housekeeper uses a third of the things that we have for her. No home is fitted with half the things that we keep for it. No painter, or carpenter, or mechanic knows of all this store is supplied with for him. No oil well, or gas well, mill or tannery lacks what we cannot supply.

L. EMERY, JR., & CO.,
43-45 Main St., Bradford.

Emery & Weaver.

1893.
EVERYTHING NEW FOR SRPING!

House-cleaning season is almost here and with it our new spring goods. We are better prepared for the occasion than ever. Should you need new

CARPETS

give us a call. We have ingrain from 25 cents per yard up. All wool, 2 ply ingrain at 57½ cents.

We also have a full line of

FURNITURE,
DRAPERIES,
WINDOW SHADES,
WALL PAPER,
OIL CLOTHS,

and in fact a full ine of honse furnishing goods.

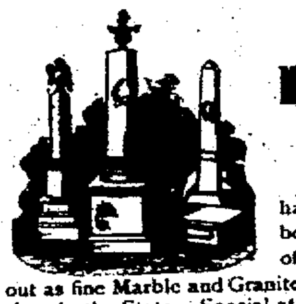
We sell for cash and by so doing can undersell houses that sell on time. We pay the freight on all out of town deals and will deliver and set up all furniture sold in town.

UNDERTAKING

in all its branches a specialty. We shall endeavor to merit your esteemed patronage, which we respectfully solidit. Tery truly yours,

FURNITURE AND CARPET COMPANY,

Smethport, Pa., March 8, 1893.



EXCELSIOR
MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS.
W. H. PRENTISS & CO., Props.

Our Office and works are now open, and having secured the services of one of the best workmen to be found in this section of the country, we are now prepared to get out as fine Marble and Granite and Cemetery work as can be had at any shop in the State. Special attention will be paid to all orders for grading and fencing of Cemetery Lots, Cleaning, Resetting or Lettering of Monuments and Headstones. All orders by mail or otherwise will receive prompt and careful attention. For prices or any other information call at office or address us. Satisfaction guaranteed. Wait for our salesman. Office and Works on Water St., Smethport, Pa.

TO HAVE HEALTH THE LIVER MUST BE KEPT IN ORDER.
DR. SANFORD'S
LIVER
INVIGORATOR
Cures thousands annually of Liver Complaints, Biliousness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Malaria. More ills result from an Unhealthy Liver than any other cause. Why suffer when you can be cured? Dr. Sanford's Liver Invigorator is a celebrated family medicine.
YOUR DRUGGIST WILL SUPPLY YOU.

Garfield Tea [illegible]
Cures Sick Headache

[illegible]al Brand, Wire Edge, Ready roofing, manufactured at Pittsburgh, Pa., at about one half the cost of shingles, and will last a life time.

2-ply Roll covers 100 square feet surface. $1.50,

3-ply Roll covers same amount of surface. $2.00.

Any amount furnished on short notice.

Apply to C. K. HARTWELL,
Smethport, Pa.

CLUBBING RATES.

will send the MINER and any magazine mentioned below ar, to any address, as fol-

MINER and New York Tribune

MINER and Philadelphia Week $1 50

MINER and Albany Weekly $1 5

MINER and Pittsburg Chronicle

MINER and Judge's Library of nthly for $1 60

MINER and Harrisburg Weekly for $1 75

MINER and New York World 50

MINER and Cosmopolitan Mag- for $3 00

MINER and American Econo- r $2 00

MINER and Demorest Family ne for $3 10

MINER and National Tribune, 0

MINER and Scribner's Magazine 0

MINER and Home Market Bul r $1 30

AL AND GENERAL

emorial Day comes on Tuesday

[illegible] Arbor Day, April 28th.

stress of the situation—The ser- Life.

st of the secret societies are called now at 8 o'clock

W. Stickney has moved his family the Moore house on lower Main

vices at St. Luke's Church on at 8 and 11 30 a. m. and at m

resolutions of the W. C. T. U. had in too lat for publication in

Commissioner Wm. Black is days keeping bicyclists off the

Robert King has consider garden and seed sown already here

fight between a porcupine and recently the latter was severe ated

has been a good maple sugar Who wants to sell us a couple maple syrup.

of our contemporaries are mak- erhuman efforts to interview poor give him a rest.

Mary Ellison a maiden lady, re- at Ceres, committed suicide by laudanum last Monday

How did George like your down loan? Maude He was with it."

The new brass gas fixtures in St. church are very handsome and a light floods the whole church

Billy Black is the first to report catch of a string of trout, but we'll that he caught them on Sunday

Edwin Booth lies at the point of th at the Players Club New York suffering from a second paralytic stroke

The State Department at Harrisburg chartered the Acme Creamery Co. of Port Allegany on Monday last. Capital $ 000

Mr Samuel Green and Miss Mittie ter both of Smethport were united marriage at Buffalo on Thursday of this week.

Well, I've been making a goose of myself," said the hen, when the eggs on which she had been sitting hatched into goslings.—Truth.

rinoline made its first appearance our streets last Monday. Dr. F. C. son and Hugh Brawley pronounced effect quite startling

lerks county auditors disallowed an unt of $1,600 in the commissioners' ac- counts for indexing books and $5 for ver used at the almshouse

Litigation involving a municipal n is the latest cityfied legal proceed- ing from Bradford. The town over the hill is forever cutting a swell

On Wednesday last workmen com- menced breaking ground for the Cream- ery. It is to be located on Water street, the lot east of the Acme grist mill

The dance Wednesday evening given by the Yanego-I-go Club though not largely attended was a very enjoyable affair. Heath Bros. furnished the music

Mr J. C. Hamlin has set out a row of lm trees in front of the new St. Luke's church. Mr Hamlin planted the trees Fulton street when the first church was built

W. and H. Knight, who has been living with his family for a few years in Har- man, Tenn., will return to Smethport will occupy his residence on lower Main street.

In the arid deserts of Peru the cele- ted "rain tree" grows. This species condense what little moisture there in atmosphere so as to cause a contin- al mist to exude, seemingly from its aves and branches.

G. E. Brownell, one of the substan- tial members of the firm of Brownell Brothers, is nothing if not humane. He protests against the preponderance of masculine members which perch on his neighbor's hen roost.

—American Magistrate—"Hov'n't Oi seen you befur?" Prisoner—Yis, yer hon- or. It wor tin years ago Oi sat in thot yer seat, yer honor an' Oi discharged ye. Magistrate—Be jabers, thot's so. Discharged!—Puck.

It is expected that Mrs. Mary E. Lease, the gifted Kansas reformer will deliver the Memorial day address at Smethport next month, in which event, no doubt a number of her old Ceres friends would go over and hear her.—Hail.

The massive breaking-up plow used by Daniel Webster on his farm at Marshfield is to be sent to the World's Fair by Captain Shaw, executive officer of the New Hampshire commissioners. This primitive implement measures 13 feet in length and weighs 800 pounds

Warren is afflicted with a gang of loafers and tramps, who are very insulting and annoying to ladies and gentlemen when on the streets in the evening. The Mirror recommends a raid, several hundred quarts of glycerine, or drowning as a means of getting rid of the nuisance.

—Eggs by the carload at eight cents a dozen. That is the project held forth by a Philadelphia man who says he can manufacture an egg that cannot be distinguished from the genuine. These eggs are nutritious and look exactly like hens' eggs. The shell is composed of paper mache.

have to do with it.

—The thinnest tissue paper measures 11,500 to an inch in thickness. The Kenny gum works claims a machine which will roll iron so that it would take 1,800 sheets to make an inch.

—We again desire to call the attention of our readers to H. W. Marcus' ad on the first page of this paper. M. Marcus is one of the live merchants of Olean and his business is becoming enormous. In fact he is waking up the dry bones of the old fogy dealers of that town to great shape.

—We heartily endorse the *Democrat* in its crusade against the abuse practiced by our townsmen in sending abroad for groceries and other staple articles. This unpatriotic custom is injurious to the home interests. It puts money into the pockets of foreigners which should be in circulation in Smethport

—An Elk county dealer in sporting tackle offers a split bamboo trout rod to the person who catches the largest trout during the coming season. Now if he would make the offer to the one who claimed to have caught the largest, what a beautiful lot of liars the scheme would develop.—*Tionesta Republican*

—The reportorial work of the *Herald* has been done under difficulties this week, the editor injuring his foot last Friday said injury continuing to grow worse until yesterday he was obliged to take to crutches. It's no fun hustling around town for news on a pair of wooden legs, that is until one gets used to it.—*Mt Jewett Herald*

—The Sunbeam man of the New York *Sun* tells the following story When there is tea on the table in some of the hospitable homes of Barbour county, W. Va. the traveler is sometimes asked, "will you take wet sweetenin' or dry sweetenin'?" If he elects the former, sorghum molasses is handed to him while if he takes the latter he gets maple sugar in little lumps.

—A case of infanticide was developed near Kane on Thursday morning of last week. A newly born girl baby was found in a box on the Koester and Teaf fifth lease about a mile west of Kane, by a pumper named Edward Drase. A handkerchief was tied tightly around the neck of the child evidently with the intention of strangling it to death. Our Kane correspondent refers to this case in his letter.

The *Enterprise* says Coudersport can boast of a full fledged sanitarium for the treatment of liquor habit. Mr John M. Cotter of Eldred, is the proprietor and S. H. Ashcraft of Coudersport, is the medical examiner. Pleasant and convenient rooms have been secured in the Reisman building on Second street and everything put in the best condition. We wish the new enterprise success. Its prospects are good.

For the accommodation of persons desiring to attend the I. O. O. F. anniversary to be held at Ridgway April 26 the Pennsylvania Railroad Company has arranged for the sale of excursion tickets from Corry, DuBois, Renovo and intermediate points, to Ridgway and return at greatly reduced rates. Tickets to be sold April 25th and 26th good to return until April 27th, 1893 inclusive.

From an exchange we clip the following: Don't always be worrying about what people say of you. No matter what you say or what you do the action will be different in different eyes. One will pronounce it good and the other evil. You cannot please more than a certain few while the great majority don't know what you are doing. The only course is to do what you think the best and let the results be what they may."

The Emporium *Republican* says that a bright little boy of that village between three and four years old has a brother of about half that age who is not subject patiently to guidance, and the other day gave his elder a hearty slap. The elder was too much of a man to return the blow but he looked at the little warrior for an instant and then with some emphasis ejaculated "I wish God had kept you where he had you."

The Swedish Sextette was welcomed at the opera house Monday evening by a fair sized audience not conspicuous as might be supposed by any excess distinction. The music rendered by the sons of Scandinavia was very sweet and revealed the hidden soul of harmony, the selections being taken from their native composers and sung almost entirely in the Swedish tongue. All persons present enjoyed the entertainment.

The Smethport Manufacturing Company Limited, announces its dissolution in this week's MINER. This is not to be wondered at as the company have not had a man in their employ since they commenced operations, who has shown the least capacity to conduct the business successfully. Nearly as much lumber was ruined as was made into blinds. The writer of this had blinds made for four windows which could not be used because they were 1½ inches too small one way

The *Interior* says religion is a personal matter and the less time a man gives to philosophizing and generalizing, the sooner he will come to understand that he as an individual soul needs to have direct communion with God in order to get the most and best out of this life and to look forward with joyous anticipation to the life which is to come. Let men, severally, seek first the kingdom of God; personal faith secures comfort and contentment, while the fruit of philosophic speculation is unrest.

The Board of Trade is in receipt of a communication from Eastern capitalists who desire to locate a large boot and shoe factory at Kane. A representative of the firm will be here in a few days to see about it. They appear to be anxious to locate in Kane, and should be encouraged to do so. They certainly could find no better location.—*Leader*. Why cannot the attention of some of these Eastern capitalists be directed to Smethport? Supposing our Board of Trade call Mr L. J. Backer's attention to this matter.

—"John Smith," the humorous writer for the Albany *Journal* tells the following good one of a pioneer experience in Illinois. Two men were traveling in that State when they came to a log cabin one night and were invited to stay to stay to supper. The mistress of the establishment asked them whether they would take corn-coffee. Both took it. Then she asked them whether they would have "short sweetnin' or long sweetnin'?" They didn't know what she meant and one of them took a chance and said that he would take short sweetening. The mistress picked up a great lump of sugar and bit a piece off, dropping it from her lips into the cup. The other traveler did not care for short sweetening after that, so he asked for the long variety. Thereupon, the woman stuck her finger in a bowl of sorghum and stirred up his coffee with it.

also burned. Loss is estimated at $69,000, well insured. The origin of the fire is unknown, but supposed to have started from one of the boilers.

—In another column of this issue will be found the program of perhaps the finest Musicale-Rhetorical ever given in Smethport. The noted violinist, Prof. Chas. Wheeler, renders three of his famous violin solos, and the popular reader, Miss Sage, gives three of her recitations. In addition to these, our best home talent male quartette, ladies quartette and soloists give productions. This promises to be a rare treat. At the M. E. church Wednesday evening, April 26th. Admission 25 and 15 cents. Net proceeds to go toward the new Epworth chapel. All music and literary loving people will be present

—In this age of fearful moth preventive smells, it is worth while to know that moths will never go where there are lavendar bags. Even where they have begun their ravages in furs or feathers, a lavish sprinkling of the articles with good lavendar water will prevent further damage. No one can ask for a purer or pleasanter odor about garments. A liberal distribution of lavendar sachets in closets, drawers and trunks, will give you the satisfaction of making sweeter your belongings with the weapon which drive away their depredation. Put a lavendar sachet in your piano if you fear moths will ravage the felt. Another infallible remedy is compounded of the following sweet-smelling things: Lavendar, thyme, rose, cedar shavings, powdered sassafras, cassia lignea, in about equal quantities.

—Judge Paxson, of the Pennsylvania Supreme Court, recently filed a decision relative to the chief burgesses of boroughs as to preside over the borough council. As it effects the business of borough councils all over the state it is a decision of much importance. It is a question decided for the first time by the Supreme Court and the decision is that the chief burgess of all boroughs incorporated under the general borough law have no right to preside at any meeting of borough councils unless they are members of such bodies. The question has frequently been decided by the lower courts, and one or two have been made in accordance with the decision of the Supreme Court, there are a great number of decisions conflicting with it, and Judge Clayton, of Delaware county, as late as December 3d, 1892, decided that chief burgesses had power to preside over the councils. Of course this decision of the Supreme Court settles the question.

PERSONAL MENTION

We would deem it a favor if those having friends visiting in this place would notify us by postal or by leaving a notice at this office.

Dr. H. S. Baker of Bradford, attended court this week

J. E. Goodenough was down from New City on Monday

J. Ledlein of Port Allegany, was in town last Monday

F. A. Lytle, of Kane, was in town the forepart of the week

Miss Minnie Voorhees is visiting with friends in Mt Jewett.

George Brooks, of Bradford, had business at court this week

C. B. Whitehead, of Buffalo, was in attendance at court this week

Edward McSweeney, Esq., of Pittsburg, was in town this week.

C. H. Kaufman, of Eldred, made us a pleasant call on Monday last.

Miss Addie Walters visited with friends in Port Allegany last week

Miss Nellie Lundrigan, of Bradford, is visiting friends in town this week

Jesse Robinson of Mt. Alton, was in town this week in attendance at court.

Miss Agnes Scanlan, of Colgrove visited friends in Smethport Saturday last.

J. A. Lamb one of Erie's prominent attorneys was in attendance at court this week

Mrs Kate Baker, of Larrabee, was calling on friends in town on Thursday of this week

Charles Richards, of Hazelhurst was calling on his many friends in this place last Sunday

Mrs J. H. McCandless left on Wednesday for a two weeks visit with her sister at Geneva, N. Y.

District Deputy Holder, installed the officers of Mt Jewett Lodge, No 881, I. O. O. F. last week

Miss Jennie Pope who is attending school at Allegany N. Y., spent Sunday with her parents in this place.

Mrs Carrie G. Smith entertained the Amateur Whist Club Tuesday evening at the residence of Warley Gifford

Dr and Mrs Pierce will be absent the first part of next week to attend the 5th anniversary wedding of his brother at Buffalo

Mr and Mrs J. C. Richardson wish to express their thanks for kindness shown to them through their seven month's stay in Smethport.

J. B. Briggs, who has been in New York State in the interest of the Briggs & Sprague Perfect Dairy Pail, returned home on Saturday last.

Richard Peterson and family who have for several years lived on the Bayer farm above the cemetery, left Wednesday for their old home in Norway.

Gen. Jesse Merrill, a prominent attorney of Lock Haven and a warm personal friend of the editor of this paper, was in town the forepart of the week

Zach Wilson, Otto township's hustling collector, is in town this week. He had hardly struck the town before he called at the MINER office and of course renewed his subscription to the paper of the county

P. C. Doyle, Esq., the well-known newspaper man, was in Smethport a few hours on Saturday last. He thinks our town would size up to most of the summer resorts as a place in which to while away the dog days.

J. H. McElroy, F. H. Foster, W. P. Eckels, Dr Borg Chadwick and G. N. Barrett attended a meeting and banquet of Trinity Commandery Knights Templar, at Bradford on Friday evening last. Col. R. F. Wright was created a Sir Knight at the same time.

Thanks

To the people of Smethport I desire to return my sincere thanks for the very liberal patronage they have extended to me in my business, during my residence of 12 years in their midst. With very few exceptions their treatment has been of the most generous character and I leave them with the kindest of feelings. Trusting my son will be the beneficiary of your liberal patronage, I remain

Yours truly,
G. W. Williams.

April 17, 1893.

Mr. Cooper, one of the [illegible] position. This can only be accounted for by Cooper's Democratic proclivities. He is one of the Democratic wire-pullers in Foster township, and as such has gained the favor of his party papers, yet these same journals will tell you that they oppose Superintendent Eckels because he has held the office two terms. They contend that the office should be passed around to the school boys of the county, that the Foster gentleman is "far superior in intellectuality" to any of the aspirants. If this be the case it is remarkably strange that some one has not discovered his qualifications before, as he has been a standing candidate for superintendent for at least nine, and we think twelve years, but each convention ignored him

The present fight was inaugurated early last fall by the Democratic papers, who have kept the subject boiling ever since. But they are not sincere in their writings—they would deceive the people for political prestige. The issue has been made one of politics rather than competency, but the school directors of McKean county will probably take a different view of the matter than those advanced by the Democratic journals. If Mr. Cooper is best qualified for the office, we say elect him, otherwise retain the present incumbent until certain his successor is the more competent in every way.

Mr. Eckels has made a competent and painstaking official and we are certain he will be re-elected by the directors who believe in elevating our schools rather than making mere spoils of the office of county superintendent.—*Kane Republican*.

The Y. M. C. A.

The Young Men's Christian Association of Bradford held a conference in this place Saturday evening last and Sunday.

The services Saturday evening were held in the Baptist church. At 7.30 o'clock a song service was conducted by Prof. Fuller and the Bradford male quartet, after which H. O. James, of Bradford gave an address on "The Association Work." Brief addresses were also made by Rev Clifford on "Young Men with or without Christianity," and Secretary Sturgeon on "Personal Work, Who shall do it and How."

Sunday evening a union meeting of the young people's societies was held in the Methodist church. Bert Love conducted the musical exercises, after which William Dickson made an adress on "The Benefit of the Work to Individuals." Mr Love explained the purpose of district stations. District stations, he said, are established in towns where an association cannot be sustained. A secretary is elected whose duty it is to inform the general secretary of associations in towns to which young men from his place are about to remove. The secretary will then use his influence in making the stranger acquainted and assist him in any way that he may stand in need. And vice versa. If a member of the Bradford associations is about to remove to Smethport the secretary is informed and the same interest is taken in his behalf by the secretary of the district station. In this way the association keeps in touch with the young men all over the country. Other remarks were made by Secretary Sturgeon and Revs Halliwell and Helms.

Do Not Seek Office

Albert G. Brown, of Mississippi, circuit judge, three times in congress, three times a senator twice governor, brigadier general of militia, and captain in the confederate army just before his death wrote the following to a young friend "True, as you say, I had many offices. Indeed, I may say I never knew defeat in any of my aspirations. And it is just because I had success which people call wonderful that I feel confident to administer a word of caution to the men of this generation. My young friend, do not be deceived by the glitter of office. I am now past my three-score years, and am fast traveling into the ten. I have held almost every office in the gift of the people, and I can truly say with the preacher It is all vanity and vexation of spirit. Looking back over a long, and I hope not unsuccessful life, I can say with a clear conscience my greatest regret is that I have ever made a political speech or held an office. There is a fascination in office which beguiles man, but be assured, my young friend, it is the fascination of the serpent, or, to change the figure, it is the *ignus fatuus* which coaxes you to inevitable ruin. I speak of that which I know. If my young friends will be governed by my advice, I have this to say, after all my successes as a public man, now, when my head is blossoming for the grave, I feel that it would have been better for me if I had followed the occupation of my father and been a farmer."

Wedded

At the residence of Hon. T. A. and Mrs. Morrison of Green street the ceremony was performed on Wednesday afternoon at four o'clock which united in marriage their daughter Mary Elizabeth and Mr Samuel Edwin Bell, Rev J. H. McCandless of St. Luke's Church officiating. The wedding was informal, only a few neighboring friends together with the relatives attending.

The presents were numerous and elaborate and the ceremony was an ideal one, the bride and groom being attended by Miss Grace McCoy and Mr. Joseph Williams. The groom who was formerly of Christey Park, Allegheny County, and who is a brother of the well known business firm of Bell Brothers, DuBois Pa., is fortunate in winning the hand of one of Smethport's fairest and most estimable daughters, and the young couple together take up life's burden, with the best wishes of a large circle of friends. The wedding tour will include Harrisburg, Philadelphia, New York, and other points.

The MINER staff extends congratulations to Mr and Mrs Bell.

Notice.

All persons owing me book account are hereby notified to call and settle the same on or before May 1st, 1893, as I wish to balance my old books.

P. D. Hopkins.

April 4th, 1893.

To close out stock, and at the same time give you the best spring tooth harrow in the market, we will make a price that can't be beat in the world.

L. W. Mason.

Bradfield's Female Regulator

should be used by the young woman, she who suffers from any disorder peculiar to her sex, and at change of life is a powerful tonic; benefits all who use it. Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

If you want to buy a fine carriage, a road wagon, a cart, a harness, a farm or lumber wagon at a bargain call on Elley & Co., Olean, N. Y., who have the largest and best assorted stock of carriages in western New York or Pennsylvania. All goods guaranteed and delivered free of charge.

Wire Poultry Netting all widths at Mason's. 2w.

There was an abundant crop of tramps in Kane last week.

Attorney Huey has legal business at the county seat this week.

Kane furnishes the following jurymen this week: E. F. McConnell, Al Daly, Henry Moulin and F. A. Lyte.

Miss Blanch Miller, of Huntingdon, Pa., and Miss Rose Mills, of this place, are visiting in Bradford this week.

Petre Jarvis graces the bread, pie and candy department in Kiehle's. Economies in twine Petre, every nickle makes a nickle.

Middle division pay car, of the P. & E. R. R., was in Kane on Saturday. The boys are flush, monetary matters are easy here now.

Ex-Burgess Orr is back from some where, to where the government plums are falling. May the Colonel be fortunate in securing a big one.

Dr Evan Kane, with his surgical assistant, performed a delicate and successful operation Monday, in removing a piece of bone from the jaw of Mr John O'Brien's little son Tim

Mrs. Armstrong and children have gone to Missouri for an extended visit among relatives and friends, while the Doctor remains here to minister to all the ills we are heir too.

Mrs. Joe Swartzinger, of Highland township, Elk county, was taken to the insane asylum at Warren on Saturday by W. H. Rice and Ed Lair. She was discharged from that institution three months ago.

Martin and Snyder, Route Postal clerks, went on duty Monday, on the Erie Accommodation west and the Niagara east early trains. Postmaster Griffith has finally succeeded in getting a long felt and much needed want.

The car Susquehanna, of the Pennsylvania Fish Commission, was on the mail train west on Sunday, enroute to Corry. One hundred and fifty black bass were left with H. E. McConnell to stock the large pond near the Thompson House.

Niagara Express and pay train were detained here until noon on Saturday by a freight wreck at Sargent, giving the officials of the former, an opportunity of seeing a typical Kane snow storm, as well as the smiles of the maple sugar makers.

The representatives of the expected Boot & Shoe Factory, were in Kane on Wednesday, the result of their visit is a matter of conjecture, however the faces of those who are tireless workers for the best interests of the town, are all sunshine. Dr. Tom Kane is the [illegible] of any.

Joshua Davis will visit the World's Fair if his large business interests will permit it. He should by all means take the trip, thereby securing a much needed rest. If there is a man in Kane, who is overworked, it is none other than Mr Davis, one of our most progressive men in everything

C. W. Campbell, a member of the firm of Geo. W. Campbell & Sons, of North Kane, left Monday on a western trip to Portland, Oregon, and San Francisco, California, looking after lumber interests, of which the firm have several large tracts of timber land there. Mr Campbell will be gone six weeks or two months.

John Fleming, of the Fleming, said the other day "What a idiot we going to do, with a hotel too small for its patronage?" "Build an addition" said the gentlemanly writer. "Yes I was told that when building the present one, and had I not been so funny then, this present trouble could have been avoided. Continually saying no room: hotel full, take a cigar Ned, it was taken."

H. H. Curran continues to extend the electric light, a force of circumstances over which he seems to have no control or does not seem to have will force him to build a large addition to his overcrowded hotel. Men are frequently turned away for want of room to accommodate them. Merit will win in keeping hotel, as well as in other vocations, excepting only newspaper correspondents.

The special train bearing the old liberty bell enroute to the World's Fair, will pass through Kane, Wednesday 26th. Will some one prevail on the railroad authorities to have the train stopped ten or fifteen minutes at Kane, to give the people of this region an opportunity to view this historic emblem of liberty. Let an effort be made at once. Make the application and have a gala day in Kane.

Commissioner Gifford, of Smethport, and Mr Fenstenmaker of Mt Jewett, were in Kane on Monday. In company with J. W. Baker, of the Kane *Republican*, they drove to North Kane on business. Mr Gifford had not been in Kane for a number of years. He was much astonished at Kane's phenomenal growth. Not wishing to increase the astonishment, nothing was said in regard to the expectancies that are coming.

The eastbound freight No. 60 was wrecked by a broken axle or wheel, at Sargent Friday about 11 o'clock p. m. Fifteen cars loaded with grain and merchandise, were badly broken up and the lading piled up promiscuously. A hat was found, causing the wreck crew to search completely for the remains of a tramp, the supposed owner of the hat nothing was found however. A brakeman sustained a slight injury in jumping from the train.

A wonderful discovery by the medical fraternity! Heart disease is contagious from present indication anyhow. If this proves true, precautionary measures cannot be taken too soon among the unmarried physicians here. It is not in the form of an epidemic, but rises from other natural causes, influenced by strong affections had for the opposite sexes. From assurances given us by one of our most prominent and successful physicians, it is not contagious.

There is but one opinion here about the murdered babe found near West Kane Thursday of last week, that is, the perpetrators of the heinous inhuman crime, were not residents of Kane or West Kane. The inquest has been adjourned subject to the call of Coroner Slocum or the Foreman of Inquest F. W. Brayton, upon the development of a clue to the perpetrators, that is being followed by detectives in an adjoining county. Until that time nothing further will be known, and the infanticide case will be in statu quo. The remains, after the autopsy held by Dr Armstrong, assisted by Dr M. J. Sweeny, on Friday, were buried in the Union Cemetery, by the undertaker, Mr Carrier. Each day deepens the mystery.

The angel of death has been hovering over the emaciated form of Roxana, the 7 year old, and only daughter of W. B. Smith, since last Saturday. The light and pride of the household has been ill with the grip for five weeks. Up to last Wednesday, hopes of her speedy restoration to health, were had by the family and their physician. About that time, her angel mother who preceded her to the home land, less than three years ago, called Roxie to come to her, and ere this letter reaches its destination, the little loved one now languishing in pain, will have been folded in the embrace of the sainted mother in the dim unknown on the other shore, for surely we will know each other over there. The sorrowing father and grandfather have the tenderest expression of sympathy and condolence, while keeping their vigils around the deathbed of their cherished one.

Roxana, daughter of W. B. Smith, died at 12 o'clock A. M. Tuesday, after an illness of five weeks with grip. No notice of her funeral yet. Her age was about 7 years.

PORT ALLEGANY

A. B. Bolley made a business trip to Rochester last Friday

A. E. Vanderbulo had business at the county seat last Tuesday

Mrs. W. W. Hann is quite low this week with nervous prostration.

Stewart Fields, of Olean spent Sunday with his parents in this place.

Miss Grace Snyder is visiting with her friends in Sweden Valley this week.

Mrs James V. Otto and Mrs. Sue Bronson made Olean a visit last Monday

E. P. Dalrymple and son Hugh, and Mrs F. H. Arnold, are in New York this week.

Victor Sherill has accepted a position in B. C. Gallup's hardware store on Main street.

Mrs. A. J. Hughes, of Buffalo, was in town a few days last week, visiting with friends.

The material has arrived for the Creamery and in a few weeks it will be in operation.

Mrs. A. M. Saldon is in New York buying her spring stock of millinery goods this week

Wilber Lillibridge has rented the Youngs farm in this place, and he will take possession this week.

George Heck, who was recently burned out over B. C. Gallup's store, has moved his family to Rochester

Postmaster E. J. Mott is on the sick list this week. There is a great amount of sickness in this borough, this spring.

Wagner & Carlson have enlarged their meat market on Mill street, and have much improved the looks of their place of business.

Mrs. George Blackman, of Coudersport, who has been visiting in this place for the past few weeks, returned to her home last Saturday evening

A great number of our citizens were called to Smethport this week to give evidence in the case of Camp against Burgess Kernan and others.

A. H. Davis, of New Jersey, gave a very interesting talk on temperance, at the Friday evening session of the W. C. T. U. Convention in this place last week.

Mr. Johnson, of Harrison Valley, Pa., and Mr Lockwood, of West Virginia, were in this place the first of the week, taking an inventory of the personal property of the tannery of this place. They represent the syndicate that has recently purchased this tannery.

The W. C. T. U. County Convention was held in this place last Thursday and Friday, and was a very pleasant affair. Nearly all of the unions in the county were represented, and the meetings were all well attended. The gold medal contest Thursday evening, was the most interesting session held. Miss Bessie Hooker, of this place, and a number of young ladies from abroad, were the contestants. The judges awarded the gold medal to Miss Inez Harber, of Bradford, and the second prize to Miss Bessie Hooker, of Port Allegany. The programme Friday evening was not what it was expected to be, on account of the principal actor being unable to attend. The suffrage question was postponed indefinitely, as it should be. Mr. Smith and Mr. Ward were not in it. Mr. Davis from New Jersey, a temperance lecturer, being in town, was invited to speak, and his new ideas and strong argument against intemperance, was greatly enjoyed by all who heard him. By rights he should of had the whole evening. The ladies say that the convention was a success. We hope it was, and we trust that their truthful sayings in regard to the evil arising from the liquor business, will have a tendency to decrease the business in this place.

EAST VALLEY

William Beechham is very ill.

John Highland made a flying trip to Eldred last Saturday.

Misses Minnie and Ona Caldwell attended quarterly meeting last Sunday

Edward Tanner made a flying trip to Farmers Valley Monday, after a load of grain.

C. M. Young, Lewis Cleveland and Elmer Reed, were trout fishing last Saturday.

Miss Flora Trumble is the school teacher in this place, and they seem to like her.

Mr. George, of this place, has had an invitation to a wedding supper in the near future.

Mark Tyler of Farmers Valley, had his second finger on his right hand taken off, a week ago last Tuesday.

Marvin Reed started for Johnsonburg Monday morning, where he expects to work this spring and summer.

dance last Friday night. [illegible] Miss Lona, attended the dance also.

Thomas Taylor, of Farmers Valley, and Miss Millie Young returned from their wedding trip last Saturday. It was to Cuba and back.

William Tanner and brother, Carl Tanner, and cousin, Edward Tanner, and Robbie Oliver, of this place, were ever at quarterly meeting at the Farmers Valley church, Sunday evening.

RIXFORD.

Frank Hunt is visiting friends in town this week.

Phil Campbell returned to Sistersville on Monday.

The Misses Sage, Hanna and Cummings visited Bradford on Saturday last

Prof. Eckels, of Duke Centre, led the Epworth League last Sabbath evening

The quarterly meeting of the United Brethren will be held in this place next Saturday and Sunday

Mrs. M. Thornton attended the W. C. T. U. Convention held at Port Allegany last week, being the delegate from the union in this place.

The G. A. R., will hold an open meeting in Clark's opera house next Tuesday evening. A choice literary programme is being prepared.

Mrs. E. E. Brown read an essay at the Suffrage Symposium held in Port Allegany last Friday evening, after the close of the W. C. T. U. Convention

The friends of Mrs. Thomas Givins gave her a very pleasant surprise on the occasion of her birthday, last Monday afternoon. Twenty guests were present, and enjoyed a very happy visit.

Mr. Delmage is moving his family to Marionville. His daughter, Mrs. K. C. Clark has been Rixford's milliner for years past, and will be greatly missed by the ladies of this place and vicinity. Mrs. Clark is agreeable and obliging, and will be a valuable addition to the place which she has chosen for her home.

COLEGROVE.

Miss Jessie McMillion, of Bradford, was visiting her sister at Crosby, the first of the week.

Operator Berryman was called to his home in Buffalo, last Saturday, by the illness of his wife.

Albert Colegrove has had the misfortune to fall and sprain both ankles, which confines him to the house.

John Benson took a load of young ladies to the Bunker Hill farm, to gather wintergreen berries, last Monday

Mrs. Lena DeHass and Mrs. B. W. Heinemann attended the W. C. T. U. Convention at Port Allegany last week.

Mr Robb, one of the Clermont teachers, accompanied by his sister, were the guests of Miss Hertie Oviat, last Saturday

J. Colegrove and family went to Smethport on Monday of this week to occupy their house which has been undergoing repairs.

The sugar party given by A. P. Brewer, to help pay the insurance on the Union church, had to be put off on account of the inclement weather

A masquerade was given by the people of Crosby last Friday evening. Warm sugar was served, and those who attended, reported a very pleasant time

An Official Investigation.

A committee meeting was held at the Pennsylvania Memorial Home at Brookville yesterday which was an occurrence of interest to two great organizations of the State, the Woman's Relief Corps and the Grand Army of the Republic. The organization first named requested the Grand Army at their Department Encampment in Lebanon, to delegate several members to meet jointly with a committee of the ladies to investigate the ownership, control and management of the Home. Wm Stewart and W. H. Graham of Brookville Post No. 242, Capt. I. M. Truxal of DuBois Post No. 229, and J. W. Patterson of Pittsburgh Post No. 157, were appointed, and all were at the meeting except comrade Patterson, who was not able to be present on account of important business engagements. The gentlemen were met by Mrs. Anna M. Wilbur of Warren, Mrs. Martha Sherman of Kendall Creek, Mrs. Jennie B. Pinney of Brookville, Mrs. Sarah Messmer of Renovo and Mrs J. K. Wallace, better known among her benevolent associates as "Aunt Patience," of Allegheny City.

The joint commission met at the Home at 1 p. m. The meeting was organized with Mrs. Wilbur in the chair and Capt. Truxal acting as secretary. The first business was with reference to ownership of the Memorial Home, and it was found that the title was vested in the parties incorporating and not in the Woman's Relief Corps. A report was then adopted, each member of the committee signing it which contained in substance the following recommendations:

First—That the charter be amended to make the incorporators trustees, to hold the property in trust for the W. R. C.

Second—That any vacancy arising from any cause whatever shall be filled by the W. R. C.

Third—That the board of directors shall be elected by the Woman's Relief Corps at its annual state meeting.

The report will be reported to Mrs Charlotte Cummings, State President of W. R. C.

Rumors of bad management by Mrs F. M. Cartlin, matron of the institution had suggested the proposition to investigate the management and control. The ladies prepared a report in which they said: After careful investigation we most heartily indorse the management, expressing the belief that Matron Cartlin's conduct of the Home was most admirable.

Only Captain Truxal, of the gentlemen in attendance, remained until the latter report was submitted. He declined to indorse it. He was the only person present representing the Grand Army of the State and did not care to approve such report without first having made satisfactory personal investigation, and that, there was not sufficient time to do. His decision indicated a belief that the rumors were not entirely without foundation.—DuBois *Courier*

The many cases of rheumatism cured by Chamberlain's Pain Balm during the past few months have given the people great confidence in its curative powers and have shown that there is one preparation that can be depended upon for that painful and aggravating disease. Houaker Bros., Loraine, Ohio say Mr Moses Price, of this place, was troubled with rheumatism for a long time. Chamberlain's Pain Balm has cured him He says the Balm has no equal. For sale by A. B. Armstrong.

Y. M. C. A.

All persons interested in or favoring the establishment of a station at Smethport of the Young Men's Christian Association are requested to meet in the lecture room of the Baptist church, on Saturday evening of this week at 7 30.

P. D. HOPKINS,
FRANK SHATTUCK

Musicale-Rhetorical.

M. E. CHURCH, WEDNESDAY EVENING, APRIL 26TH

Violin solo—"Ch. de Beriot's 6th air, 1st movement", - - Prof Chas. Wheeler.
Recitation—"Prince Eric's Christ Maid," - Miss Lottie Sage.
Ladies Quartette.
Solo, - - - Miss Lena Wright.
Recitation—"College Oil Cans," - Miss Sage.
Violin solo—"Ch. de Beriot's 6th air 2nd movement," - - Prof. Wheeler.
Male Quartette.
Recitation—"Fiddle Lane's Marriage," - - Miss Sage
Solo, - - - Miss Edith Shoemaker.
Violin Solo—"Sweet Home"—Variations (original) - - - Prof Wheeler.

Sailed the Seas 38 Years

Capt. A. P. Loud is a prominent resident of Hampden, Me. For 38 years he sailed the seas and upon retiring from that calling, was appointed by the U. S. government to superintend its interests in the Alaska seal fisheries, a position he held five years. In speaking of his experience, he says: "For several years I was greatly troubled with nervousness, and a pain in the region of my heart. It was almost impossible for me to get rest and sleep. Physicians from New York to San Francisco did me no good, but Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and New Heart Cure speedily and completely cured me. I owe my present and excellent health to them."

The old reliable Anekla Valley Clipper all steel plow needs no recommend from anyone. Sold on its merits, and when sold if not satisfactory can be returned at our expense. L. W. MASON.

Do you lack faith and love health? Let us establish your faith and restore your health with DeWitt's Sarsaparilla. For Sale by A. B. Armstrong.

A car load of choice timothy and clover just received at W. D. Gallup's. tf.

Whiskey and tobacco habit cured at no charge. Don't fail to correspond. J. L. COCHRANE, Lock Box 217, Greensburg, Pa.

Rheumatism is quickly cured by using Arnica & Oil Liniment. For sale by H. C. Wells.

Something new in the line of collars Gleason & Lammer have just received what is termed a cork collar. Call in and examine it before purchasing elsewhere.

A little ill, then a little pill. The ill is gone the pill has won. DeWitt's Little Early Risers the pills that cure great ills. For Sale by A. B. Armstrong.

Said a noted man of 60 years, "my mother gave me Down's Elixir for coughs and colds when I was a boy." For sale by H. C. Wells.

Itch on human and horses and all animals cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. Sold by A. B. Armstrong Druggist, Smethport Pa.

English Spavin Liniment removes all hard, soft or calloused lumps and blemishes from horses, blood spavins curbs, splints, sweeney, ring-bone stifles, all swollen throats, coughs, etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful blemish cure ever known. Sold by A. B. Armstrong Druggist, Smethport Pa.

The most intelligent people of our community recognize in DeWitt's Little Early Riser's pills of unequaled merit, for dyspepsia, headache and consumption very small, perfect in action. For sale by A. B. Armstrong.

The strongest recommendation that any article can have is the endorsement of the mothers of the town. When the mothers recommend it you may know that the article has more than ordinary merit. Here is what the Centerville North Dakota, *Citizen* says editorially of an article sold in their town: "From personal experience we can say that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has broken up bad colds for our children. We are acquainted with many mothers in Centerville who would not be without it in the house for a good many times its cost, and are recommending it every day. 50 cent bottles for sale by A. B. Armstrong.

A Pleasant Wedding.

A pleasant wedding occurred at high mass at St. Mary's church this morning the contracting parties being Mr. August Edel and Miss Emma Schott, daughter of Mr and Mrs Edwin Schott. Rev Father Hamel officiated. The bridesmaids were Miss Josie Schott of Buffalo and Miss Amanda Sasse of Smethport. The ushers were Mr. John Dotterweich and Mr A. Frey of this city. The bride was attired in a becoming costume of white corded silk, with flowers, and the bridesmaids wore pretty gowns of China silk, with flowers.

Among the guests present from out of town were Mrs Joseph Reilly and Miss Emma Reilly of Smethport, Mrs Ed Pelton of Crosby, and Mrs. A. Tumser of Eldred

The bridal couple left on the 2 o'clock train for Rochester and Buffalo. They will make their home after April 29th at their residence on Third street. The best wishes of a host of friends attend them.—*Olean Herald*

It Should Be in Every House

J. B. Wilson, 371 Clay St. Sharpsburg, Pa., says he will not do without Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds, that it cured his wife who was threatened with pneumonia after an attack of "la grippe," when various other remedies and several physicians had done her no good. Robert Barber, of Cooksport, Pa., claims Dr King's New Discovery has done him more good than anything he ever used for lung trouble. Nothing like it. Try it. Free trial bottle at Frank R. Foster's Drug Store Large bottles, 50c. and $1 00

Court Proceedings.

Civil Court opened on Monday of this week, Judges Olmsted and Morrison on the bench.

There was a small attendance and several of the cases on the list, a single copy of which was in the hands of the clerk, were continued.

A petition for a review of the accounts of Hon. C. H. Foster, committee of Cynthia Duke [illegible], lunatic, was filed by Jane Grinuld, a sister of the lunatic. W. J. Milliken, Esq., attorney. The charges against Mr. Foster is mismanaging and wasting the estate are of a damaging character.

The writ of habeas corpus brought by Theo. N. Barnsdall, for the custody of his children, was discharged by Judge Morrison.

The case of the City of Bradford vs. J. B. Fox, involving a question of municipal liens, was taken from the jury and decided by the Court in favor of the defendant.

The case from Port Allegany in which the changing of a street and side walks was involved, was finally settled.

My wife was confined to her bed for over two months with a very severe attack of rheumatism. We could get nothing that would afford her any relief, and as a last resort gave Chamberlain's Cream Balm a trial. To our great surprise she began to improve after the first application, and by using it regularly she was soon able to get up and attend to her household work. E. H. Johnson, of C. J. Knutson & Co., Kensington, Minn. 50 cent bottles for sale by A. B. Armstrong.

Whooping Cough.

Humphreys' specific No. 20 may be considered as absolutely infallible for the cure of whooping cough. It allays the irritation, moderates the cough and so cures the disease.

Coughing Leads to Consumption.

Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough at once.

A car load of choice timothy and clover just received at W. D. Gallup's. tf.

The Bazaar

Spring Goods.

Ladies' and Children's Garments.

The largest assortment in Bradford at most reasonable prices.

Capes and Jackets.

We pay your car fare one way on all purchases of $10.00 worth of goods at this store.

Lace - Curtains - and - Portierries.

Five hundred pairs of curtains can be found here, prices from $1 to $30.

Window shades and upholsteries of all kinds.

Visit the Bazaar when you are in Bradford; its the largest store; its the cheapest store.

THE BAZAAR
J. ELOSKEY.
18 Main St., near St. James Hotel.
Bradford, Pa.
Dry Goods, Cloaks and Draperies.

OLEAN, N.Y.

the cost. A narrow pointed Piccadilly Blucher in fine black kid, patent leather tip, the vamp creased and stitched with silk; very neat; A to E, 1 to 6. Price $3.50. Also a Phila. toe, that means the narrow square toe with patent leather tip, a great seller; A to E wide; any size. Price 3.00. A maroon color Russian Calf Blucher, very pointed toe, tip of same leather; quiet and dressy looking; A to E wide; 2 1-2 to 7 sizes; $3.50.

DROP US A POSTAL. SAMPLES SENT OF ANY KIND.
BLOODSWORTH & CO. Good Shoes Only.
Olean, N. Y.

(Mention this paper when ordering goods.)

STICKNEY, RITCHIE & CO.

LADIES SPRING WRAPS.

Our stock in this line is complete, we are showing this season, the largest assortment, and the most handsome line of wraps, that have ever been shown in the town. Ladies it will be to your interest to inspect our stock before making your selection for spring; prices moderate.

CARPETS.

In this department we are handling the celebrated Lowell carpets in the latest patterns and new, soft, delicate colors; a very large assortment to select from; prices from 20 c. per yd.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Our trade in Boots and Shoes this spring has been away ahead of any previous swring, and is still increasing. The reason is, we handle no cheap goods, but try to buy the best makes we can find. Our stock embraces all the new colors for the season, in the Blucher cut Piccadilly toe, as well as several other spring styles, in tans, reds, blacks, and the white evening Oxford tie. See our assortment of Russian Calf Oxfords, something new and stylish. In Gents shoes we have everything that is new for the spring.

DRY GOODS.

Our stock of spring dress goods and wash goods will please you. The Shantong and Grecian Pongee in wash goods are very pretty, a large assortment of styles and colors to select from Dress Ginghams, Zephyrs, Prints. Cotton Bedfords, Amlines, etc., etc., all new and pretty.

GROCERIES.

Do not forget that our stock is at all times fresh, being replenished daily, we can have nothing but the best to offer you. Fine Creamery Butter always on hand. Flour $1.00, $1.10, $1.30 per sack.

Call at our store, opposite the Court House, and be convinced of our large and carefully selected stock of goods.

A Crayon Portrait Free with every $10.00 purchase.

STICKNEY, RITCHIE & CO.

D. C. YOUNG

Invites your attention to his complete stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS

Now on exhibition at his store on Main Street.

An elegant line of ladies' fashionable

SPRING WRAPS

in all the leading shades, just received from New York. The low prices will astonish you.

In our dress goods department can be found a finer selection than any previous season. The wash goods are beautiful this spring, and the

DOTTED SWISS MULL

takes the lead here as well as in the cities.

From continued in crease in our shoe trade we take it for granted everybody knows where to get the best foot wear at the most reasonable figures. At this season we feel proud to show a finer and much larger assortment of

Ladies', Men's and Children's Shoes

than was ever brought into this market. Our $1.80 ladies fine shoes are unequalled, so our customers say.

OUR . . PRICES

on Carpets, Rugs, Oil Cloths, Mattings, Wall Paper and Shades will interest you.

Don't forget that we always carry a fresh line of Groceries. Try our California fruits.

D. C. YOUNG.

Smethport, Pa., April 11, 1893.

effect. Satisfaction guaranteed. Sold by all druggists. 50 cents per bottle, two bottles direct, express prepaid, on receipt of price. Put on the trade only by the **WHITE ROCK OIL CO., Toledo, O.**

For sale by F. R. FOSTER.

Your Favorite Home Newspaper

—AND—

The Leading Republican Paper of the United States,

ONE YEAR FOR ONLY $1.25

McKEAN COUNTY MINER

gives all the news of Town, County and State, and as much National news as any other paper of its class.

The New York Weekly Tribune

is a NATIONAL FAMILY PAPER, and gives all the general news of the United States and the world. It gives the events of foreign lands in a nutshell. It has separate departments for "THE FAMILY CIRCLE," and "OUR YOUNG FOLKS." Its "HOME AND SOCIETY" columns command the admiration of wives and daughters. Its general political news, editorials and discussions are comprehensive, brilliant and exhaustive. Its "AGRICULTURAL" department has no superior in the country. Its "MARKET REPORTS" are recognized authority in all parts of the land.

A SPECIAL CONTRACT enables us to offer this splendid journal and "THE MINER" for one year

For only $1.25, cash in advance.

NEW YORK WEEKLY TRIBUNE, regular price per year	$1.00
McKEAN COUNTY MINER, " " "	$1.25
TOTAL - - - - - - -	$2.50

WE FURNISH BOTH PAPERS ONE YEAR FOR - $1.25.

Subscriptions may begin at any time.

This is the most liberal combination offer ever made in the United States, and every reader of the McKEAN COUNTY MINER should take advantage of it at once. Address all orders to

L. ROGERS & SON,
SMETHPORT, PA.

LOOK -:- HERE.

Read and Be Wise!

On and after April 15, 1892, the undersigned will give every cash customer trading at his store to the amount of $25.00, their choice of one of the following beautiful articles of Silverware free of charge:

Silver Plated Sugar Bowl,	Silver Plate Pickle Dish.
Silver Plated Butter Dish,	Set Silver Plated Knives
Silver Plated Cream Pitcher,	Set Silver Plated Forks.
Silver Plated Spoon Holder.	

And an article for each additional $25.00 for a period of from six months to one year, thus giving each one of my customers a chance to secure a whole set of Silverware without costing them a penny. All goods are sold as cheap as the market will allow. Remember the place, corner of Mechanic and Mill streets.

P. D. HOPKINS,

Smethport, Pa., April 14, 1892.

Vick's Floral Guide.

For 1893 we have combined a most novel and charming feature in the way of hundreds of beautiful and appropriate poetical quotations from the best authors, making The Poets' Number of Vick's Floral Guide a source of interest and pleasure the whole year. The practical part contains Colored Plates of Alpine Aster, Begonia, Dahlias, Dutchman's Pipe, Clematis, Pansies, Cannas, Corn and Potatoes, hundreds of Engravings, descriptions of the sweetest and most prolific Pea The Charmer, The Golden Nugget Corn, which was such a favorite last summer, new Roses, new Chrysanthemums, and scores of other grand and good things. Names and prices of everything one could desire in way of Flowers, Vegetables, Plants, Bulbs, etc. Send for only 10 cents, which can be deducted from the first order. [illegible] costs nothing. Cash prizes.

JAMES VICK'S SONS, Rochester, N. Y.

V. KLAPPENBACH,

MERCHANT -:- TAILOR,

Cor. King and Fulton Sts.,

SMETHPORT, PA.

Keeps an assortment of English and French Goods on hand from which to select. Suits will be made up in the latest and most approved Styles, and entire

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

DO YOU EVER EAT?

IF SO GO TO

G. W. WILLIAMS & SON,

SMETHPORT, PA.

Where you will always find a full stock of

Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats.

FRUITS, VEGETABLES,

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.

Feed, Corn, Oats, Middlings, &c., A Specialty.

CONFECTIONERY -:- AND -:- FRUITS!

My present stock of fine candies surpasses any heretofore shown in this section, and embraces all the finer as well as cheaper grades. Among the novelties may be mentioned

BON-BON BOXES, FINE CRYSTALIZED FRUITS,

French Mixed in 5-pound Boxes—Very Fine,

Chocolate Creams of all kinds, etc. Also a complete stock of

Foreign and Domestic Fruits, Nuts, Etc.

TOBACCO AND CIGARS

Cigar Holders, Cigar Cases, Cigarette Cases, Matchsafes, in fact everything in the Smokers' line.

GEO. A. BACKUS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

WAGONS!

Don't make a purchase until you have examined my stock and prices. They are superior in material and workmanship, and prices very low.

I make a specialty of

HORSESHOEING

and am prepared to do repairing of all kinds. Wagon and Blacksmith shop on Water street.

WM. MASSER.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

UNLIKE ANY OTHER FOR HOUSEHOLD USE.

Was originated and first prescribed by AN OLD FAMILY PHYSICIAN in 1810. Could a remedy without real merit have survived over eighty years?

SOOTHING, HEALING, PENETRATING For INTERNAL and EXTERNAL use.

[illegible] I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

Central Pharmacy.

FRANK R. FOSTER,

DEALER IN

DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

Fancy Goods,

TOILET ARTICLES, &C

A FULL LINE OF

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

FRANK R. FOSTER,

PHARMACIST,

Grand Central Hotel Building, Smethport

DO YOU COUGH

DON'T DELAY TAKE

KEMP'S BALSAM

THE BEST COUGH CURE

Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles, 50 cents and $1.00.

BLACKSMITHING!

The subscriber has purchased the blacksmith shop recently occupied by Charles Krueger, on Mechanic street, near Gifford's saw-mill, where he is prepared to do first-class blacksmithing, including

HORSESHOEING.

Satisfaction guaranteed. He also manufactures

SLEIGHS.

Lumbering Purposes, with Patent Brake desired.

Can Cure All Ordinary Lameness in Horse's Neck and Legs.

CHAS. W. LILGENDAHL.

Smethport, Aug. 6th, 1892.

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Scientific American

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Address MUNN & CO., Publishers, 361 Broadway, New York.

Subscribe for the Miner.

The Delightful Capital City of the Hawaiian Isles.

Honolulu, which is just now attracting the special attention of the outside world, is picturesquely situated on the island of Oahu, facing a small harbor formed by a coral reef, which extends along the shore at the distance of some 100 yards and against which the swell of the sea breaks. Although there is plenty of water inside the quiet inner harbor, which is reached by a narrow channel, large vessels have to remain in the roadstead, which is capacious and perfectly safe. Approached from the sea, the white latticed houses of Honolulu appear to nestle among groves of coconut palms, breadfruit, candle nuts, tamarinds, mangoes, bananas and oranges, with the brilliant green of a narrow strip of sugar cane for a background, above which rise the mountains of Eka to a height of 6,000 feet, while in the distance looms a lofty line of peaks lifted from the bottom of the sea by tremendous volcanic upheavals, riven here and there by green chasms and wide valleys, the latter being carefully cultivated to a distance of six or seven miles from the shore.

The town in its business quarters along the waterside wharves looks commonplace, but Honolulu proper, with its low fronted houses fringing long embowered lanes, shady and cool with overhanging foliage and gay with countless blossoms, presents a lovely aspect. There is no winter in these happy isles, and all the year round the garden fences are everywhere brilliant with red hibiscus, pomegranates and oranges, including all sorts of tropical and subtropical trees, including palms of many varieties, sweet perfumes filling the soft air around. Sir Edwin Arnold describes the beautiful scenery into meets along the line of the seabeach in the most glowing terms:

Every house along the beautiful highway running round to Diamond Head has this glorious sea frontage of the golden sand,

AVENUE OF PALMS NEAR HONOLULU.

the green lagoon, the coral barrier and the gleaming open ocean, and for bathing, fishing and boating delights nothing anywhere could surpass it. We see the canoes of the natives come shooting in like sea arrows from the main on the white neck of a breaker, the paddles flashing, the men—wild with the pleasure of their strength and skill—singing at the top of their well modulated voices and no more afraid of the milky roll of that vast Pacific breaker than if it were one of their own little white ponies. They are all accomplished swimmers and do not seem at all afraid of the sharks even if outside the coral barrier.

Fleet Street In London.

Fleet street has been one of the main thoroughfares of London for many centuries. The Fleet ditch which ran into the Thames was a famous if not a savory stream. The Fleet prison was long a terror to London apprentices. Nowadays Fleet street, leading to Ludgate hill and St. Paul's cathedral, is still the chief thoroughfare from the west to the city. Here the great daily newspapers have their offices, and on either side there are narrow alleys and courts, where are still to be found what were once the residences of the rich and the noble, now used for the various purposes of trade.

The old houses are vanishing, for they are being pulled down to give place to more commodious buildings. The city commissioners of sewers have condemned them as unsafe, and their quaint gables and balconies and overhanging windows will soon have vanished.

It is said that the great fire of A. D. 1666 was stayed just before it reached these houses, which even then were counted old. It is almost certain that in A. D. 1570 Henry Elsing had a bakery at one of them under the sign of "The Spread Eagle," and that they were built in the earlier years of King Henry VIII. Inside the oak staircases and balustrades, the huge floor beams and the wainscoting remain much as they were three centuries ago.

All About Allspice.

The island of Jamaica produces about all the allspice that is used. It is known also as pimento or Jamaica pepper. The tree on which the berries grow is evergreen, and the flowers grow in dense clusters. These develop into small green aromatic berries the size of black pepper. If allowed to ripen, they become pulpy and lose some of their pungency. For commercial purposes the berries are gathered when green, carefully dried in the sun, and afterward packed in bags holding 160 to 180 pounds and shipped. Pimento trees grow in many parts of tropical America, but nowhere do they thrive as in Jamaica. The trees are never planted by man and receive no cultivation worthy of the name. The seeds are dropped by the birds, and the rains and the tropical sun do the rest. Surplus trees are cut down and become walking sticks and umbrella handles. This spice is more mild and innocent than most other spices.

Valuable Mandolins.

The mandolin, which has become so great a craze of late from its great simplicity, is without doubt the easiest to learn of all stringed instruments and therefore an excellent stepping stone to further study. Old mandolins are very rare and consequently valuable, but the chief value of a mandolin depends largely upon the amount of inlaid work expended upon it. Mandolins are made all over Europe, but undoubtedly the best come from Italy.

The important points of a good mandolin depend greatly upon its depth of body. There should be as many sections as possible in it. These are not put there for mere ornament, but are actually inlaid or carefully jointed. The shape of the opening varies, but the best are usually oval, not necessarily very wide. Below the bridge the face should shelve away.

The Most Fashionable Language.

Professor Vambery has been lecturing on the "Fashion of Languages" before the Buda-Pesth English club. English, he said, may now be called the most fashionable language in all the five parts of the world.

That old established cough remedy, Downs' Elixir, still more than holds its own in the public estimation, despite sharp and active competition. It is a "home remedy," and in this locality needs no words of praise, so well and favorably known is it. It is the standard remedy for coughs, colds and all throat troubles, with great numbers of our people, and their continued use and unsolicited recommendation of it speaks volumes in its favor. Burlington Vt., Free Press.

The following item has been going the rounds of the press and as our druggist A. B. Armstrong handles the goods, it may interest our readers: Having had occasion to use Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, it gives me pleasure to state that I found it to be the best medicine for a cough I ever used; in fact, it cured me of a cough that had baffled several other cough medicines.—M. R. Burnett, Atalissa, Iowa.

Lane's Family Medicine Moves the Bowels Each day. Most people need to use it.

MEADVILLE

Business College.

Spring Term.

A spring term of eight weeks at half rates will commence in this institution on Monday April 10, 1893, also a summer term of the same length of time and rates will begin July 31. All persons attending the two terms can graduate in any of the departments for from $[illegible] to $[illegible]. Saving at least $[illegible] in either business or shorthand course. Rates for either term: Business course, $20; Shorthand and Typewriting course, $20; Typewriting and Penmanship $5; English branches, $4; all other branches equally as low. Send for special circular. Address A. W. SMITH,
Mar 24-2t Meadville.

Where the Swift and Strong Eagle Builds Its Nest.

There are several varieties of eagles, some of which build their nests in trees, but the larger kinds build on high crags. They do not take much trouble with their nests. They find a place on the face of a cliff which is inaccessible to men, and here they collect a large quantity of sticks, with no effort at arrangement. When they have formed a tolerably large platform in this manner, they line just a small part in the midst with grass, and here are laid two or sometimes three white eggs. These eggs are much sought after, and bold, skillful cragsmen frequently risk their lives to obtain them.

AN EAGLE'S EYRIE.

From the kind of food on which the eagles live you will suppose that the nest, or eyrie, as it is called, is not a very pleasant spot even if you could get to it. The lambs or rabbits or fish which the bird has captured are carried to the nest and torn in pieces for the young, and the remains of dead animals lie thick on and about the nest, making it a very unpleasant place indeed.

The eagle is swift in flight and can readily capture other birds even when flying. Because the eagle is so strong and swift and brave, it has been from the most ancient days used as a symbol of power by different nations. The Assyrians, then the Persians, then the Romans of ancient days, used the eagle as their standard, just as we do in the United States.

Springtime.

There is dew on the grass and the clover,
There's a gleam on the faraway hill,
The meadows are glistening all over
And merrily ripples the rill.
Come out, come out to the fields and play,
We must be happy and merry and gay,
For this is our springtime holiday.

Do you see how the fairies are dancing along,
Singing so gayly and free,
There in the glow where the bright sunbeams throng,
Frolicking down to the sea?
Let us be happy and merry and gay,
Let us be gladsome and joyous as they,
As to the meadows we hasten away.

Fled is the winter and hoary Jack Frost;
Melted the ice and the snow.
The flowers their mantle of swansdown have tossed
To the winds that were waiting, I know.
All things are happy and merry and gay.
All things rejoice in this spring holiday—
We, too, will be glad. Come away! come away!

The Forgetmenot.

Everybody knows the pretty little forgetmenot and likes the flower more perhaps because of its name than its beauty. How was it so called? The Germans account for it by quite a pathetic romance. It seems that once upon a time a knight and a lady were walking by the bank of the Danube when the latter asked her "gallant gay" to pluck for her a tiny blue flower which she saw growing in the stream. No sooner said than done, but the knight, overbalancing, fell into the river, and owing to the slippery nature of the bank and the weight of his own armor was carried away by the current. As he threw the flowers ashore to his lady he cried out with his last breath, "Vergiss mein nicht" ("Forget me not!") And ever since the flower has been looked on as an emblem of fidelity.

Teaching the Dollies.

Barbara sits with her dollies to look,
Filled with delight at a wonderful book,
And here she can read, as plain as can be,
In gay colored letters her A B C.

The curly shaped S, and the big round O,
And the Q with its tail a dunce may know,
But this bright maid has a wise little head
And knows all her letters from A to Z.

Now what do you guess is her task today,
Which Barbara likes much better than play?
She is striving to teach with patient care
Her two smart dollies perched up on the chair.

THEY NEVER CAN LEARN THEIR A B C.

In their blank staring eyes of china blue
There is not an idea between the two
Of a word she says, it is very plain,
Though Barbara tries again and again.

You might toil a month in their heads to fix
This letter or that of the twenty-six—
The Q with its tail or the big round O—
And all would be labor in vain, you know.

For their heads are empty as they can be,
And they never can learn their A B C,
And however long they stand on the chair
Their eyes would be fixed in a vacant stare.

Almond Custard.

Beat 2 spoonfuls of rosewater or any flavoring you choose to a pint of thin cream or new milk. Then stir it into the yolks of 4 eggs, with 4 ounces ground almonds and sugar to taste. Stir it over a slow fire till it thickens, but do not let it boil. Serve in glasses, with the whites of the eggs whipped to a stiff froth and flavored to taste, piled on the cups.

Wanted.

Agents to sell our choice and hardy Nursery stock. We have many special varities, both in fruits and ornamentals to offer, which are controlled only by us. We pay commission or salary. Write us at once for terms, and secure choice of territory.

MAY BROTHERS, Nurserymen,
Rochester, N. Y.

RHEUMATISM CURED IN A DAY.—"Mystic Cure" for Rheumatism and Neuralgia radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits, 75 cents. Sold by A. B. Armstrong Druggist. Smethport.

Allow me to add my tribute to the efficacy of Ely's Cream Balm. I was suffering from a severe attack of influenza and catarrh and was induced to try your remedy. The result was marvelous. I could hardly articulate, and in less than twenty-four hours the catarrhal symptoms and my hoarseness disappeared and I was able to sing a heavy role in Grand Opera with voice unimpaired. I strongly recommend it to all singers.—Wm. H. Hamilton, Leading Basso of the C. D. Hess Grand Opera Co.

Mother's Friend.

is the greatest blessing ever offered child bearing woman. I have been a Midwife many years and in each case where Mother's Friend has been used, it has accomplished wonders and relieved much suffering. It is the best remedy for rising of the breast known, and worth the price for that alone. Mrs. M. A. Brewster, Montgomery, Ala.

Considered on the Broad Basis of Its Effect on the Human Race.

When we should marry is a question which presents itself in many different lights and admits of as many different answers. Herr Korosi, statistician of Buda-Pesth, has been investigating it from the standpoint of health, to determine what effect early or late marriages may have, firstly, on the two persons joined together by the knot, and, secondly, on their children, which means on the human race at large.

In the past 10 years he has noted the age of the parents in 23,813 registered cases of the deaths of children. These cases he divides into two groups, one containing all deaths caused by hereditary disease, the other where death was due to some disease contracted after birth. From these he finds that the age of the mother is more determining in its results on the infant than the father's age, though the latter is by no means without effect, and that very young mothers, under the age of 20, most frequently give birth to weak children, who are not able to fight the battle of life and die soon after birth. A table of percentages of death from hereditary causes (excluding tuberculosis) is subjoined:

Age of Mother.	Percentage of Deaths.
Under 20 years	22.81
20 to 30 years	14.21
30 to 35 years	12.85
Over 35 years	13.43

Fathers under 25 years old stand on about the same level in these tables as mothers under 20, and the best results on the health of children is seen among fathers whose ages range from 30 to 40.

The following table shows the result of the "age combination" of both parents in deaths from hereditary disease:

Age of Fathers.	Age of Mothers.	Percentage of Deaths.
30 to 40	30 to 35	12.09
30 to 50	30 to 35	12.80
Over 50	over 35	12.64
30 to 40	over 35	12.61
30 to 40	20 to 30	13.24
40 to 50	over 35	13.46
20 to 30	20 to 30	15.35
40 to 50	30 to 35	15.40
Over 50	30 to 35	17.64
40 to 50	20 to 30	18.61
20 to 30	over 35	18.60
Over 50	20 to 30	21.21
20 to 30	under 20	21.71
30 to 40	under 20	27.69

This table appears to bring out three important points—first, that men should not marry before the age of 25 if they wish to have healthy and strong children; second, women between the ages of 30 and 35—and this applies with still greater emphasis to women under 30 years of age—ought not to contract marriages with men who have passed the age of 50; third, that it is not wise for women over 35 years of age to marry men under 30 years.

The Philosophy of a Boil.

Philosophy and a boil do not at first glance appear to have much to do with each other, but the medical summary bids us "look at the philosophy of the boil, carbuncle and like affections," as follows: Some fault exists in the regular elimination, and the morbid material is collected at some convenient point to force it out of the system in an extraordinary manner, and it will be noticed that a wall of coagulable lymph forms around it to complete the enucleation, and the obvious indication is to assist in this work, which can be done in the most admirable way by applying collodion over the hardened, thickened part, leaving the center uncovered.

On drying the collodion contracts and thus firmly separates and protects the surrounding parts from the pestiferous mass. By touching the suppurating points with pure nitric acid and keeping the center of the tumor moist there is a prompt discharge of the pus and a rapid recovery.

ETIQUETTE

LETTERS OF CONDOLENCE.

They Should Be Simple, Sincere and Speedily Sent.

"To write a letter of congratulation on a happy event in the history of a friend is a comparatively easy task. Words of cheer and felicitation fall trippingly from the pen as from the tongue. The letter of condolence requires more care, more delicacy, a greater comprehension, a fuller recognition of the friend's character and environment. Many people hesitate to write their thought of sympathy to one who is suffering under the first surprise and bewildering shock of a deep bereavement. The impulse is strong to put forth a hand in the dark and give the warm clasp which means 'I am sorry,' 'I grieve in your grief,' 'I would help you if I could,' but quick upon its heels tread the suggestions of caution. 'I do not know her well enough to intrude,' whispers an instinctive refinement of pity. 'My rude thrusting in of myself would only tear open the wound afresh.' 'Should I attempt to speak words of consolation they would sound like platitudes, appear conventional or perfunctory.' The arguments are often so reasonable in their appeal to common sense that the original tender impulse is resolutely crushed back. One prays for one's friend, but does not directly address her."

"In most cases the silence is a mistake," decides Harper's Bazar, after presenting the case in the foregoing words. "Occasionally it is better than speech, we grant, particularly when those of whom we think are mere acquaintances, not even in the outer circle as yet of friendship, or when the sufferers are specially shy of manner and reticent of nature.

"Usually, however, the letter of condolence, if short, earnest and sincere, is an olive branch of promise borne as by a very messenger dove of peace over the wild whirling waste of snow. The simpler it is the surer its errand of mercy. The sooner it is sent the more speedily its tender balm is laid on the aching heart. On the whole, it is always very nearly safe to trust to the early friendly impulse and to disregard the later detaining hand of caution."

An Evening Gown.

A rich white brocade gown, made in the new fashion, with every seam widening from below the knee and kept out by a balayeuse, composed of two white flounces, with a pink one in the middle, has the puffed sleeves of coral pink velvet and the chemisette of the same, the latter emerging from the brocade front and softened by very delicate passementerie. A gown composed mainly of turquoise blue velvet is cut very similarly. Turquoise blue velvet is the favorite trimming on black bodices.

Here it is and it fills the bill much better than anything we could say: "It gives me the greatest pleasure to write you in regard to Chamberlain's Cough Balm. During the past winter I have sold more of it than any other kind, and have never had any medicine in my store that gave such universal satisfaction." J. M. Roney, Druggist, Geuda Spring, Kansas. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by A. B. Armstrong, Druggist,

Bad complexion indicates an unhealthy state of the system. DeWitt's Little Early Risers are the pills that will cure this. They act on the liver, they act on the stomach act on the bowels. For sale by A. B. Armstrong.

"There is salve for every wound." We refer to DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, cures burns, bruises, cuts, indolent sores as a local application in the nostrils it cures catarrh, and always cures piles. For sale by A. B. Armstrong.

Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment.

A certain cure for Chronic Sore Eyes, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Old Chronic Sores, Fever Sores, Eczema, Itch, Prairie Scratches, Sore Nipples and Piles. It is cooling and soothing. Hundreds of cases have been cured by it after all other treatment had failed. It is put up in 25 and 50 cent boxes.

It is a truth in medicine that the smallest dose that performs a cure is the best. DeWitt's Little Risers are the smallest pill that will perform a cure, and are the best. For sale by A. B. Armstrong.

FINE TAILORING AT LOWEST PRICES!

FLORENZE STICKELS,

MERCHANT -. TAILOR,

In the Armstrong, JOHNSONBURG, PA.

FINE -:- WORK -:- A -:- SPECIALTY.

All the Novelties for Fall and Winter Wear Now in Stock.

Branch Store at Brockwayville. F. L. SWANEY, Manager.

NEW -:- FURNITURE

SPECHT & SASSE

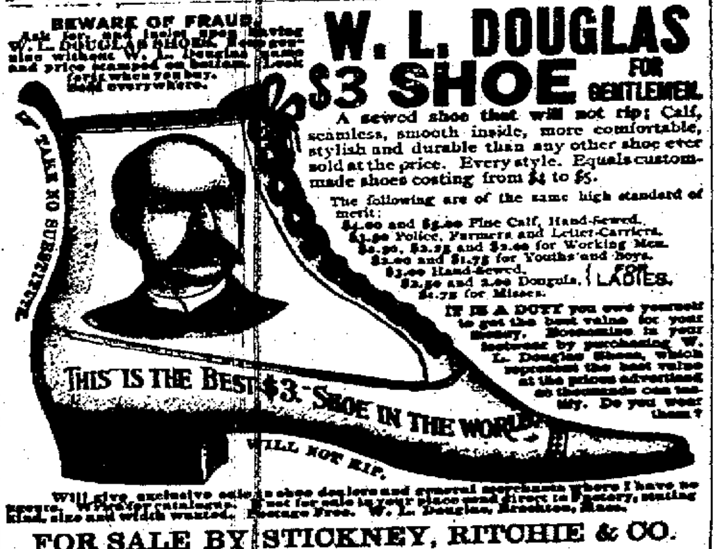
We have a large stock of the latest designs in furniture and we are able to offer some very attractive bargains. If you want a single piece of furniture or an outfit for your home, it will pay you to see our stock

DON'T FAIL TO CALL

before making a purchase elsewhere

Undertaking in all its branches a specialty

Corner of Main and Union Streets. SMETHPORT.



BEWARE OF FRAUD. Ask for, and insist upon having W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES. None genuine without W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom. Look for it when you buy. Sold everywhere.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.

A sewed shoe that will not rip; Calf, seamless, smooth inside, more comfortable, stylish and durable than any other shoe ever sold at the price. Every style. Equals custom-made shoes costing from $4 to $5.

The following are of the same high standard of merit:

$4.00 and $5.00 Fine Calf, Hand-Sewed.
$3.50 Police, Farmers and Letter-Carriers.
$2.50, $2.25 and $2.00 for Working Men.
$2.00 and $1.75 for Youths and Boys.
$3.00 Hand-Sewed, } FOR
$2.50 and 2.00 Dongola, } LADIES.
$1.75 for Misses.

IT IS A DUTY you owe yourself to get the best value for your money. Economize in your footwear by purchasing W. L. Douglas Shoes, which represent the best value at the prices advertised as thousands can testify. Do you wear them?

THIS IS THE BEST $3. SHOE IN THE WORLD. WILL NOT RIP. TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.

Will give exclusive sale to shoe dealers and general merchants where I have no agents. Write for catalogue. If not for sale in your place send direct to Factory, stating kind, size and width wanted. Postage Free. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

FOR SALE BY STICKNEY, RITCHIE & CO.

BROWNELL BROS,

SMETHPORT, PA.,

Manufactured by SWANTON SUSPENDER CO. SWANTON VT. KEEP YOUR PANTS ON WITH THE ATWOOD SUSPENDER.

We are sole agents of the above Suspenders.

Announces to the people of Smethport and vicinity that their stock is now complete and embraces many

Novelties in Every Department,

Designed for the

EVERY-DAY-TRADE.

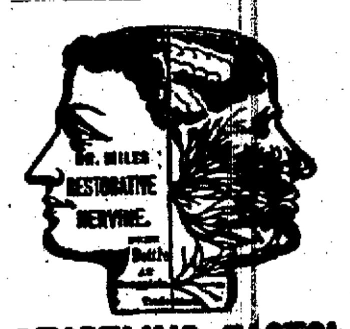
OUR EPECUREAN DEPARTMENT is supplied with all the leading brands of Canned and Bottled Good, including fruits, vegetables, meats soups, etc.

OUR DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT embraces all the latest fabrics in Dress Goods, White Goods, Table Linens, Damasks, &c.

OUR SHOE DEPARTMENT can not be beat. Fine Shoes for Ladies' Misses' and Children's wear. Also Men's Youths' and Boys' Boots and Shoes of every description.

We have also in stock a full line of Hats and Caps, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Gloves and Mittens

Groceries and Provisions and the Best Brands of Flour in the Market.



DR. MILES' RESTORATIVE NERVINE.

STARTLING FACTS!

The American people are rapidly becoming a race of nervous wrecks, and the following suggests the best remedy: Alphonso Hempfling, of Butler, Pa., swears that when his son was speechless from St. Vitus Dance, Dr. Miles' Great Restorative Nervine cured him. Mrs. J. R. Miller, of Valparaiso, Ind., J. D. Taylor, of Logansport, Ind., each gained 20 pounds from taking it. Mrs. H. A. Gardner, of Vistula, Ind., was cured of 40 to 50 convulsions a day, and much headache, dizziness, backache, and nervous prostration, by one bottle. Daniel Myers, Brooklyn, Mich., says his daughter was cured of insanity of long years standing. Trial bottles and fine book of marvelous cures, FREE at druggists. This remedy contains no opiates.

Dr. Miles' Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

TRIAL BOTTLE FREE.

SOLD BY A. B. ARMSTRONG.

Garfield Tea

Overcomes results of bad eating. Cures Sick Headache, Restores Complexion, Saves Doctors' Bills. Sample free. GARFIELD TEA CO., 319 W. 45th St., N.Y.

Cures Constipation

Palmer & Church,

Livery, Feed and Sale

STABLES.

Largest, Best Equipped and Most Complete Livery Establishment in McKean county.

Prompt attention to orders by wire.

T. H. PURTLE

General Blacksmithing,

CARRIAGE AND WAGGON WORK

WATER ST., SMETHPORT, PA.

Having bought out the carriage and wagon making business of John Serration, I am now prepared to do all work in the above line.

CARRIAGE PAINTING A SPECIALTY.

Repairing in all its branches promptly done by the aid of competent workmen. I am able to turn out first class work at moderate price.

Agent for Edmund's Celebrated Hoof Expander, a positive cure for contracted feet. A reward of $100 will be paid for any case of contraction that cannot be cured by the use of this contrivance.

Horses For Sale.

10 head good, sound, young horses—Workers and Drivers—All around general purpose stock at very favorable prices.

PALMER & CHURCH.

Smethport, Pa., Feb. 10th, 1893.

INSURANCE

Life, Fire and Accident written by

W. F. SPECHT,

SMETHPORT, PA.

In good, reliable companies.

FOR SALE!

The County Right of McKean to sell the

Columbian Burglar Alarm.

Something new. Agents make big money. Best seller on the market. Write quick for particulars.

THE J. F. HARVEY NOVELTY MFG. CO.,
Johnsonburg, Pa.

with River Division for Allegany, Salamanca, Oil City and Franklin.

For Clermont, Johnsonburg and points south:

CLERMONT MAIL .... 7.33 A. M.
CLERMONT ACCOMMOD'N .... 12.30 P. M.
LOCAL .... 7.00 P. M.

Clermont Mail connects through to Johnsonburg.

Get Time Tables giving full information from A. K. WORNER, Ticket Agent.

H. BALL, General Sup't.
J. A. FELLOWS, Gen. Pass'r. & T'k't. Agt.,
Buffalo, N. Y.

Bradford, Bordell and Kinzua R. R. Co.

Direct lines between Bradford, Kane and the Elk county oil field.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT JUNE [illegible]

WESTWARD. p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	STATIONS.	EASTWARD. a. m.	a. m.	p. m.
7 45		[illegible]	ar..Bradford..lv	7 15		[illegible]
7 05		[illegible]	Kinzua Junct'n	[illegible]		[illegible]
6 57		[illegible]	Alton	[illegible]		[illegible]
6 16		[illegible]	Davis	[illegible]		[illegible]
6 30		[illegible]	Simpson	[illegible]		[illegible]
6 23		[illegible]	Ormsby	[illegible]		[illegible]
6 10		[illegible]	Smethport	[illegible]		[illegible]
5 45		7 30	Mt. Jewett	9 30		[illegible]
5 20		[illegible]	Kane	10 15		[illegible]
4 45			Carlenes	[illegible]		
4 24			Spring Creek	11 04		
4 11			Sheffield J.	11 40		
4 05			Watson	[illegible]		
3 30			Marienville	[illegible]		
1 05			Clarion	[illegible]		
12 15			Foxburg	[illegible]		
11 40			Parker	4 00		
11 10			Petrolia	[illegible]		
11 05			Karns	[illegible]		
10 50			Millerstown	[illegible]		
10 05			Butler	[illegible]		
8 15			Wildwood	7 05		
7 30			Allegheny	7 45		
a.m.				p.m.		

JNO. C. McKENNA,
Superintendent.

Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh Railway

THE SHORT LINE

Between, Buffalo, Rochester, Salamanca, Bradford, Ridgway, DuBois, Punxsutawney and the Coal and Lumber Regions of Pennsylvania.

On and after Nov. 13, 1892, passenger trains will leave Bradford and Mt. Jewett, daily except Sunday, as follows:

LEAVE BRADFORD—EAST BOUND.

7.30 a. m.—Buffalo & Rochester Express—For Salamanca, Ellicottville, Springville, Colden, Buffalo, Machias, Gainesville, Silver Springs, Warsaw, LeRoy and Rochester.

2.30 p. m.—Mail—For Salamanca, Ellicottville, Springville, Colden, Buffalo, Machias, Gainesville, Silver Springs, Warsaw, LeRoy, and Rochester.

2.30 p. m.—Buffalo Express—Sundays only. For Limestone, Carrollton, Salamanca, Ellicottville, Springville, Colden and Buffalo.

LEAVE MT. JEWETT—SOUTH-BOUND.

6.07 a m.—Accommodation—For Johnsonburg, Ridgway, Brockwayville, DuBois and Punxsutawney.

1.40 p. m.—Mail—For Johnsonburg, Ridgway, Brockwayville, DuBois and Punxsutawney.

5.15 p. m.—Accommodation—For Johnsonburg, Ridgway, Brockwayville, DuBois and Punxsutawney.

Thousand Mile Tickets, good for passage between all stations, at two cents per mile.

For time tables and full information call on or address any of the Company's agents, or

D. LUNDERGAN, Agent Bradford, Pa.
EDWARD C. LAPEY:
J. H. BARRETT, Gen'l Passenger Agent,
Gen'l Superintendent, Rochester, N. Y.
Bradford, Pa.

COUDERSPORT & PORT ALLEGANY Railroad Time Table, takes effect Monday, July 6, 1891.

A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	STATIONS.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
11.10	8.02	1.05	Coudersport	8.20	1.50	[illegible]
10.59	8.01	1.01	Pine Creek Jc	8.22	1.52	[illegible]
10.57	7.59	12.56	Hammond	8.24	1.54	[illegible]
10.51	7.56	12.53	Fish Basket	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
10.47	7.54	12.52	Olmsted	8.30	[illegible]	[illegible]
10.41	7.50	12.47	Mina	8.34	[illegible]	[illegible]
10.31	7.44	12.40	Knowlton	8.40	[illegible]	[illegible]
10.27	7.40	12.35	Roulette	8.45	[illegible]	[illegible]
10.14	7.32	12.23	Burtville	8.55	[illegible]	[illegible]
10.06	7.25	12.16	Coleman	9.02	[illegible]	[illegible]
10.00	7.20	12.11	Port Allegany	9.07	[illegible]	[illegible]

PINE CREEK DIVISION.

1.16 p. m.	6.15 a. m.	Coudersport	a. m. 7.26	p. m. [illegible]
1.11	6.16	Pine Creek Junction	7.03	[illegible]
1.17	6.24	Fair Grounds	[illegible]	[illegible]
1.20	6.27	Ladona	6.58	[illegible]
.28	6.35	Sweden Valley	6.50	[illegible]

Trains run on eastern standard time.

B. A. McCLURE, Supt.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

PHILADELPHIA & ERIE DIVISION TIME TABLE. In effect Dec 18, 1892.

TRAINS LEAVE EMPORIUM JUNCTION

EASTWARD.

8.24 a. m.—Train 8, daily except Sunday, for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6.19 p. m., New York 9.26 p. m., Baltimore 6.15 p. m., Washington 8.14 p. m. Pullman Parlor car through from Williamsport and passenger coaches from Kane to Philadelphia.

2.55 p. m.—Train 6, daily except Sunday, for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4.25 a. m., New York 7.10 a. m., Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7.30 a. m.

9.55 p. m.—Train 4, daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Philadelphia 6.50 a. m., New York 9.20 a. m., Baltimore 6.20 a. m., Washington 7.30 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Erie and Williamsport to Philadelphia and passenger cars from Erie to Philadelphia. Passengers in sleeper for Baltimore and Washington will be transferred into Washington sleeper at Harrisburg.

WESTWARD.

5.15 a. m.—Train 1, daily except Sunday for Ridgway, DuBois Clermont and intermediate stations, leaves Ridgway 3.00 p. m. for Erie.

10.30 a. m.—Train 3, daily for Erie and intermediate stations.

1.05 p. m.—Train 11 daily except Sunday Kane and intermediate stations.

THROUGH TRAINS for EMPORIUM JUNCTION FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Train 1 leaves Renovo 4.35 a. m., daily except Sunday, arriving at Emporium Jc. 6.18 a. m. Train 11 leaves Philadelphia 4.30 a. m., Wilkesbarre 10.15 a. m. Washington a. m. 7.50, Baltimore 8.45 a.m. daily except Sunday, arriving at Emporium Junction 7.00 p. m. with Pullman Parlor car from Philadelphia to Williamsport and passenger coaches to Kane. Train 3, leaves New York 8.00 p. m., Philadelphia 11.20 p. m., Washington 10.40 p. m. Baltimore 11.40 p. m., daily arriving at Emporium Junc. 10.20 a.m., with Pullman Palace sleeping cars from Philadelphia to Erie and from Washington and Baltimore to Williamsport and passenger coaches from Philadelphia to Erie.

JOHNSONBURG RAILROAD.

Daily except Sunday.

NORTH A. M. Lv.	STATIONS.	SOUTH Ar. A. M.
9 40	Ridgway	11 [illegible]
9 53	Johnsonburg	11 [illegible]
10 10	Glen Hazel	11 [illegible]
10 18	Straight	11 [illegible]
10 24	Instanter	11 [illegible]
10 30	Smith's Run	11 [illegible]
10 37	Woodvale	11 [illegible]
10 45	Clermont	[illegible]

Connections are made with train 1, leaving Johnsonburg at 2.18 p. m. for Erie and intermediate points, arriving at Erie at 8.05 p. m. also at Ridgway with train 6, leaving Ridgway at 1.45 p. m. for Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington.

CHAS. E. PUGH, J. R. WOOD
General Manager Gen'l Passenger Ag't.

DRUGS.

Patent Medicines,

Stationery,

Fancy Goods.

DRUGGISTS' -:- SUNDRIES.

Prescriptions promptly filled.

H. C. WELLS, - Smethport, Pa.

WANTED AGENTS, local and travelling, at once, to sell Ornamental Trees, Rose shrubs and fruits. Experience unnecessary. Salary and expenses paid weekly. Permanent positions. No security required. Must furnish reference as to good character. CHARLES H. CHASE, Rochester, N.Y. Mention this paper.

ONE DOLLAR EVERY HOUR

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VOLUME XXX. SMETHPORT, PA., FRIDAY, APRIL 28, 1893. NUMBER 17.

than that of any paper published in McKean County, outside of Bradford.

McKean County Miner

[illegible] ROGERS & SON, Proprietors.

Official Directory.

STATE.

Governor—Robert E. Pattison.
Lieutenant Governor—L. A. Watres.
State Treasurer—Henry K. Boyer.
Auditor General—Thomas McCamant.
Secretary Internal Affairs—Thos. J. Stewart.

DISTRICT AND COUNTY.

President Judge—A. G. Olmsted, Coudersport.
Additional Law Judge—Thomas A. Morrison.
Member of Congress—C. W. Stone, Warren.
State Senator—Anthony F. Hennen, Bradford.
Members of Assembly—W. E. [illegible], Bradford; [illegible] H. Mort, Bradford.
District Attorney—J. W. Bouton, Smethport.
Sheriff—[illegible], Smethport.
Prothonotary—J. M. McElroy, Smethport.
County Treasurer—[illegible] C. Fagnan, Bradford.
County Commissioners—James Higgins, Crosby; Frank [illegible], Farmers Valley?; Warley Gilbert, Smethport.
[illegible]—M. E. Green, Smethport.
[illegible]—D. M. Smith, D. F. [illegible].
Auditors—[illegible], Bradford; J. O. Lobbell, [illegible]; D. Wells, Smethport.
Mercantile Appraiser—W. A. Young, Farmers Valley.
Coroner—[illegible] F. [illegible], Bradford.
County School Sup't—W. F. Nichols, Smethport.

BOROUGH.

Burgess—W. D. Gallup.
Council—John Forrest, [illegible] M. Partin, W. D. [illegible], William Hunnell, Burt Brook, F. D. [illegible].
Justices—G. M. Smith, F. Ford.
Constable—H. L. [illegible].
School Directors—E. L. Keenan, D. C. Young, T. [illegible], E. R. Mayo, H. J. Gilbert, W. D. [illegible].
Collector—J. A. Yonkee.
Assessor—John Hungerford.
Ass't Assessors—D. C. Young, A. D. Burbank.
Auditors—Wm. D. Gallup, J. McCarty, J. C. [illegible].
Judge of Election—Frank R. Eaker.
Inspectors of Election—W. W. Burlingame, D. [illegible].

Regular Terms of Court—Fourth Monday in February, First Monday in June and October and second Monday in December.

Lodge Directory.

F. & A. M.—McKean Lodge, No. 388, meets on the second and fourth Wednesday of each month, at 7½ o'clock in the evening, at Masonic Hall, Main street.
WM. F. ECKELS, W. M.
[illegible] SMITH, Sec'y.

I. O. O. F.—Smethport Lodge, No. 389, meets every [illegible] evening at 8 o'clock in I. O. O. F. Hall. [illegible] Initiatory degree 1st meeting of [illegible]; 1st degree on second, 2d degree on third, and 3d degree on fourth meetings.
WILL YOUNKINS, N. G.
[illegible], Sec'y.

I. O. O. F.—Smethport Encampment No., 171 meets on first and third Wednesdays of each month in I. O. O. F. Hall.
[illegible] A. McIntosh, Chief Patriarch.
[illegible], Scribe.

G. A. R.—McKean Post No. 347, meets First and third Thursday evening of each month at [illegible] o'clock, in the A. O. U. W. Hall, Backus Block.
H. C. [illegible], Com.
[illegible], Adjutant.

W. R. C.—Meets Wednesday afternoon at [illegible] Hall, Backus Block.
MRS. SARAH M. VICKERY, Prest.
[illegible], Sec'y.

KNIGHTS OF ST. JOHN AND MALTA—Keystone Encampment, No. 17, meets every [illegible] evening in I. O. O. F. Hall.
DR. BURG CHADWICK, Em. Com.
[illegible] WALKER, Chancellor.

A. O. U. W.—Smethport Lodge, No. 362, meets second, fourth and last Tuesday evenings of each month in the A. O. U. W. Hall, Backus Block.
CHAS. LAWRENCE, M. W.
[illegible] GORTON, Recorder.

E. A. U.—Smethport Union, No. 322, meets on second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month in I. O. O. F. hall.
D. L. KNAPP, President.
MRS. M. VICKERY, Secretary.

K. O. T. M.—Smethport Tent, No. 1, meets every Monday evening at 7:30 in A. O. U. W. hall, Backus Block.
WM. McCAMMAN, Com.
[illegible] WALKER, R. K.

L. O. T. M. A.—Smethport Branch 23, meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month in W. C. T. U. hall, Backus block, at 7:30 p. m.
JANE LYNCH, Pres't.
[illegible] CLARK, Rec. Sec'y.

W. C. T. U.—Meets every alternate Wednesday afternoon at 3 p. m., in their hall, Backus Block.
MRS D. L. FORSYTHE, Prest.
MRS. M. E. RICHMOND, Sec'y.

Churches

Methodist—Rev. E. KILLAM, Pastor. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. every Sunday. Sabbath school immediately after morning services. Class Meeting at 10 a. m. Sunday. Prayer Meeting on Thursday evenings at 7 o'clock. [illegible] meetings Friday evenings at 7 o'clock. [illegible] meetings on Saturday evenings at 7 o'clock.

Baptist—REV. O. W. HALLWILL, pastor. Preaching every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school directly after morning services. Prayer meeting on Wednesday evenings at 7:30. Covenant meetings Saturday before the first Sunday in each month at 2 o'clock p. m. All are welcome.

Episcopal—J. HENRY McCANDLESS, Rector. Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Additional service at 8 a. m., except on first Sunday of each month. Sunday school at 2:30 p. m. Holy Communion first Sunday of each month.

St. [illegible] Memorial Chapel, East Smethport. Rev. J. HENRY McCANDLESS, Rector. Afternoon services every Sunday at 4 p. m. Sunday school 3:30 p. m. The Ladies' Guild meets every Friday at 10 a. m.

St. Elizabeth Catholic Church, J. J. GALLI[illegible], pastor. Mass at 11 a. m. Services at 3:30 p. m. Sunday School at 2 p. m. Services on alternate Sunday at Smethport and Clermont.

Union Services at King's Corners school house, East Smethport, every Sabbath afternoon at 3. Rev. [illegible]. Sabbath school immediately after the preaching.

Swedish—P. W. [illegible], Pastor. Services every Sunday morning at 10:30 a. m., 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 11:30 a. m. Class [illegible] at 10 a. m. and after evening preaching. Young People's Meeting, Saturday 7:30 p. m. All are invited.

[illegible] church, J. M. Leach, pastor. Services every Sunday at 2:30 p. m. Sunday School at [illegible] p. m. Gospel Service Wednesday evening. All are invited.

Professional Cards.

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[illegible] G. A. RICKERSON.
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ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW. Office [illegible] Bradford, Pa.

J. W. Bouton,
ATTORNEY AT LAW and District Attorney of McKean County. Office in the Court House, Smethport, Pa.

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Mullin & Mullin,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, 13 Main Street Bradford, Pa.

G. H. Mayo,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, AND NOTARY PUBLIC. [illegible] block, Smethport, Pa.

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JUSTICE OF THE PEACE AND COLLECTOR of taxes for Wetmore township, McKean county, Pa. P. O. address, Kanesholm, Pa.

H. M. Rogers,
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This House has recently been greatly improved in all its appointments, making it one of the most convenient hotels in the county. [illegible] hosts and attentive clerks. The tables are supplied with all the delicacies of the season. A liberal share of the public patronage is respectfully solicited.

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Entirely VEGETABLE AND A SURE CURE FOR
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Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Diseases of the Kidneys, Torpid Liver, Rheumatism, Dizziness, Sick Headache, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, Eruptions and Skin Diseases.
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Chattanooga

BY F. A. MITCHELL
LATE U. S. A.

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[CONTINUED.]

"Why, honey, do you think we turn ag'in ou' own folks! Ain't de Yankee sojers comen down fur to gib us liberation?"

"Ef y' d'd save a Union sojer from hangen, wil y' do it?"

"Fo' do Lo'd I would!"

"Then send this hankchiff to Souri Slack."

"Who Souri Slack?"

"She's my sister. She lives at Farmer Slack's."

"Whar dat?"

"On the Anderson road, close onter the Sequatchie river."

While this conversation was going on Jakey continued his efforts to find something at his feet. He picked up a stone, rolled in the handkerchief and threw them over the fence.

"What good dat do?" asked the colored woman, picking up the missile of war.

"When Souri gits it she'll know."

"Will dat sabe de Union sojer's neck?"

"Mebbe 't mought, 'n mebbe 't moughtn't."

"I cain't go myself—I'm too ole—but I'll start hit along. Reckon de darkies'll tote it."

She picked up her basket and was moving away when Jakey called to her.

"Auntie!"

"What, honey?"

"Yer mought git some un to tote hit ter an old nigger named Jefferson Randolph, ez lives up a creek 'bout five mile from hyar, near the pike runnen that a-way. Mebbe he'll pass hit on."

"Sho nuff."

"Yo' boy, thar!"

The jailer's wife was standing in an open window regarding Jakey severely.

"Come away from that ar fence!"

Jakey skipped along toward her, doing a little waltzing as he went.

"If that ar boy wasn't sich a chile, I'd think he'd b'en up to sumep'n."

"What war yer a-doen by that ar fence?" she asked when he came up.

"Nuthen."

"What war that y' throwed over?"

"Oh, I war only throwen stones."

"What yer throwen stones that a-way fur?"

"Fur fun."

"Well, y' just keep away from th' fence er y' shan't play in th' yard at all. I'll shet y' up with thet big brother o' yourn."

"Waal, I won't go thar no more." And Jakey took a top out of his trousers pocket and began plugging imaginary tops on the ground.

Mark hoped that the preparations the Confederates were making for the expected move would cause them to forget him. He was not destined to be so fortunate. The second day after his capture he was taken before a court martial held in a house occupied by the staff department, to be tried on the charge of being a spy.

The court was assembled and ready to proceed with the case. An officer had been detailed to defend the prisoner, but he had not arrived and the court waited. Presently a clatter of horse's hoofs was heard outside. It stopped before the door of the house, and in another moment Mark's counsel entered the room.

Mark looked at him with astonishment. In the tall, straight soldier, with black hair and eyes, mustache and goatee, bearing about him that something which indicates "to the manor born," he recognized the officer who had called at the Fains' on the morning he had left them—Captain Cameron Fitz Hugh.

As soon as he entered he beckoned the prisoner to follow him to a corner of the room apart from the others for consultation. It was not a convenient place for such an important interview, but one charged with being a spy was not likely to get many favors, and the exigencies of the case did not admit of aught except the bare forms of justice.

"Will you give me your confidence, my man, or shall I proceed at random?"

"At random."

"If you think it best to trust me, I give you the word of a Virginia gentleman that I will not betray you, and I will do all I can for you. I am a Fitz Hugh."

He said this unconscious of how it would sound to a northerner. To him to be a Fitz Hugh was to be incapable of a dishonorable act. Mark understood him perfectly; indeed his counsel inspired him with every confidence.

"I would explain everything to you, captain, but my secret is not all my own. I would be perfectly willing to trust my fate in your hands if I could honorably do so. You will doubtless fail in your defense, but I thank you for the effort you will make."

The trial was of brief duration. The soldiers in whose company Mark was taken were called and testified to his having masqueraded as a staff officer. Knowing now that he was probably a Union spy, they would have shielded him, but they had already given up the secret. Mark was asked where he lived.

He had entered his name at the hotel as coming from Jasper, so he gave that place as his residence, but when asked what county Jasper was in he could not tell. The maps he had studied, being military maps, did not give the counties. Then some Tennessee soldiers were brought in—the town swarmed with them—who testified that they lived at Jasper and had never seen the prisoner there. The closing evidence against Mark was given by the recruiting officer with whom he had promised to enlist. Hearing that a spy had been taken, and suspecting it might be his promised recruit, he went to the courtroom and there recognized the prisoner. His testimony was sufficient. The court had made up its mind before the prisoner's counsel had said a word.

Captain Fitz Hugh seemed distressed at not being able to bring forth any evidence in behalf of the prisoner. When he arose to speak in Mark's defense the court listened to him with marked attention and respect—indeed they were as favorably impressed with the accused's counsel as they were unfavorably disposed toward the accused. The captain was obliged to content himself with warning the court against convicting a man of being a spy because his identity was not satisfactorily explained and on circumstantial evidence. He asked that the prisoner might have more time than had been given him in which to gather evidence in his behalf.

The court denied this request and proceeded with a verdict. In forty minutes after Mark entered the courtroom he was found guilty of being a spy.

"Have you anything to say why the sentence of the court should not be passed upon you?"

"No, sir."

Captain Fitz Hugh interposed once more for delay.

"I would suggest," he said, "that inasmuch as some explanation may come to hand bearing on the case the court fix my client's punishment to take place on a day not nearer than a week from today."

"I had intended to fix it for tomorrow morning at sunrise," said the president, "but in deference to the prisoner's counsel I will compromise with him midway between a week, as he desires, and tomorrow, or allowing three days. The sentence of the court is that the prisoner be hanged by the neck until he is dead on the twenty-seventh day of August, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, or three days from today."

Before Mark was led out of the courtroom his counsel approached him. Considering the prejudice against the prisoner, another man would have suffered him to go without a word. Not so Captain Fitz Hugh. He strode up to Mark, the officers and soldiers present making a way for him, leaving him alone with the prisoner by withdrawing to another part of the room, and extended his hand.

"One thing is plain to me," he said, "whoever you are, you are a gentleman, and I believe you have sacrificed your life to your sense of duty. I am sorry that you did not trust me with your secret. Then I might have done something for you. As it is, I have done nothing."

"It would have availed nothing," said Mark. "You have done all you could under any circumstances. Besides, had I told you who I am, you might have felt it your bounden duty to your cause to make known the facts."

"Never," said Fitz Hugh proudly. "I owe more to myself, more to my sense of honor, more to my birth and breeding, more even to my state than to the Confederacy."

"Captain Fitz Hugh," said Mark with a voice in which there was a slight tremble, "you are of too fine grain. You are too frank, too truthful. Do not feel a moment's regret at not having been able to save me. Mine is but one of thousands of lives that must go out in this great struggle for human liberty. Mine is an ordinary nature. You are fitted for nobler work than war. I trust you will be spared to become an honor to your state and a reunited country. From the bottom of my heart I thank you."

The men clasped hands, and Mark was led away between two soldiers.

CHAPTER XI.

DE CAUSE OB FREDUM.

On the morning after Jakey's interview with the colored woman through the crack in the jailyard fence Souri Slack was washing dishes by an open window in the kitchen, an addition built of pine boards to one of the united houses which formed the Slack dwelling. The sun was shining brightly, and a morning glory she had trained up to grow about the window was fresh with dew. Souri's heart felt unusually light. The air was so fresh; the sun was so bright; the morning glory flowers had such a companionable look in them that Souri was very happy.

Suddenly there came to her a quick sinking away from the pleasurable sensation. A sense of danger rushed in to take its place. Surely something horrible was about to happen.

In a moment she heard the clatter of horse's hoofs coming at a gallop. Looking up the road, of which she had a view from the window, she saw a horse covered with foam tearing toward her, with a negro boy on his bare back. In a moment the rider was at the fence and had reined in his horse. Wild with haste and excitement, seeing Souri at the window, he called:

"Am dis Slack's place?"

"Yas."

"Whar Souri Slack?"

"Hyar."

"You?"

"Yas."

The boy held up a red handkerchief, and then jumping off his horse threw the reins over a picket in the fence, which he vaulted, and running up to the window poked the handkerchief at her. Souri at once recognized the handkerchief she had given Mark. Sewed on to a corner she noticed a piece of dirty cotton cloth on which some one had written with a pen in blotted letters:

Souri Slack
Farmer Slacks on de
Anderson road nigh Sequachy ribber
De cause ob fredum

"Whar'd y' git this?" asked Souri, her face white as ashes.

"Dunno. Left wid de niggers at Mr. Torbut's plantation. I'se Mr. Torbut's nigger."

"Who tole y' ter tote hit hyar?"

"Ole nigger what leabe hit."

"What'd he say?"

"Nuffen." And the boy pointed to the corner as if that was sufficient explanation for any one.

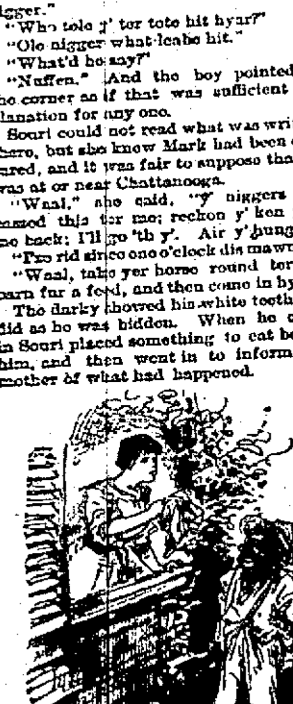
Souri could not read what was written there, but she knew Mark had been captured, and it was fair to suppose that he was at or near Chattanooga.

"Waal," she said, "y' niggers hev passed this ter me; reckon y' ken pass me back; I'll go 'th y'. Air y' hungry?"

"I'se rid since one o'clock dis mawnin."

"Waal, take yer horse round ter the barn fur a feed, and then come in hyar."

The darky showed his white teeth and did as he was bidden. When he came in Souri placed something to eat before him, and then went in to inform her mother of what had happened.



"Whar'd y' git this?" asked Souri.

"Maw," she said, "Jakey's tuk."

"La sakes!" exclaimed the mother with a scream. "Air they goen ter hang him?"

"Don't know. The sojer's tuk too. Reckon they'll hang him, sarten."

"How'd y' know?"

Souri told her about giving Mark the handkerchief and its return "in de cause ob fredum."

"What shall we do?" moaned the mother, rocking in concert with her feelings.

"I'm goen ter Chattanoogy ter find out."

"They'll hang y', too," whined Mrs. Slack.

"Reckon not. I mought find a way ter git Jakey outen jail."

"'N th' sojer too?"

"Mebbe."

"Air y' goen jest's y' air?"

Souri thought a while without replying. She would go with the colored boy of course. He could show her the way, and she might pass for some relative. But that would not do. She was white, and the boy was black. Why not darken her face? The idea was a good one.

"Maw," she said, "I'm a-goen' out ter find some berries to make me a merlatter," and before her mother could reply she was off. When she returned the negro boy had finished his breakfast. She told him that she would be ready to go back with him in half an hour. While she was talking to him he fell asleep. Then she thought it would be better to let him sleep all day and travel at night. Time would be lost, but there would be less liability to interruption, so she aroused him with difficulty and conducted him to an old sofa, where he at once dropped off again into slumberland.

It was about four o'clock in the afternoon when Souri awakened the boy. Seeing a mulatto girl standing by him in an old calico dress and a sunbonnet on her head he was astonished.

"Who yo'?" he asked.

"Don't y' know me?"

"Sho nuff!"

"What's yer name?"

"Julius."

"What's yer t'other name?"

"Ain't got none!"

"I'm goen with y' t' where y' started from; then I reckon I'll have ter go on alone."

"Ole man dar; he tote y' furder."

"Waal, come along. Eat a snack 'n then we'll go."

When Julius had eaten his fill they mounted the horse, the girl sitting straddled behind him. Souri, in a common calico dress and a very large sunbonnet, looked for all the world like a negro girl. Julius took her over hills innumerable, and at midnight drew rein near a large plantation. There they both got down, and Julius, who had surreptitiously taken one of his master's horses, returned it to the stable. Then he led the way to a row of negro cabins. Going to one of them he knocked on the door. It was opened by the negro with whom Mark and Jakey had staid on the creek between the Fains' and Chattanooga.

"Dis de gal," said Julius.

"Goen to Chattenoogy?" asked the old man.

"Reckon."

"I show yo' de way. Go right off?"

"Yas."

"Hab t' foot hit. Ain't got no horse."

"I can do hit."

The negro was evidently ready and expecting them, for without going back into the cabin he led the way eastward.

Souri tramped in his company the rest of the night, and at daybreak they were at his cabin on the creek. There she took a few hours' rest, and after the sun was up ate a breakfast which the old man prepared for her. After this he set out to show her the way to Chattanooga. He asked no questions. All he knew was that his efforts were in "de cause ob fredum," and that was quite enough. The old woman who had brought him the handkerchief had told him where her cabin was in Chattanooga, and he seemed to understand that he was to guide Souri there. She gave him some information as to a man and a boy at the jail in Chattanooga. This was all he knew.

They crossed the river by the regular ferry, having no trouble in doing so, for citizens and negroes were passing all the while. About ten o'clock in the morning they reached the cabin of the old negress who had started the handkerchief.

"Fo' de Lo'd!" exclaimed the woman. "How'd yo' git hyar so quick?"

"Trabel all night," said the pilot.

"Who dat yaller gal?"

"I'm Souri Slack. Whar's th' jail?"

The woman led Souri out to show her the way, and the man left the cabin on his way homeward. Souri was taken to a place where she could see the jail, and the woman told her where to find the crack through which Jakey had conversed with her.

Souri went to the place alone, and going to the fence hunted till she found the crack. She peeped in, hoping to see her brother, but Jakey was not there. She waited an hour or more, but he did not appear.

"Reckon I'm wastin time hyar," she said at last. "I'm goen right in ter git round th' ole woman, ef there is one." And she went to the gate and presented herself before the sentinel.

"What d' y' want?" he asked.

Souri didn't know whether the jailer had a wife or not, but she hazarded the reply:

"De jailer's wife tole me to come in 'n tote de washen."

The soldier looked at her doubtfully but suffered her to pass in.

She had scarcely entered before she saw a party of soldiers conducting a man from the jail. They passed near her, and she recognized Mark. He was going to his trial. He did not recognize her, darkened as she was, and she was too wise to make herself known. Jakey followed his friend and was going to pass out with him, but was stopped by the guard.

Souri saw tears trickling down the boy's cheeks as he went back and strolled about in the yard. She longed to take him in her arms, but did not dare to even make herself known to him. She did not know where Mark was being taken, so going back to the guard she asked with apparent idle curiosity:

"Whar dey goen wid dat man?"

"Reckon thar goen ter try him."

CHAPTER XII.

A WILLING SERVANT.

Pressing her hand and carrying it to his lips, Mark passed out.

Souri determined to attempt to get service with the jailer's wife. She hoped that she might be received with less suspicion while the prisoner was away. Besides she must communicate with her brother as soon as possible.

She went into the jail and found a woman, whose hair was streaked with gray, sweltering over a cooking stove.

"Y' ain't got no washen ner nuffin fur me, hab y'?" said Souri, suddenly appearing before her.

"No! git out o' hyar."

"Any cooken?"

"Cooken? Can yer cook? I don't want no nigger to cook fo' me, but there's niggers in the 'black hole' I wish I had some un ter cook fur."

"I'll cook fo' 'em."

"Who owns y'?"

"I'se a free nigger."

"Waal, I ain't got no money ter pay fo' a cook, and I reckon I'll hev to sweat it out. 'Tain't long."

"I don't want nuffin but sump'n ter eat. I can sleep at my aunt's, ober de hill."

"Waal, take hold hyar fur a spell; I'm boilen." And she drew away from the stove and mopped her face.

Souri took hold and showed a pleasing aptitude at baking corn bread and frying some coarse meat which simmered in a pot on the stove.

Presently the jailer came in, and taking some of the food lifted a trap door and lowered a meal to those below in the black hole.

"Hyar's a gal," said his wife, "es hankers ter do some cooken fo' me."

"Ain't got nothen ter pay with."

"Don't want no pay," said Souri. "I'se starven. Want sump'n ter eat."

"Waal, y' won't git much hyar," said the jailer, "but I reckon it's good nuff fo' niggers."

So Souri was allowed to help, but there was no understanding that her services should extend beyond the present moment.

She was leaning over the stove when Mark was brought back. He had just been sentenced, and there was a haggard, hopeless look on his face as he passed the girl without noticing her. He was put in his room, and it was hard for Souri to keep from following to tell him of her coming. Jakey came in with the party and went with Mark into his room.

In the afternoon Souri saw that she must make work for herself or there would be no excuse for her to stay about the place. So, without saying a word, she took a pail of water and a scrubbing brush and began to scrub the floor. Then she suggested to Mrs. Triggs that she sweep her bedroom. The woman concluded that, as it had not been swept for more than a month, Souri "mought's well" do it, especially as the girl seemed to be willing to do all this work for a little boiled meat and corn bread.

"Yo' don' look right smart, Miss Triggs," said Souri, after cooking the supper and eating her share, "'n I don' know whar I gwine t' git any breakfast less I come 'n cook fur y'."

Mrs. Triggs succeeded in getting her husband's consent to Souri coming back in the morning, and the man went out to the gate with her and told her if the guard did not pass her in to send for him.

She was at the jail bright and early and got in on telling the sentinel that she was Mrs. Triggs' servant. She cooked the breakfast, and when she saw Triggs about to carry Mark's meat and corn bread into him she offered to do it, but Triggs paid no attention to the offer and carried it in himself.

Then she asked Mrs. Triggs when she did her washing, and as the old woman had no regular time and not many clothes Souri offered to do what there was. When she went out to hang up the clothes to dry Jakey was in the yard. She called him to her and in a whisper made herself known. Jakey, who was wondering what had become of the message he had sent, was both overjoyed and astonished. He turned two or three somersaults on the ground and otherwise demonstrated his childishness to Mrs. Triggs, who at that moment appeared at a window, but not before Souri had told Jakey to inform Mark of her presence, and that she would try to get into his room as soon as she could be intrusted with a meal for him.

Again at noon she offered to take in his dinner, but without success. She was at her wits' end for an excuse to stay about till supper time, but thinking that Mrs. Triggs' wardrobe might need mending she offered to undertake the task, and spent the afternoon over the old woman's threadbare garments.

All this while Souri was thinking of a plan for Mark's escape. She learned that he was to be hanged in a few days and knew there was little time. The most natural plan under the circumstances occurred to her—a plan by which more prisoners have made their escape than any other one method—walking out before the guard in women's clothes. Souri determined, if she could secure an entrance into Mark's room at any time after dark, she would give him her dress and sunbonnet and leave him to make an attempt. Then she began to think over a plan to gain an entrance at a specified time.

In the evening her patience was rewarded. Mark's supper was standing on the stove. Triggs was not in the jail, and Mrs. Triggs went down the stairs outside to get something she wanted in the yard.

Souri caught up the supper and walked straight past the guard into Mark's room with it. Mark, who had been informed of her coming by Jakey, was expecting her. When he saw the mulatto girl he grasped her hand.

"Souri! God bless you!" he said in a low tone.

"I ain't got no time ter talk. I'm watchin fur a chance ter giv y' my clothes ter go out with."

"But what would you and Jakey do?" he asked hurriedly.

"Th' ain't goen ter hang a boy or a gal. Pertend ter be sick termorrer 'n ask fur some medicine. Mebbe they'll send me ter git it."

With that she went out. When Mrs. Triggs came in she was bending over the stove.

"Whar's the Yank's supper?" she asked.

"Oh, 'twar gitten cold, 'n I toted hit in ter him."

Souri made herself so useful that she was permitted to stay about the jail the next day. She managed to keep an indifferent mien to all about her, but within there was a tempest. The next morning Mark was to swing, and preparations were being made for the purpose. "If there war only time," thought Souri, "I mought help him away, but termorrer!" and no one being near to see her she wrung her hands. There seemed but little chance that, having only one evening to effect her plans, she would succeed. It could only be by good luck.

In the afternoon Mark began to moan. Triggs went in to see him and asked what was the matter. Mark told him that he was ill. As the afternoon wore away the prisoner groaned and moaned till Triggs went back to him, and Mark told him that he thought he was going to die. Mrs. Triggs carried in his supper, but he refused to eat.

"What y' got?" she asked.

"Cholera, I reckon."

"Good Lord!"

"I want some medicine," said Mark. "If you'll send the black girl for it I'll pay you and her well."

"Y' ain't got no money."

"Yes, I have, but y' don't know whar it is."

Mrs. Triggs reported the matter to her husband, who, fearing that the prisoner would not be in condition for the hanging which was to occur the next morning, consented. Mark was furnished with a scrap of paper and a pen, and wrote the name of a mixture he remembered for cholera morbus. Triggs told Souri to warn the druggist not to send poison, for he feared Mark might be intending to make way with himself to escape the gallows. She was furnished with money extracted from Jakey's boot and hurried to town.

When she came back it was quite dark. Only a faint line of light was left in the west. As she entered she met Triggs going out of the gate. She quickly mounted the staircase with her heart in her throat. As soon as she entered the building she saw that Mrs. Triggs was not there; she was in her room. Souri went on tiptoe to Mrs. Triggs' door and looked in. The woman was sitting on a chair by the window waiting her return. Souri went as quickly as she could go without being heard to the prisoner's room.

"Medicine," she said to the guard and passed in without waiting permission, leaving the door partly closed behind her.

"Here, quick! A burnt cork. Rub 't on yer face," she whispered.

Mark seized the cork and applied it. Souri stood in the corner with her back to him, and taking off her dress threw it to him. Mark took off his outer clothes and threw them to her. Each put on the other's garments, Mark inclosing his head in the sunbonnet.

Looking the gratitude he did not dare to speak; pressing her hand and carrying it to his lips, Mark passed out.

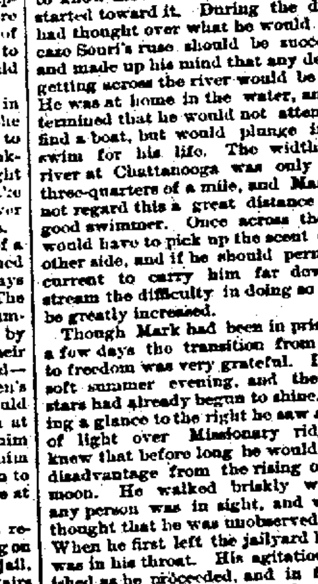
The guard wondered why Souri looked so tall and strapping.

Going out of the door and down the stairs, Mark went to the gate and walked by the sentinel posted there, as Souri had often done.

The guard also noticed how tall she looked and called to her; but by this time Mark was well out of his reach and pretended not to hear. The sentinel, not thinking it worth while to follow and leave his post unprotected, let him go and thought no more about the matter.

CHAPTER XIII.

FLOATING FOR LIFE.



She took the candle and led the way to the dining room above.

Mark had very little idea how long a time would elapse before it would be discovered that Souri was in his place and he had escaped. It might be a few minutes, it might be half an hour, it might possibly be not till morning, though of this he had little hope. He believed that within half an hour he would be pursued, and as he was well acquainted with the methods in vogue in the south at the time he knew he would be traced by bloodhounds.

He had been about the town enough to know the direction of the river and started toward it. During the day he had thought over what he would do in case Souri's ruse should be successful, and made up his mind that any delay in getting across the river would be fatal. He was at home in the water, and determined that he would not attempt to find a boat, but would plunge in and swim for his life. The width of the river at Chattanooga was only about three-quarters of a mile, and Mark did not regard this a great distance for a good swimmer. Once across the dogs would have to pick up the scent on the other side, and if he should permit the current to carry him far down the stream the difficulty in doing so would be greatly increased.

Though Mark had been in prison but a few days the transition from duress to freedom was very grateful. It was a soft summer evening, and the larger stars had already begun to shine. Casting a glance to the right he saw a streak of light over Missionary ridge and knew that before long he would be at a disadvantage from the rising of a full moon. He walked briskly whenever any person was in sight, and when he thought that he was unobserved he ran. When he first left the jailyard his heart was in his throat. His agitation diminished as he proceeded, and in five minutes he had come down like one in a race to a concentration of all his faculties—a gathering of all his forces for the struggle between life and death before him. With these well in hand the dreaded scene of the morrow acted as a tremendous and effective stimulant.

No one of the few people who passed the strapping negro girl, whose face was hidden within the blue check sunbonnet, dreamed that a Union soldier was passing; that the scaffold was being cheated; that a messenger with the secret of one of the most important moves any Confederate general had made or was destined to make during the war was on his way north in the person of the negro woman hurrying on toward the river. And it was fortunate for the flying soldier they did not, or he would never even have got half a mile from the jail.

He sped onward, running and walking briskly alternately, till he came to a place where a board fence was capped by a narrow strip. He mounted it and walked as far as the fence extended, perhaps a hundred yards, hoping by this means to throw the dogs off the scent for a few minutes, and thus gain a little time. Then he jumped down and hurried forward. A man passed and called to him, but he paid no attention to the call, and the man stood looking after him, doubtless suspecting that the girl was a runaway slave.

At last the grateful sight of the river met his gaze. It cheered him and seemed to beckon him on to rest upon its bosom, or, as an alternative with the dreadful tragedy of the morning, to find oblivion beneath its surface. Between the river before him, and the jail, the dogs and the gibbet, for a time his feelings of hope and fear neutralized each other and left his faculties free to act with perfect coolness.

He stood for a moment beneath a low clump of trees on the bank listening and looking up and down the river. A boat was passing, and he felt it necessary to wait for it to go by. He lost five minutes, but it seemed half an hour. Then taking off his dress and shoes and bonnet he put the dress and the shoes in the bonnet and tied the strings around his neck, resting the bundle on his back.

Going down to the margin, and again listening a moment to make sure he was not observed, he waded out as far as he could touch bottom, and then began to swim.

As it was midsummer he had expected to find the water warm. His expectations were realized to a reasonable degree, and he felt that he could remain in it a long while without being chilled. His plan was to drift down a considerable distance. He might be expected to swim across as rapidly as he could, and the current in this case would land him perhaps a mile below the town. Those who would follow him with dogs would doubtless track him to the river margin, then take the dogs across and endeavor to pick up the scent some distance below on the other side. Mark had weighed all these circumstances, and determined to drift down as far as possible, land at the mouth of a creek if he could find one, enter it and swim or walk up it in the water, thus rendering it difficult for the dogs to track him.

He swam slowly till he reached the middle of the river, then, floating with scarcely any motion of his hands and feet, he permitted himself to drift with the current. A favorite way with him, when a boy, of resting in the water, had been to float on his back. Unmindful of the wetting he would give the clothes tied around his neck, he turned over and drifted with his arms spread beside him, his eyes turned directly to the sky.

It may seem singular that a man who was being carried from so dreadful a death should have thought of anything else. But Mark did not want to think of it. He had never been unnerved except after his sentence, with an almost certain execution before him, and felt it best to let his mind drift into other channels. Then danger is not, and was not, especially with Mark, to be compared with certain destruction. The soldier on the field of battle is a different man from one who awaits the bullets of a file of soldiers drawn up in line to take his life deliberately. Mark was a changed man from the moment he got into the river, for he then felt that he had a chance for his life.

In the position on his back he could only look upward at the stars. There was the great dome above him spangled with myriads of bright points and spanned by the "milky way." He had always been fond of the stars, and in order to divert his mind picked out some of his favorites and traced a few constellations with which he was familiar. In this way he diverted his mind until his nerves became quite steady.

His observations were suddenly checked by a sound. It was very faint, but enough to freeze the marrow in his bones. It was the distant bark of a dog. He listened and presently could hear more. Evidently there was a pack. They drew nearer. Then they ceased for awhile. Perhaps they had come to the place where he had walked on the fence. Then the barks began again, growing only slightly louder as they came, for Mark was floating rapidly from the point where he had entered the river.

He involuntarily turned over on his chest and struck out lustily. The current was swift; swimming would not add to his safety—it would only tax his strength and render him more liable to recapture on the other shore. But swim he must. With the terrible sound of those dogs in his ears he could not lie idly on the water and leave the current to bear him onward.

Soon there came another cessation of sound from the dogs far above on the shore, and Mark judged that they had lost the scent at the place where he had entered the water.

Then he began to think of Souri and Jakey. What had they done to Souri when they had discovered her trick? Would they punish her? Would they treat the boy harshly? He was comforted with the thought that there would be nothing gained by this—it would not bring the prisoner back—but he muttered a prayer for the girl who had placed herself behind those prison bars, who had incurred the rage of his jailers to save him.

He heard no more of the dogs and floated on, swimming and resting alternately. The high bluffs of Moccasin point were before him on his right. An owl on their summit, watching the rising moon, occasionally gave a dismal hoot, the intervals being supplied by the melancholy whippoorwill. The current bore him on around the point, carrying him in near the shore where he had passed the picket with the sleeping Jakey in his arms a few nights before. So close was he that he could see a man walking back and forth on the very beat of the one he had passed. As he drifted away he saw the relief approach and the picket changed.

He was borne directly under Lookout mountain, and on down for a mile to a point where the river makes another bend. Here the bank was low, and as Mark was getting chilled he swam to the southern bank for rest. He laid himself down for a few moments on the dry ground, and then getting up walked back and forth rapidly, swinging his arms at the same time to restore circulation and fit him to endure a longer stay in the water. He looked about for some piece of wood on which he might float farther. There were logs of various sizes scattered around, but most of them were rotten. He was so much at home in the water that he was not disappointed on failing to find one suitable to his purpose.

Plunging in again he moved on down past the bluffs at the foot of the Raccoon mountains, swimming on his chest most of the time and keeping a lookout before him. He had not passed any boats, at least none near him, and did not fear this danger, but he wanted to keep his surroundings well in view in order to know his location. The moon was now well up, and he could see quite distinctly. Below and to his right a boat was putting out from the east shore. It was larger than an ordinary skiff, but as it was in a shadow he could not tell what kind of a craft it was. As it came over the river at right angles with the shore, and Mark was drifting toward it, he soon found that he was in danger of meeting it in the middle of the stream. The current was quite rapid, and before he was aware of it he was close to the boat. It was evidently a ferryboat, and Mark, who knew the location of Brown's ferry from the maps, judged that it was the boat belonging there.

But Mark was concerned with other considerations besides his location just then. He was too late to get out of the way unobserved by swimming aside. He made up his mind in a twinkling what to do. Drawing several long breaths he filled his lungs with air, and then putting his head down and his feet up he threw himself under water. He had often been beneath the surface for a considerable time, but never so long as now. He remained under as long as he thought he possibly could, and then staid awhile longer. When he came to light again the boat was a hundred yards above him and to the west of him.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

Subscribe for the MINER.

[illegible] County [illegible]

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

[illegible]

L. [illegible] & SON.
Editors and Proprietors.

Smethport, Pa., April 28, 1893.

"BUST A BILL," was the last howl. Is it possible no one has been found who will bust the bill?

DR. KEELEY denies the report that his famous gold cure has been sold to a New York syndicate for $20,000,000.

THE Pennsylvania Steel Works at Steelton, near Harrisburg, the largest plant of the kind in this country, was placed in the hands of receivers on Friday of last week.

CLEVELAND is weak and powerless, because he has not the moral courage to discriminate in his appointments against the silver fanatics and repudiators in his own country.—*Baltimore American.*

ON Saturday of last week 17 bills had passed the Legislature and received the approval of the Governor. If that don't show lively work on the part of the dear people's representatives what would?

No road bill this year. The Smiley resolution received only eleven votes in the Senate the other day, when offered as an amendment to the Brown bill, and the bill itself was knocked out by a vote of 17 yeas to 20 nays.

THE P. M. General has decided that the Legislative Record cannot travel through the mails as a newspaper, which is altogether a righteous decision. Now if he can manage to hold it in Harrisburg the people will rise up and call him blessed.

SUPPOSE Secretary Carlisle were timorous enough to be bluffed into issuing bonds just now, how long would it be before the gold so obtained would be pumped out by the same gang and another vacuum created."—*Louisville Courier Journal.*

IN our last issue we emphatically deprecated the mixing of politics with the selection of a County Superintendent, and we again repeat that the Democratic papers of the county are responsible for the lugging of that question into the canvass. If Mr. Cooper is defeated it will be due, partly, to the indiscreet utterances of the Port Allegany *Reporter.*

AN extra from the Cameron *Press* gives the details of a horrible accident that occurred at Emporium on Friday of last week. The glycerine house of the Climax Powder Company blew up, killing Fred Rodger, George Lyons and William King. The latter was blown to atoms. The force of the explosion severed the heads from the bodies of Rodger and Lyons, and the trunks were horribly mutilated, presenting a sickening sight.

WHY should there be any criticism over the fact that the son of Abraham Lincoln is displaced at the court of St. James by a rampant and out spoken rebel sympathizer? The people of this country knew what to expect when they placed in office an administration controlled by rebel brigadiers. The Southern people knew what they could demand, and they knew their demands would be complied with. Criticism is lost in view of the foreknowledge of just how the Democracy would behave.—Harrisburg *Telegraph.*

ROBERT C. SIMPSON, Esq., the well-known agent of the Bingham Estate, died at his home in Wellsboro, on Saturday, April 15th, at 3 o'clock, p. m., aged 70 years. In summing up his character the *Agitator* pays the following just tribute: "He was a business man of marked ability and the strictest probity; a public spirited citizen, loyal in thought and word and deed; a practical benefactor of his fellow-men, a courteous, cultivated gentleman, a faithful, helpful friend, and a sympathetic lover of all things, both great and small." He leaves a wife and three daughters.

INSTANCES of the flat failure of prohibition to prohibit are constantly being offered in states which have sought to prevent the sale of alcoholic liquor as a beverage. The latest instance comes from Lewiston, Maine, where, according to the Boston *Traveller*: "Liquor sellers of this city were to-day surprised by the most remarkable raid ever made in Maine. Nearly $10,000 worth of intoxicating liquors were confiscated. For three months the saloons of Lewiston have been running openly and liquor has been hauled through the streets as freely as groceries. At 7 o'clock this morning, it is said that there were at least 250 places in the city where liquors might be secured at retail."

LAST week eleven reputable citizens of the county filed an appeal against the acceptance of so much of the Auditor's Report as relates to the accounts of ex-Treasurer Rogers, Sheriff [illegible], Commissioners Biggins and [illegible] and ex Commissioner Tate. Thirty days are allowed for filing a "bill of particulars" in each of these cases, but there is no necessity for taking half that time. The instigator of this appeal has devoted considerable time in going over these accounts and he knows as well to-day as he will a month from now what foundation there is upon which to base an appeal. The gentlemen who have put their names to the appeal probably have very little knowledge of the business they have undertaken. They are very likely to make some discoveries before they get through with it. The officials whose accounts are questioned demand [illegible] investigation and as soon [illegible]. There is no necessity for [illegible] this business drag along until after the election next fall. This is [illegible] the purpose of the [illegible].

[illegible]

from our own correspondent.

HARRISBURG, April 24.—The past week the time of the House, although it is away behind in its work and within a month of final adjournment, was practically frittered away in gab and chin music. The greatest interest centered about the Pearson bill, now in the House, "to abolish the Public Building Commission of Philadelphia." For some weeks past this measure has been pushed off by the slow progress the House made with its business but on Wednesday last it was reached regularly on the calendar. The friends of the Commission fought the bill stubbornly and made an attempt to amend it so that the life of the Commission might be perpetuated, under the same restrictions as the other public commissions of Philadelphia are at present conducted, but the advocates of the bill would accept nothing but the unconditional repeal of the law which created the Commission. The contest lasted all the afternoon session and until near tea time when the friends of the bill succeeded in passing the measure through second reading, in exactly the same condition that it left the Senate. It passed under a call of the House which resulted 115 ayes to 75 nays. Philadelphia's vote was 7 ayes to 30 nays.

Representative North, of McKean county, made a very eloquent appeal for continued life of the Commission, urging that it was a very great wrong to strike down the gentlemen who composed the Commission, against whom there were no charges of wrong doing or bribery or corrupt practices. His appeal for the gentlemen who are on the Commission, however, availed nothing against the demands of the Philadelphians who were determined to have the full "pound of flesh," and the country vote, which it was hoped would follow Mr. North, did not come to the rescue, as the roll call shows. After the bill had been agreed to the friends of the Commission submitted several points of order, which by common consent are to be decided when the bill comes up for third reading and final passage. These points of order cover constitutional questions, and their decision will decide the fate of the bill.

Mr. Kidd, of Philadelphia, last week reported from committee a resolution for the appointment of a joint committee of the House and Senate to make arrangements for the attendance of the legislature upon the dedicatory ceremonies of the Pennsylvania Building at Chicago, but because of some defect it was at once re-referred back to the Committee on Centennial Affairs. On Thursday last Representative Kinner, Bradford county, presented a bill making an appropriation of $25,000 to defray the expenses of the legislature to the World's Fair, to take part in the Pennsylvania Building dedication, but it is pretty certain that Governor Pattison will put his veto to the bill should it succeed in passing both Houses. On Friday last Representative Ritter, Lycoming Co., offered a concurrent resolution for the appointment of a joint committee of three Senators and five members to make arrangements for the visit of the legislature to New York on the occasion of the grand Naval Review to take place on Thursday next, but stipulating that the visit must not be at the expense of the State Treasury. All hands were in for this trip and it carried by a big vote, everybody except Seanor, Indiana county, and Kipp, Pike county, voted for the jaunt. As Tuesday, the 18th inst., was the last day on which new bills could be presented there were quite a number introduced, but there is no prospect that any of them will ever get farther than a place on the calendar.

The Appropriation Committee on Wednesday last at one session returned from the committee over one hundred bills with a favorable recommendation each requesting a small share of the public funds, and many expressions of satisfaction were heard at these reports because this was regarded as the beginning of the end of the session. There is work enough on the calendars now to keep the legislature here until next September if all the measures on the files are considered. The House has prepared special calendars of Revenue and Appropriation bills and it is safe to say that very few of the measures on the general calendar will receive much attention hereafter. Revenue, Apportionment and Appropriation bills will take up about all the time of the House until May 23th, the date generally set for the final adjournment. In the Senate that body is away ahead and most always adjourns on Thursday because of a lack of work.

On Thursday of last week Governor Pattison sent in for confirmation, as Superintendent of Public Instruction, the name of N. C. Schaeffer, at present the Principal of the Kutztown State Normal School. He will supercede the present Superintendent, Dr. Waller. The Senate laid the nomination aside for the present but there is no doubt of the prompt confirmation of Dr. Schaeffer when the Senate convenes on to-night or to morrow, as he is regarded as eminently fitted for the place.

The many propositions that have been presented for the building of our public highways and roads of the State have brought this proposition prominently before the people and while the subject is one that is generally conceded to be of great importance, yet all the methods introduced thus far have failed to unify the different portions of the State as to the kind of road that will best suit all parts and hence none of the bills have met with a cordial reception at the hands of the legislature, in other words it has been impossible to frame any measure that met with the support of all sections because what would suit one part of the State would not be adopted in another, because of local conditions. Chief Clerk Smiley of the Senate has evolved out of all this confusion a proposition that it is hoped will solve the difficulty and enable roads to be built that will meet the wants of the several sections of the State, and each will be enabled to build roads specially adapted to the wants of each special locality.

Ex-Governor Curtin was accorded a specially pleasing welcome while he was on the floor of the House on Friday morning last. He came in and quietly took a seat on the Democratic side but was soon observed by ex-Speaker Boyer, who presented a resolution of welcome to the "old war Governor" which was passed by a rising vote of the members, after which a recess of fifteen minutes was taken to allow the members to be presented personally to the Governor. It pleased Governor Curtin very much and he so expressed himself, and the members were equally pleased to take the veteran Executive by the hand and greet him.

Depression in business circles, cautious investors and a general disinclination to take any risks in money investments until the Democratic party policy is developed has occasioned a stagnation in the money markets to such an extent that money is so scarce and so securely locked up that business suffers to a very embarrassing extent. This was made painfully plain a few days ago when it was announced that our Pennsylvania Steel Works at Steelton had gone into the hands of receivers, and that its extensive plant at Sparrow's Point, Maryland, was also embarrassed. These two plants involve a capital of over [illegible].

[illegible] although the [illegible] employes at these [illegible] are assured that the [illegible] of a temporary nature, and we hope that such may prove to be true, yet this condition of affairs exist, an early [illegible] of Democratic free trade, what will be the condition of business when the actualities of free trade shall be inaugurated. Our workingmen are very soon reaping the evil results of the Democratic upheaval of last fall.

A rumor was current on our streets Saturday last that the Pennsylvania Railroad was involved with the Steel Works but this is met with a most positive denial.

ALLPORT.

A PROPOSED ROAD LAW.

Mr. E. W. Smiley, Clerk of the Senate, has drawn up a Road law which has some good features. The following is a synopsis of it:

Under this bill the townships are constituted bodies corporate for the purpose of constructing, repairing and maintaining public roads within the limits of the same. It is provided that in each of the townships next February there shall be elected one delegate and one additional delegate for each ratio of five hundred population or fraction thereof exceeding one half a ratio, these delegates to meet in convention at the county seat on the third Monday of of March, 1894, and every three years thereafter. The delegates shall take the same oath as members of the legislature on assuming their duties, and shall, in addition, subscribe to an oath or affirmation to perform their respective duties with fidelity.

The convention duly organized shall have power by ordinance to designate the manner in which the public roads in each and all the townships shall be constructed, maintained and repaired; to provide for the assessment and collection of taxes for road purposes (provided that not more than eight mills on the valuation of property returned at the previous annual assessment for county purposes shall be levied in any one year); to designate the manner and time for the payment of such taxes, to provide for the election or appointment and to designate duties and fix the compensation of collectors and all other officials; to designate a receiver of taxes, to fix his compensation and manner of disbursing moneys collected for road purposes; to provide for the auditing of accounts of collectors, receivers of taxes and all disbursing officials, to provide for the publication of all ordinances passed by said convention in not more than three newspapers and provide for the payment of the cost of the same; to provide for the election or appointment of officials required to carry into effect the provisions of all ordinances and fix the compensation and prescribe the duties of the same, to provide penalties for the violation of ordinances and for the removal of officials appointed or elected for neglect or incompetency.

The convention will meet once every three years. Delegates are to be paid $3 a day for each day of actual session by orders drawn upon the county treasury and approved by the county commissioners and certified by the president of the convention. The session of the convention shall not exceed ten days.

IN 1860.

"The Republican party," remarks the Boston *Herald*, "did not come into power on the Tariff in 1860, or on any other issue that had divided either Federalists or Whigs from Democrats. It came into power on the slavery question." Undoubtedly slavery was the chief and dominating question in 1860, but it is an historical fact of large significance that the division between the two parties on the Tariff question in 1860 was substantially the same as in 1892. Let us place side by side the Tariff planks upon which the two parties stood in the election of 1860.

DEMOCRATIC—	REPUBLICAN—
"The time has come for the people of the United States to declare themselves in favor of free seas and progressive Free-Trade throughout the world."	"That while providing revenue for the support of the general Government by duties upon imports, sound policy requires such an adjustment of the imports as to encourage the development of the industrial interests of the whole country."

The Republican party emphasized the issue by nominating as its candidate for President, a man who had declared himself in favor of a national policy of "Internal Improvements and a high Protective Tariff." That man was Abraham Lincoln. It had also given signal demonstration of its principles by actual legislation in Congress. In the session of 1859-60 it had rejected in the House the Tariff for revenue only, which was established by Southern influence in 1846, and passed the first Morrill Protective Tariff "passed undoubtedly"—we quote Professor Taussig's Tariff History—"with the intention of attracting to the Republican party at the approaching election votes in Pennsylvania and other States which had Protectionist leaning." "The Morrill Tariff," adds Professor Taussig, "began a change toward a higher rate of duties and a stronger application of Protection." "It was carried in the House before any serious expectation of war was entertained." Ex-Governor Boutwell of our own State—a member of the Committee on Resolutions of the Republican National Convention of 1860—has lately told us that the Protectionist resolution was adopted in the committee without a dissenting vote.

We might give further testimony, but we have adduced sufficient to prove that in 1860 the Republican was as definitely committed to Protection as the Democratic party to the opposing policy of Free-Trade. The Tariff issue was subordinated to the more urgent issue of Union, but no intelligent voter could fail to know that the triumphant election of Lincoln was a crushing blow to the peculiar economic principles of which the Southern slaveholders had always been the chief advocates in this country.

Slavery is dead, but its "surviving partner," as Senator Hawley aptly calls it, still lives. The present Democratic President of the United States was elected on a platform embodying the favorite declaration of John C. Calhoun that Protective duties are unconstitutional. The Tariff views of the political party of which the Boston *Herald* is a mouthpiece are nothing but the old notions of the South Carolina Nullificationists. We have no question that it was in a large measure a comprehension of this fact which rolled up heavy majorities against Cleveland and the Democratic Congressmen last fall in Massachusetts.—*Boston Journal.*

THE idea of Sheehan, William F. Sheehan, of Buffalo, presiding at a meeting called in the interest of Home Rule! Ye gods and little fishes! Never did anything as funny as that get into the most soaring of farces. It is as though the youth who fired the Ephesian dome had presumed to preside at a convention of fire-insurance people. It is as though Benedict Arnold had presented himself as a candidate for the presidency of the American Patriotic Society.—*New York Tribune.*

Buy your insurance at W. F. Specht's agency and you will get what you pay for.

[illegible] The brief and business-like personal statement of ex-County Treasurer Rogers, which we publish in another column, clears the air of much misapprehension, and clearly exposes the [illegible] malice and meanness of the assaults upon his character and credit, made to satisfy the revengeful hatred of a sore-headed and disappointed politician. Mr. Rogers simply kept within the line of precedent, his legal right and business security, and retained in his hands, pending the approval of the Auditors' report, a less amount than had previous ex-Treasurers. As Mr. Rogers says, no one will question the integrity, business ability and intimate knowledge of the business of the Commissioners' and Treasurer's offices of John R. Shoemaker, and a comparison as to the promptness in paying over the funds of ex Treasurer Rogers with that of ex-Treasurer Shoemaker clearly shows the ignorance and malice of the party who sought to make people as ignorant as himself believe that Rogers was a "defaulter." At the close of his term Mr. Shoemaker had in his hands $61,322.20. Mr. Rogers had in his hands at the close of his term $64,243.23. Mr. Shoemaker paid to his successor upon his assumption of the office $10,000. Mr. Rogers paid $25,000. Up to the 28th of February Mr. Shoemaker had paid in to the treasury $10,000. Up to February 13th Mr. Rogers had paid in $15,000 and on March 8th, a few days later, Mr. Rogers had paid in $50,000. Mr. Shoemaker retained a balance of nearly $22,000 in his hands until satisfied that no appeal from the Auditors' report would be taken. Mr. Rogers retained a balance in his hands of a little over $15,000, about the same length of time and then paid it over, notwithstanding appeals from the Auditors' report had been filed and were in preparation for filing. There is only this difference in the situation: When Mr. Shoemaker retired the Board of County Commissioners and his successor were acquainted with the precedents and legal rights of the ex-Treasurer and were not frightened by the croakings of political vultures into acting upon the assumption that Mr. Shoemaker and his bondsmen were possible *defaulters*, bankrupts and jail birds.—*Bradford Star.*

A Bradford correspondent of the Harrisburg *Telegram* boldly accuses Hon. Lucius Rogers, late county treasurer of McKean county, of being short in his accounts to the amount of $23,000. At this distance we know nothing of the facts in the case, nor the motives prompting his political enemies to bring this charge. We suspect their motive, however, and trust that they may be foiled in their evil designs and believe they will. But we do know that Lucius Rogers is not personally responsible for any shortage. Not one dollar of that $23,000 ever stuck to his fingers. We know him well; in his integrity we have implicit confidence, and the assertions of a thousand Sam Smiths could not shake our faith in him. Col. Rogers has hundreds of friends in this section of the State, who would have to hear him admit the truth of this accusation before they will give it credence.—*Halifax (Dauphin Co.) Gazette.*

THE Philadelphia *Inquirer* wants the courts relieved from the undignified and humiliating duty of granting liquor licenses. It is right in this respect. It is an utterly unjudicial function, degrading in its associations and effects, to the bench. It is an excrescence upon our jurisprudence. It is a monstrosity in the law. We, too, would like to see the judges relieved from the uncongenial duty.—*Lebanon Report.*

THE Legislature proposes to adjourn at a most important period of its session to go to New York and see the naval review. It is most unfortunate that this should be done at this time. A great deal of important legislation awaits action; none of the apportionment or appropriation bills are under way, and there is not a moment to spare from legislative work. The tendency to loaf when it ought to work is growing stronger with the Legislature every session.—*Telegraph.*

SEVERAL members of the Appropriation Committee of the State Senate, accompanied by Senator Bannon of this county, visited the Bradford Hospital on Friday evening of last week. They were Messrs. Smith of Lancaster, chairman, Upperman and Steele of Allegheny, Meredith of Armstrong, Baker of Delaware, Keefer of Schuylkill, and Crawford of Venango. They were much pleased with the appearance of the hospital and the appropriation of $6,000 asked for three thousand for each year will undoubtedly be granted.

LADIES' SUMMER STYLES ARE NEARLY FAC-SIMILIES OF THOSE OF OUR GRANDMOTHER.

Leading designers of fashions are already discussing the revival of the styles of the Louis XIII period, and believe also that Elizabethan ruffles and stomachers will come into fashion for the summer casino toilets. In making the new skirts dressmakers perform a real stroke of magic. For while the amateur modiste finds herself at a loss to reproduce one of these new models, the experienced professional knows how to fit the hips in front gore or pleat and cause the skirt to suddenly expand and flare outward at the feet, where it measures many yards in circumference. And this simply because she wisely takes her knowledge from the Fashion Magazines published both in Paris and New York, by A. McDowell & Co. These illustrated Magazines are an invaluable guide to any one who seeks information in the latest fashions. "La Mode de Paris" and "Paris Album of Fashion," each cost $3.50 a year, or 35 cents a copy, and contain a cyclopædia of knowledge on this subject. "The French Dressmaker," which costs only $3.00 per annum, or 30 cents a copy, is without a peer for practical dressmaking. They also contain lessons on current styles which alone place them above competition. "La Mode" with its low subscription price of $1.50 a year or 15 cents a copy, is the home journal "par excellence." If unable to find any of these magazines at your newsdealers do not accept any substitute, but apply directly to Messrs. A. McDowell & Co., 4 West 14th Street, New York.

My wife was confined to her bed for over two months with a very severe attack of rheumatism. We could get nothing that would afford her any relief, and as a last resort gave Chamberlain's Cream Balm a trial. To our great surprise she began to improve after the first application, and by using it regularly she was soon able to get up and attend to her household work. E. B. Johnson, of C. J. Knutson & Co., Kedrington, Minn. 50 cent bottles for sale by A. B. Armstrong.

Bradfield's Female Regulator

should be used by the young woman, she who suffers from any disorder peculiar to her sex, and at change of life is a powerful tonic; benefits all who use it. Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

When you are troubled with dizziness, your appetite all gone and you feel bad generally, take a few doses of Dr. Henry Baxter's Mandrake Bitters, and you will be surprised at the improvement in your condition. Every bottle guaranteed to give satisfaction. For sale by H. C. Wells.

WHY HE HATED THE "BEAST."

An Extraordinary Request Which [illegible] the Curiosity of a Country [illegible].

"I never look at that old clock on the mantelpiece," observed my friend Mrs. W. as we sat in her parlor one evening last week, "that it does not call to my mind an amusing incident connected with my trip to the northern part of this state last summer.

"I was stopping," she went on, "in a quaint little village at the only hotel in the place. Every evening upon retiring I heard voices in an adjoining room. My curiosity naturally prompted me to listen. The conversation was usually of a commonplace order, but what really attracted my attention was this strange request nightly repeated:

"'Now, Jovilla, put that infernal beast out of the way and cover him up.' It was a man's voice, gruff, though, I fancied, kindly. This peculiar request was invariably met with some such response as this:

"'Oh, Tom, shame upon you! What would dear mother say if she knew how you treated her present?'

"The voice this time was distinctly feminine and rather shrill and complaining. Of course I was fairly consumed with curiosity. What manner of beast was this which the poor woman was thus obliged to 'put out of the way and cover up?' And why did they keep a 'beast' in their bedroom anyway?

"In vain I pondered over this morning mystery. In vain I fretted and guessed. Tom appeared to be so kind and even tempered too. Well, I could stand it no longer, so I finally resolved to ask him frankly for an explanation.

"'Mr. Tom,' I said to him one morning, 'pray excuse my apparent rudeness and curiosity, but won't you tell me about that beast you keep in your room and why you wish to have it covered up every evening before you retire?'

"A gleam of mirth lighted up his countenance. 'So you've heard us a-talkin, neighbor,' he said. 'Well, it's just this a-way:

"'Jovilla, she's my wife, an she sets great store by her ma, which, between you an me an that thar gatepost, I don't. So 'long 'bout last Christmas the old woman give us a clock. It wasn't much to look at, but it had the awfulest tick you ever heerd. Loud and solemnlike it was, an it made me that nervous I couldn't get no sleep o' nights.

"'"Now, Jovilla," says I, "you'll have to put that tickin beast—I always calls it a beast—out of the way or muzzle it or an'thin, or I'll smash it with a hammer, I will." So Jovilla she took it and wrapped it up in her flannel petticoat.

"'But may I never touch another drop of cider ef the cussed thing didn't tick louder than ever. That kinder made me mad, an I told her that if I heerd that tickin ag'in I'd stop it for good.

"'So, you see, neighbor, Jovilla fixes it every night before she goes to bed so's it kain't make no noise. She just puts it in the washtub, throws a big fur robe over it, shoves it in the closet an shuts the door.

"'An that, neighbor,' observed my rural acquaintance, 'is what I mean by coverin up the beast.'"—New York Herald.

DRUMMERS' DAY.

The World's fair committee on ceremonies has assigned June 10 as the fete day of the Commercial Travelers' Protective association. The programme will be a very elaborate one and will include the attendance of at least 3,000 traveling men from almost every state in the Union. The annual convention will be held at Peoria, Ills., on June 6, 7 and 8, and on the 9th the delegates and members will adjourn to Chicago, special trains being chartered for the purpose. The Peoria people are raising $5,000 for the entertainment of the traveling men.

There will be parades and other festivities at Peoria, and at Chicago there will be a mammoth parade. The "boys" will be in 20 state divisions, each division headed by a first class band, and other steps will be taken to make the parade one of the biggest events of the season and of the fair. Special trains will be on hand to take the traveling men out to Jackson park, where there will be another parade and ceremonies of a very unique character. Six orators of national reputation will deliver addresses, and the governors of 10 states will also occupy positions on the platform.

SPECIAL FETE DAYS.

The following special fete days have been arranged by the World's fair committee on ceremonies: Washington, May 17; Wisconsin, May 22; Maine, May 24; Denmark, June 5; commercial travelers, June 10; Germany, June 15; Nebraska, June 16; Massachusetts, June 17; New Hampshire, June 21; France, July 14; Utah, July 21; Liberia, July 26; Independent Order of Foresters, Aug. 12; Hayti, Aug. 16; colored people, Aug. 25; North Carolina, Aug. 16; Austria, Aug. 18; the Netherlands, Aug. 31; Nicaragua, Sept. 1; Catholic education, Sept. 2; New York, Sept. 4; Brazil, Sept. 7; California, Sept. 9; Maryland, Sept. 12; Michigan, Sept. 13 and 14; Kansas, Sept. 15; Colorado, Sept. 19; Montana, Sept. 20; Patriotic Order Sons of America, Sept. 20; Iowa, Sept. 21; Rhode Island, Oct. 5; Spain, Oct. 12; Italian societies, Oct. 12; Minnesota, Oct. 13.

The breaking up of the winter is the signal for the breaking up of the system. Nature is opening up the pores and throwing off refuse. DeWitt's Sarsaparilla is of unquestionable assistance in this operation. For sale by A. B. Armstrong.

$25,000 in Premiums.

Offered by Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co. of St. Louis, Mo. The one guessing nearest the number of people who will attend the World's Fair gets $5,000.00, the second $1,000.00, etc. The Star tobacco tags entitle you to a guess. Ask your dealer for particulars or send for circular.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever, corns and skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Frank H. Foster, Druggist.

J. C. BROWN.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office in Gleason Building, Smethport, Pa.
v30n17tf.

Executor's Notice.

The subscriber, having been appointed Executor under the last will and testament of A. D. Barbour, deceased, late of the borough of Smethport, McKean county, Pennsylvania, hereby gives notice that all persons having claims against said estate will present them for settlement without delay, and all persons indebted to the estate of said decedent will settle the same with

D. C. YOUNG,
Executor.

Smethport, Pa., April 5, 1893.—6w

WANTED SOLICITORS FIRST-CLASS.

to handle the Official Portfolio and Reference Book of the World's Columbian Exposition, profusely illustrated, handsomely bound, sells at popular price, pays good commissions. Everybody needs it just at this time and will buy it. Exclusive territory given. Send for handsome descriptive circular. 11-4t

W. B. CONKEY CO., Publishers, Chicago, Ill.

For Rent.

Farm of 150 acres situated on Cole Creek, Farmers' Valley. Liberal terms to responsible party. Term of years preferred. Rent taken in sheep or potatoes. A good chance for a live man. Address

J. STODDARD, Jr.,
113 Orchard St.,
Elizabeth, N. J.

15-4t

Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A PETITION will be presented to the Court of Quarter Sessions, of McKean county, Pennsylvania, at Smethport, on Monday, May 8th, 1893, at 10 o'clock a. m., to transfer the hotel license of Frank N. Taylor, granted May 17th, 1892, for one year from the first Monday of June, 1892, to A. F. Pope, of Smethport borough, McKean county, Pa. [illegible], said license being for a hotel situated at Smethport, McKean county, and known as the Grand Central Hotel.

E. L. KEENAN, Attorney.

April 7-4t.

B.H.&Co.

Buffalo April 26.

CARPETS.

Doing the largest Carpet Business in the City, we of course have the largest stock and sell at the *lowest* prices. If you are thinking of buying Carpets soon, we would suggest—that from now on, 'the sooner you make your selection the better for no matter how large a stock may be, some patterns and styles sell out, and they may be just what you want. Now, as regards prices, we can sell you carpets at 25c. per yard. We don't recommend this kind, but they are the best you can buy for that price. At 50c we can sell you a good first class Carpet—an honestly made Ingrain. Tapestry Brussels at 50c 75c and 90c. Full and complete lines of Body Brussels.

Moquettes,
Wiltons,
Axminsters,
Velvets,

Only the best makes of each kind and in each grade.

We have Parlor Carpets, Dining room Carpets, Sitting Room Bed Room and Hall Carpets.

Straw Mattings for Bedrooms and Halls are increasing in favor. Each season they are clean, cool and inviting for Bedrooms especially and are very reasonable in price from 15c to 60c per yard. Beautiful designs.

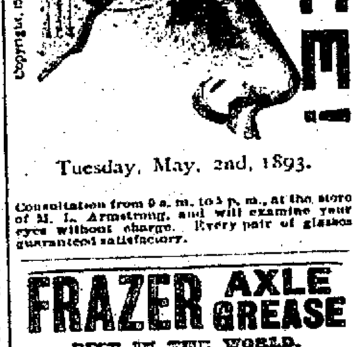
SHOES.

We want you to try a pair of our Women's $1.50, $2.00 or $2.50 Shoes. You will find them as good as you pay $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50 for. *Just try it.* If you can't come to the city order a pair by mail.

BARNES, HENGERER & CO.

HOUSEWORTH,

Specialist on the eye, will arrive in Smethport on



Tuesday, May, 2nd, 1893.

Consultation from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m., at the store of M. L. Armstrong, and will examine your eyes without charge. Every pair of glasses guaranteed satisfactory.

FRAZER AXLE GREASE

BEST IN THE WORLD.

Its wearing qualities are unsurpassed, actually outlasting two boxes of any other brand. Not effected by heat. GET THE GENUINE.

FOR SALE BY DEALERS GENERALLY.

10 Per Cent Power Saved

—BY BUYING YOUR—

CYCLES

of us. This accomplished with an invention of our own which is fitted to all our Bicycles without extra charge. Do not buy without looking over our fine lines at all prices, and remember a saving of 10 per cent power is quite an item and has other advantages.

M. A. WOODBURY,
41-45 Mechanic St.,
Bradford, Pa.

Don't bother with a leaky roof when you can get the Medal Brand, Wire Edge, Ready roofing, manufactured at Pittsburgh, Pa., at about one half the cost of shingles, and will last a life time.

2-ply Roll covers 100 square feet surface. $1.50.

3-ply Roll covers same amount of surface. $2.00.

Any amount furnished on short notice. Apply to C. K. SARTWELL, Smethport, Pa.

HOTTON BROS.

We are still retailing

FLOUR

at wholesale prices.

We have just received a carload of

GRASS SEED

including Timothy and Clover Seed; also Red Cob Ensilage Fodder Corn.

Write or call on us when you are ready to buy.

Choice white oats for seed.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

A 12 H. P. Upright Boiler and Engine in good repair.

HOTTON BROS.,
PORTVILLE, N. Y.

M. L. ARMSTRONG,

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AND DEALER IN

Watches, Clocks, Silverware,
Spectacles,
Toys,
Eye-glasses,

And all goods pretaining to a First-class Jewelry store.

Satisfaction guaranteed, and prices as Low as the Lowest. Call and inspect our new stock.

GO TO

ROONEY'S MARKET

Wolesale and Retail

—FOR A—

Nice Piece of Meat

Fresh, Salt or Smoked.

—FOR—

FRESH & SALT FISH

—AND FOR ALL—

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

I will also pay the highest price for

STOCK AND HIDES

CALL AND SATISFY YOURSELF

Nearly opposite Catholic church. Main st.

J. F. ROONEY

EMIL THAMM,

Manufacturer of

CIGARS

And Dealer in

CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO

-:-PIPES, -:- ETC.-:-

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SMETHPORT, PA.,

Next door to Callar's Drug Store. June 13-6m

HUMPHREYS'

Dr. Humphreys' Specifics are scientifically and carefully prepared Remedies, used for years in private practice, and for over thirty years by the people with entire success. Every single Specific a special cure for the disease named.

They cure without drugging, purging or reducing the system, and are in fact and deed the Sovereign Remedies of the World.

CURES.	PRICES.
1—Fevers, Congestions, Inflammations	.25
2—Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic	.25
3—Teething; Colic, Crying, Wakefulness	.25
4—Diarrhea, of Children or Adults	.25
7—Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis	.25
8—Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache	.25
9—Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo	.25
10—Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Constipation	.25
11—Suppressed or Painful Periods	.25
12—Whites, Too Profuse Periods	.25
13—Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness	.25
14—Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions	.25
15—Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains	.25
16—Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague	.25
19—Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head	.25
20—Whooping Cough	.25
27—Kidney Diseases	.25
28—Nervous Debility	1.00
30—Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed	.25

HUMPHREYS' WITCH HAZEL OIL, "The Pile Ointment."—Trial Size, 25 Cts.

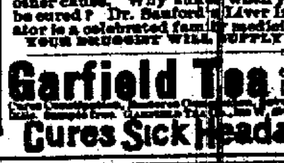
Sold by Druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price. Dr. Humphreys' Manual (144 pages) mailed free.

HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., NEW YORK.

SPECIFICS.

TO MAKE HEALTHY THE LIVER [illegible]

DR. SANFORD'S



INVIGORATOR

Cures thousands annually of Liver Complaints, Biliousness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Malaria. More ills result from an Unhealthy Liver than any other cause. Why suffer when you can be cured? Dr. Sanford's Liver Invigorator is a celebrated family medicine. YOUR DRUGGIST WILL SUPPLY YOU.

Garfield Tea

[illegible]

Cures Sick Headache

EXCELSIOR

MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS.

W. H. PRENTISS & CO., PROPS.

Our Office and works are now open, and having secured the services of one of the best workmen to be found in this section of the country, we are now prepared to get out as fine Marble and Granite and Cemetery work as can be had at any shop in the State. Special attention will be paid to all orders for grading and fencing of Cemetery Lots, Cleaning, Resetting or Lettering of Monuments and Headstones. All orders by mail or otherwise will receive prompt and careful attention. For prices or any other information call at office or address us. Satisfaction guaranteed. Wait for our salesman. Office and Works on Water St., Smethport, Pa.

Smethport, Pa., April 27, 1893.

To the Ladies:

We have an elegant line of Ladies' Coats and Capes all of the newest styles and colors, which we are selling at the lowest prices. Also, the most fashionably trimmed Bonnets, Hats and Toques to be found outside the largest cities. Come and see for yourselves.

MRS. T. D. NASH.

WHY PEOPLE GO TO BRADFORD.

A great supply house where almost everything a store that buys the most, sells the most and sells the cheapest. stock that is up to the times, supplied with the best and the newest there is in the lines it keeps—that's L. Emery. Jr., & Co. For those advantages most people go to Bradford.

HOUSEKEEPERS GO THERE

For Housekeeping Utensils.

This stock has 500 of them. It has all the little things needed, from the best kind of stove enamel to unrivaled cooking utensils. All the larger things from stoves to dinner sets.

MOTHERS GO THERE

For Baby Carriages.

This stock has all styles. We can show you 125 styles and almost as many prices. Our baby cabs last, each has the novelty springs and a new patent brake.

PAINTERS GO THERE

Mostly for Rubber Paint.

For 15 years we have sold this paint and we know that the world knows no better.

They go for Sanitary Muraline—better than kalsomine. Painters have never wanted what we lack.

HORSE OWNERS GO THERE

For Harness.

They go for everything any horse needs, from a halter to a horse shoe nail. Good harness as low as $6.50. You will marvel at our prices in this line. And remember we have everything.

The stock is a mammoth one. No housekeeper uses a third of the things that we have for her. No home is fitted with half the things that we keep for it. No painter, or carpenter, or mechanic knows of all this store is supplied with for him. No oil well, or gas well, mill or tannery lacks what we cannot supply.

L. EMERY, JR., & CO.,
43-45 Main St., Bradford.

Emery & Weaver.

1893.

EVERYTHING NEW FOR SRPING!

House-cleaning season is almost here and with it our new spring goods. We are better prepared for the occasion than ever. Should you need new

CARPETS

give us a call. We have ingrain from 25 cents per yard uy. All wool, 2 ply ingrain at 57½ cents.

We also have a full line of

FURNITURE,
DRAPERIES,
WINDOW SHADES,
WALL PAPER,
OIL CLOTHS,

and in fact a full ine of house furnishing goods.

We sell for cash and by so doing can undersell houses that sell on time. We pay the freight on all out of town deals and will deliver and set up all furniture sold in town.

UNDERTAKING

in all its branches a specialty. We shall endeavor to merit your esteemed patronage, which we respectfully solidit. Very truly yours,

FURNITURE AND CARPET COMPANY,

Smethport, Pa., March 8, 1893.

The McKean County Miner

[illegible] at the postoffice at Smethport as second-class mail matter.

Smethport, Pa., April 26, 1893.

CLUBBING RATES.

We will send the MINER and any [of the] magazines mentioned below [one] year to any address, as follows:

[The] MINER and New York *Tribune* [illegible]

[The] MINER and Philadelphia Week[ly] [illegible] $1 50

[The] MINER and Albany Weekly [illegible] $1 50

[The] MINER and Pittsburg *Chronicle* [illegible]

[The] MINER and *Judge Library of* [M]onthly for $1 60

[The] MINER and Harrisburg Weekly [f]or $1 75

[The] MINER and New York *World* [illegible]

[The] MINER and *Cosmopolitan Mag* [f]or $3 00

[The] MINER and American *Econo-* [f]or $2 00

[The] MINER and *Demorest Family* [illegible] for $3 10

[The] MINER and *National Tribune* [illegible]

[The] MINER and *Scribner's Magazine* [illegible]

[The] MINER and *Home Market Bul* [illegible] for $1 30

[LO]CAL AND GENERAL

License court May 8th.

Subscribe for the MINER.

[G]arden makers are busy.

Spring has thus far been coy.

[B]radford will have a circus shortly.

[I]t is high time for a base ball boom.

[illegible] is being gathered in large [illegible].

A lively season is in store for Smethport this year.

[A] howling hurricane was abroad [Sat]urday night.

[illegible] Daily lost a valuable [illegible] last Tuesday.

[The] court house lawn is getting [illegible] hair cut.

[illegible] season so far has been [illegible] of a failure.

[illegible] Carter is making improvements [on] King street property.

[The] hill north of Smethport is [illegible] with residences.

[A m]an who has the wool pulled over [his eyes] is apt to look sheepish.

[illegible] will this year be memorable [in] the history of Smethport.

[illegible] hat will play a very small [part in] masculine headgear this summer.

[Smet]hport Hose Company proposes [a] novel entertainment in the near [future].

[illegible] roads are in the [illegible] condition of any in the [illegible].

[illegible] that color which the Creator [illegible] blessed mortals is becoming [illegible].

[See] in other columns advertisements [of] F. D. Nash and the "Racket" [illegible] East Smethport.

[The] absence of court calendars among attorneys is a source of great and unnecessary inconvenience.

A very comfortable and well appointed house for rent corner Pike and King streets. Apply to H. M. Choate.

We have material and stock on hand for artistic job printing and always do work promptly and satisfactorily.

The calf offered for sale in another column is a superior blooded animal. [Every] stock raiser ought to own him.

[Go]vernor Pattison recently sent the [nominations of] women to the Senate [illegible] for notaries public in this [state].

[This] is a good time of year to advertise. [Do]n't forget that the MINER is [the] best advertising medium in the [county].

[illegible] will be high for everybody at [the] World's Fair especially for those who [go to] the top of the twenty story building.

[Geo]rge L. Brownell our enthusiastic [sportsman] bagged a brace or two of canvas back ducks on the waters of Marvin [Creek] last Tuesday.

[illegible] Tuesday morning that Potato and [illegible] were alive with [illegible] [illegible] ducks. Hundreds of the [illegible] killed by our local sportsmen.

[illegible] logic be produced to [show wh]y a printer's bill should be the [last] in the world to pay? Printers [illegible] to pay as well as other [illegible].

[The Kan]e *Republican* with characteristic enterprise issued an extra edition [last Satur]day containing a full account of [the proce]edings in the infanticide case of [illegible].

[illegible] Smith & Brother have purchased the stock of Hon. A. G. Olmsted [illegible] Hamlin in the National Bank [illegible] Allegany and now have a controlling interest.

[T]he bill which passed the present [leg]islature and been approved by the [Gove]rnor allowing women to be made [nota]ries public, is one of the most commendable acts of the session.

A correspondent in the scientific [illegible] says that washing warts four times a day in a strong solution of [illegible] will remove them in a few [days] without the slightest soreness.

Kitteridge opera house has McCullough's [Musi]cal Comedy Company booked for [Tues]day evening, May 9. The company [will a]ppear in a new and novel entertainment entitled "A World of Fun."

[The] Ladies Aid Society of the M. E. [Churc]h will serve suppers at the house [of illegible] Lemunier, next Tuesday from [illegible] o'clock P. M. A substantial [illegible] cents. Everybody come.

[illegible] the railways of this country [are] bound to comply with the law [in regard to] automatic couplers before 1898, [illegible] make work for many and only [lessen] the burden of the surgeon and [illegible].

[illegible] Ambassadors" will be the morning [illegible] and "Five Precious Stones" the subject at the M. E. Church [illegible] Prof. Eckels will address the [illegible] on "My responsibility to [those th]at are weak."

[Th]e *Reporter* locates Moody hollow [illegible]. It would be well to have a [map of] the county hanging up in that [office]. Moody hollow is 30 miles nearer [Port] Allegany than it is to Kane. Also, [Nancy] Moody does not live at Turtle [Point].

[A] blaze at the B. B. & K. engine [house] caused considerable excitement on Tuesday night. The hose company turned out and a large crowd gathered on the scene. The blaze was easily extinguished before any damage was done.

—Rev. J. B. McCandless will always be remembered by the people of this parish as a profound theologian and a priest who has the faculty of teaching his parishoners theology. He is a man whose character is beloved by all, and whose sermons ever show the glory, strength, beauty and grace of Christianity.

—After a long struggle with fate, Dr. W. P. Burdick has at last got his family and furniture moved to this place and is now nicely located in the Melander Block, in rooms adjoining the ones occupied by him as an office. As usual, when a new comer arrives, we bid them a hearty welcome.—*Mt. Jewett Herald.*

—Mr. A. P. Pope, the new proprietor of the Grand Central Hotel at Smethport has taken possession and is already making some much needed repairs in and about that popular hostelry. The new host is a very pleasant gentleman to do business with and we predict a bright future for him in his new location.—*Mt. Jewett Herald.*

Messrs. Thomas Keelor and Sons of Wetmore are busy in building a factory to make wood alcohol a few rods west of their saw mill at the station. They have an immense amount of hard wood for this purpose and this new industry will be a valuable one. The P. & E. R. R. Co., are putting in a switch to the new factory.—*Warren Mail.*

—The old Liberty Bell, which has hung in Independence Hall in Philadelphia ever since the people of the American Colonies threw off the chains of British oppression, is now on its way to Chicago, where it will remain on exhibition at the World's Fair. It will be looked upon with veneration for the next six months by a great many thousand people.

On Monday 17th, a postal clerk was put on the morning train east from Kane to Lock Haven giving another through mail for the east and also a through mail from the east to Kane west on the evening train. There are now eight mails daily sent from the Emporium office—three east, two west and three north and the same number of mails received.—*Emporium Press.*

The contract for the building of the new sewer in this place was awarded to our townsman Andrew Reilly. His bid was $[illegible], and he expects to employ a large number of men who will begin work next Tuesday. Mr. Reilly who is one of the best men in the country for the engineering of a work of this character is limited by the contract to ninety days in which to complete the [illegible].

A fly will lay four times during the summer 80 eggs each time and careful calculations have demonstrated that the descendants of a single insect may from June 1 to the end of September exceed [illegible]. Were it not for bats, insect-eating birds and the innumerable small parasites with which the fly is particularly afflicted there would be no worse pest in the world than the fly.

The death of Mrs. Nancy Moody of Coleville aged [illegible] years occurred at her home on Monday, April [illegible]. Mrs. Moody was an old resident of this section of the county, settling in Keating township with her husband Nehemiah, deceased, in the year 18[illegible]. Oscar Moody her youngest son who was a private in the 13th Regiment Pennsylvania Vol. was captured and met his death at Libby prison. Nine children including Gilbert Moody of Farmers Valley survive the deceased.

A great many people think trains cannot make good time when there is a heavy rain, remarked an old engineer, but that is where they make a great mistake. A heavy rain washes the rail off clean and gives the wheels a chance to take hold. It is the light rains that just soften up the grease on the rail that engineers always dread, as they have to keep using sand. A light fall of snow has the same effect or where it [lies] on top of the rail but a heavy [rain] thoroughly cleans the steel.

One of the most important discoveries of modern times is the finding on Mt. Sinai of a manuscript containing the Syriac [version of the] four Gospels. It seems undoubtedly to date back to the second century. It will soon be translated and published. As far as known there are no discrepancies between it and the extant version. As it now appears, this ancient manuscript will fortify the authenticity of the received translations, and will give Christians an argument that the agnostic will not find it easy to answer.

McKean county very narrowly escaped another murder case last Monday. Wilson Burrows and Leo Jacklin of Two Mile, Liberty township, while engaged in an animated discussion warmed up to a white heat, and the climax was reached by Burrows drawing a revolver and deliberately firing at Jacklin. The ball entered the muscular part of the neck, inflicting a bad wound the damage however not being of a serious nature. Burrows was arrested and brought to Smethport. He is in the hands of Sheriff Grubb and will answer to the charge of assault with intent to kill.

All the truth is known in the sad case of infanticide at Kane. Ida Anquist, a Swedish woman was betrayed last July by a villain who promised to marry her. He deserted her and she was left to the mercy of the uncharitable world. Unable to face the disgrace, she delivered the infant at a remote oil derrick on April 10th, and left it there, apparently having strangled it—a handkerchief being tied about its neck. The poor creature has a great deal of sympathy and her betrayer will probably be brought to justice. She was arrested and brought to this place, and is now lodged in jail.

The license court of Philadelphia has been called upon to consider an application for a saloon license which is signed by eighteen women, the first instance of the kind on record. The application states that the wives and daughters of the neighborhood in which the proposed saloon is located are in favor of a license for it, "to prevent their husbands, fathers and brothers from crossing the railroad at American street and Indiana avenue when they wish to buy liquor to prevent danger to life and limb which they now encounter, owing to the scarcity of licensed saloons in the immediate neighborhood."

—That Mrs. Lease will deliver the Memorial Day address in Smethport, there is now no doubt. It will unquestionably be an oration which it will pay to travel considerable distance to have the pleasure of listening to. And we do not want the comrades of the Grand Army, nor the people generally to forget that they are indebted to Mrs. Kate Baker, of Larrabee, for the intellectual treat which is in store for their edification. Mrs. Lease and Mrs. Baker were devoted friends in their girlhood, and the strong ties so firmly welded in the years gone by have never been severed. It is to visit her old friend and renew the acquaintance of the past that brings her east at this time. She should be royally welcomed.

—An exchange says "A newspaper has just been started in London, which is printed on a postal card. The first number has four illustrations, a comic tragedy, a few jokes and puzzles and advertisements." The fact that it mentions jokes, makes the whole thing sound rather "fishy."

—The Oil City *Derrick* gives the following account of the almost human intelligence of a livery horse belonging in that city: "A remarkable exhibition of instinct was exhibited by 'Dan,' one of McGuigan & Stubbs's livery horses, Monday forenoon. Sunday night the horse was brought into the stable lame and the stable men thought it was a sprain. They were rubbing the leg with liniment Monday morning, when the horse broke away from them and ran into Parson's blacksmith shop, on the same street. Here he wheeled up to the horseshoer and lifted up his lame leg. The man examined the leg and foot and found that an improperly driven nail had penetrated into the quick of the foot. The shoe was reset and the horse returned to the barn. The horse has been owned by the firm for the past four years, but this is the first time he had gone to the blacksmith shop voluntarily."

—One of the aggravating things of life is to sit in a barber shop on a Saturday night and wait until some fellow with Buffalo Bill hair gets his hair cut. The barber doesn't like to cut hair on Saturday night, and his patrons do not like to be compelled to wait for a shave in the closing hours of a week—the busiest hours of all. It is so the country over, and has gotten to be such an annoyance that societies are being formed for its suppression. The Philadelphia *Record* speaking on the subject, says: "A novel organization is about to be perfected in this city in the Society for the Suppression of Saturday Hair Cuts. The society will appeal to every man who has a sense of right and justice, to every man who loves himself as he loves his neighbor. The object of the proposed society, as stated in the prospectus issued by the Organization Committee is simply to compel barbers to confine their labors on Saturdays to shaving. It is proposed to boycott all barbers who persist in the nefarious custom of forcing a shopful of customers to wait while some gentle chappie indulges in the luxury of a hair cut often supplemented by a shampoo or a singe."

PERSONAL MENTION

We would deem it a favor if those having friends visiting in our place would notify us by postal or by leaving a notice at this office.

John Reilly was in Olean Monday.

Larry Sheridan was down from Colegrove Tuesday.

County Treasurer Fagan was in New York this week.

Hon. T. A. Morrison visited Bradford Wednesday last.

A. P. Pope, of the Grand Central was in Olean last Friday.

The genial Hugh Loyd was down from Ceres on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. August Adel of Olean, were in town over Sunday.

Attorney P. R. Cotter of Eldred was in town Wednesday.

Miss Mattie [illegible] of this place is visiting friends at Colegrove.

Dr. W. P. Burdick of Mt. Jewett visited Smethport last Wednesday.

Fred Ames of Port Allegany is visiting friends in town this week.

Attorney Wm. Knupp of Warren had business in Smethport Tuesday last.

Miss Mabel Foster of Eldred visited friends in Smethport Wednesday.

John L. Zane of Bradford is at the Freeman Sanitarium on King street.

Geo. H. Wolcott, of Eldred, made Smethport a business visit Saturday.

Arthur Thomas and Leon Grigsby visited friends in Port Allegany Sunday.

W. C. Thompson, Esq. of Butler Pa. had business in Smethport on Wednesday.

J. H. Beck and C. L. Anderson of Port Allegany visited the county seat Sunday.

M. L. Shurtz and wife of Port Allegany visited friends in town on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry J. Brennan of Mt. Jewett were guests of his parents over Sunday.

Miss Lena Wright of this place is visiting with friends and relatives in Coudersport.

Miss Nina Tracy returned Monday from a week's visit with friends in Olean and Emporium.

Mrs. Emma Sprague who has been visiting with friends and relatives in Buffalo and New York returned to her home Monday.

Robert Martin of the firm of L. Martin & Co. Philadelphia accompanied by his wife were guests at the Grand Central on Wednesday.

The New School Building

W. D. Moore, of Olean, was this week awarded the contract for building the new school house in Smethport, he being the lowest bidder. The building is to be of brick, and to be completed October 1st. Moore's bid was $15,434 58. The Smead system of ventilating and heating will be placed in the building at an additional cost of $1,[illegible]00. When completed Smethport will have one of the finest school buildings in the country located in a most healthful and picturesque spot. The burning of the old structure was a favor of fortune to the people of McKean's county seat which will ever be remembered and appreciated.

Sailed the Seas 25 Years

Capt. A. P. Lord is a prominent resident of Hampden, Me. For 25 years he sailed the seas and upon retiring from that calling, was appointed by the U. S. government to superintend its interests in the Alaska seal fisheries, a position he held five years. In speaking of his experience, he says: "For several years I was greatly troubled with nervousness, and a pain in the region of my heart. It was almost impossible for me to get rest and sleep. Physicians from New York to San Francisco did me no good, but Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and New Heart Cure speedily and completely cured me. I owe my present and excellent health to them."

For Sale.

The subscriber offers for sale a full blooded Jersey bull calf 4 weeks old, for $10. Those who have seen him think he is too valuable stock to sell for veal.

J. ROGERS.

Smethport, Apr. 25, 1893.

Notice.

All persons owing me book account are hereby notified to call and settle the same on or before May 1st, 1893, as I wish to balance my old books.

F. D. Hopkins.

April 4th, 1893.

Do you lack faith and love health? Let us establish your faith and restore your health with DeWitt's Sarsaparilla. For Sale by A. B. Armstrong.

Call on W. F. Specht for all kinds of Insurance. He represents none but reliable companies. 1t

A car load of choice timothy and clover just received at W. D. Gallup's. tf

[illegible]

The people of McKean county can hardly be caught napping by bunco steerers. But there are those who have thought they could degenerate the county into Belgian idiocy.

—o—

A contemporary critically remarked some time ago that silence was golden, but it failed to see the gold. Apropos it must have discovered some bright Eldorado in the realms of silence, which would account for its late obstinate reticence. The reform record is not dead but sleepeth.

—o—

W. P. Eckels, County Superintendent of Schools, is a gentleman in every sense of the word. He does not like another candidate for the superintendency, aspire to pose in political conventions as a meteoric luminary of the backwoods, nor has he ever taken any active part in politics. He is a man of intellect, educated in the classics and sciences and is just the man the teachers and people of the county want for their superintendent.

—o—

Sam Lindsley in the *Democrat* says that "Sam Smith, like Hamlet's ghost, will not down, but seems to delight in investigating county affairs." This is remarkably like one of Sam Weller's irrepressible jokes. Nobody ever before heard of Hamlet's ghost, but the survivor of Clark Wilson may have meant Banquo's ghost, or the ghost of Hamlet's pa, whose nickname was probably Sam. The "unsubstantial pageant" of county reform would naturally suggest something spectral.

—o—

An hygienic lesson is taught by the recent sad case of infanticide in Kane. It is an unpleasant case from which to derive hygienic truths but it nevertheless serves the purpose. The woman who alone gave birth to a child in the engine house of a remote oil derrick and then walked a mile and a half with wet feet suffering no inconvenience or weakness, was of Swedish nationality. She was that type of woman which can always be found taking vigorous exercise in the open air untrammelled by the corset and other abuses. She is inured to out-door work and thus enjoys the robust health intended for her by her Maker.

A USEFUL PUBLICATION

The Official Mouthpiece of the World's Columbian Exposition

When the United States Government took control of the World's Columbian Exposition last October on the occasion of the dedication a board of control was appointed to carry on the work to a successful completion. One of the first acts of the board was to order a publication which should give the information that people are most desirous of obtaining in connection with an enterprise now uppermost in the public mind. The work was given the title of the OFFICIAL DIRECTORY OF THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION and active preparations were at once entered into. It has now so far progressed as to warrant placing it into the hands of solicitors for the purpose of taking subscriptions. It will contain not only very valuable but a so very interesting information. Will be illustrated with about one hundred full page half tone engravings, and will contain the names of every exhibitor, his home address, what he is exhibiting and where the exhibit may be found at the Exposition. It is information which intending visitors most urgently need and will be highly appreciated by the public everywhere. W. B. Conkey Company of Chicago, who are the official publishers, desire a representative in this locality and will mail handsome descriptive circular on application.

RESOLUTIONS

Adopted by the W. C. T. U. Convention at its recent session in Port Allegany

We, the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of McKean county, in its twentieth semi-annual convention assembled, recognizing the divine guidance of our Heavenly Father, and feeling that his work has prospered during the past year, do hereby declare our intention of pursuing it with greater zeal and devotion during the year to come; therefore

Resolved, That this convention deeply feels the absence of its beloved President, prays for the restoration of her health and that she may be able to preside over the next convention.

1st. That we express our sense of gratitude to our Vice President, Mrs. Wassick, for the steady support she has afforded our beloved President during the past half year and for the efficient manner in which she presided over the convention.

2d. That believing it is right and expedient that woman has the ballot for the better protection of her home, and that only through this weapon of defense can the best and highest interest of the church, school and state be subserved, and believing that nothing is more dreaded by the liquor traffic than the votes of women, we urge an amendment to both the state and national Constitutions granting the women the ballot and that we give our influence to that political party that is most outspoken in its advocacy of the principles of prohibition and Woman's Suffrage.

3d. That the Woman's Christian Temperance Union also tender their sincere thanks to His Excellency Robert E. Pattison, Governor of Pennsylvania for his noble and courageous stand against any weakening of our Sunday laws. We express our admiration for his ringing address in its defense and our gratitude for the effect already manifest upon those who seek to destroy our Christian sabbath.

4th. That we sympathize with Mrs. Matilda B. Carse in view of the criticisms which have been aimed at her work for the Temperance Temple which has been carried on with rare self abnegation and we will do our best to make her vision a reality and that this convention has perfect confidence in her ability and integrity and wish that the criticisms might effect her as little as they do us.

5th. That we stand unflinchingly for an equal standard of purity for men and women which shall protect the manhood of our sons as well as the womanhood of our daughters.

6th. That as "The star of Hope of the temperance reform hangs over the school house," we renew our efforts in the department of scientific temperance instruction. 1st. By securing efficient local superintendents who will do their work thoroughly and report promptly to the county superintendent. 2nd. By preparing the way for the workers in this department among teachers and unions. 3d. Working to elect temperance women as school directors.

7th. That we recommend the plan of work adopted at last convention.

8th. That this convention censures the National Woman's Lecture Bureau for failing to provide us with the lecturer engaged two months ago, and that a copy of this resolution be sent to the Bureau.

9th. That we tender our thanks to the railroad company in proportion to [illegible] rate reduction, especially to Mr. Weber the courteous agent in Port Allegany who so kindly interested himself in our behalf.

10th. That this convention extend its thanks to the citizens of Port Allegany, who so cordially welcomed and entertained us, to the trustees of the Presbyterian church, who placed it at our disposal, to the ladies who kindly assisted us with the singing, and to the pages who so obligingly waited upon us. We would thank the pastors of the churches for their presence, and especially the pastor of the Presbyterian church who so carefully looked after our comfort, to the editor of the Port Allegany *Reporter* for his kindly mention of us and our work, and all who contributed to our success.

Deserving Praise.

We desire to say to our citizens, that for years we have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Dr. King's New Life Pills, Bucklen's Arnica Salve and Electric Bitters, and have never handled remedies that sell as well or that have given such universal satisfaction. We do not hesitate to guarantee them every time, and we stand ready to refund the purchase price, if satisfactory results do not follow their use. These remedies have won their great popularity purely on their merits. F. R. Foster, Druggist.

Whooping Cough.

Humphreys' specific No. 20 may be considered as absolutely infallible for the cure of whooping cough. It allays the irritation, moderates the cough and so cures the disease. tf

W. F. Specht represents first-class insurance companies. Get him to write your Insurance.

Allow me to add my tribute to the efficacy of Ely's Cream Balm. I was suffering from a severe attack of influenza and catarrh and was induced to try your remedy. The result was marvelous. I could hardly articulate, and in less than twenty-four hours the catarrhal symptoms and my hoarseness disappeared and I was able to sing a heavy role in Grand Opera with voice unimpaired. I strongly recommend it to all singers.—Wm. H. Hamilton, Leading Basso of the C. D. Hess Grand Opera Co.

SUBSCRIBE for the MINER.

THE COUNTY.

Interesting News From Various Localities Picked up by Our Regular Correspondents.

KANE.

James Farnsworth, of Eastbrook, was in Kane the other day.

M. P. Coffman and Wm. McCauley went to Jamestown Saturday.

Thomas [illegible] has gone to Cambridge mineral springs for his health.

Painters are at work on the Woodside hospital. Mr. Airy is doing the work.

John Fitzgerald, the oil producer, is visiting at his former home in Wellsville, N. Y.

John Craig, of Tidioute, is now an employee of Tremblay's Wagon & Carriage Works.

Fred Wilder has gone to Ridgway, and is employed in the Hamilton Wagon Works there.

Markham and Martin have a number of strings of tools rigging in the Joo Joo region and at Johnsonburg.

Mrs. E. D. Kane and her daughter, Dr. Harriett Kane, are visiting in Princeton, N. J., and Philadelphia.

Miss Ercid Green presided at the organ in the Presbyterian church during the absence of Miss Fanny Mathews.

James Campbell has a force of men at work on the drive way to the Presbyterian church. This was much needed.

The village of Irvineton, west of Warren, has a malignant type of diphtheria, many have died. Many new cases are reported.

Was it the building of the Butter & Cheese Factory that caused the much talked of institution on the west side, to remove from there to Johnsonburg.

J. D. Crowder is having the building between the Campbell block and the stone building removed, preparatory to the erection of a brick building in its stead.

If men are to be known by the company they keep, in what set are we to place J. W. Baker and H. H. Corson when on their way to Ridgway last Friday evening.

Charles Engwell, of Lafayette, was brought to the hospital last week. He had his right foot broken while working on a log slide on the job of F. W. [illegible], at Westline.

Rev. P. A. Johnson, of the Mission Church at Greendale, has accepted a call from the Lutheran Church, at Moline, Ill. Many of the Swedish people here regret his leaving.

Mrs. Swanson, mother of the Hacker street merchant, fell on the icy sidewalk Friday evening, fracturing her right arm near the wrist. Dr. Evan Kane reduced the fracture.

A number of fine residences are projecting on Greek street, some of them being under way. H. H. McCoy, Jr. and A. W. Davis has the cellars for their brick residences completed.

The wheels of justice are revolving slowly in Kane. Squire Lem Davis is on the sick list. Real estate transactions are less brisk and investors are anxiously awaiting his recovery.

County Auditor Liddell is a sufferer from rheumatism. He made his way to the *Republican* office Saturday with the aid of a cane and remembered the writer in a substantial manner.

Miss Blanche Rupert has gone to her home at Laiper City, Ohio county to make preparations for her approaching nuptials with one of our most prominent young society men and a rising physician of Kane.

John Johnson of Johnsonburg W. T. was registered at the Thomson House on Wednesday of last week. Thereby hangs a tale for the betterment of Kane however. A few more John Johnsons wanted here.

C. H. Smith of New York city and F. F. Curtze, of Erie, Treasurer of the Erie Dime Saving & Loan Co., were the guests of James McDade last week. Mr. Smith is the largest lampblack broker and dealer in the world.

A large barn filled with hay and belonging to Horton & Crary at Sheffield caught fire from a gas flare in the barn Monday at 3 30 p. m., and destroyed the barn with the contents. The loss is about $1,000. Insurance if any not learned.

Our local detective here claims that his luster was foully dimmed by the lies and a man who wishes his name withheld these forced knowledge of the mother of the murdered babe so her capture was easily effected.

There are times that quite a considerable amount of money changes hands in the Phillips building on Fraley street, in the ice cream parlor and reading room of Mrs. M. K. O'Neil the widow lady. No one knows it will be broken up.

Dr. Parker the surgeon dentist has a device nearly completed which promises a revolution in dentistry. Now will some brainy inventive genius [illegible] something to reduce high rents in Kane. There is millions in it either way.

J. C. McKinney of Kane and Miss M. H. Sheldon of Bradford were married at the latter place on the 17th, by the Rev. A. G. Morgan of Bradford. Mr. McKinney is one of the representative colored citizens of Kane at the Thomson House.

There is something wrong with the crossing cleaner. Crossings are almost impassible for ladies. The Street Committee should see that the cleaner is kept in repair or else do away with it entirely. At present it is not of much value to the borough.

Work on the buildings for the Butter & Cheese Factory will be commenced this week. Its butter had cheese against the boot and shoe manufactory. No go and it looks as if the latter would give the former grounded concern about an even race for completion.

The relatives from out of town who attended the funeral of little Roxie Smith, were Mrs. Valentine Luppert, Mrs. Wm. Heyle, Mrs. Henry Fetter, Williamsport, Dr. J. S. Barndall and wife, Ridgway, W. S. Perry and Mrs. Glasson, Johnsonburg, and P. A. Roberts, Bradford.

Owing to the absence or failure of the preacher to reach here, Elder Wm. Hubbard filled the pulpit in the Presbyterian church Sunday morning. Elder Hubbard being a fluent speaker and a profound thinker, a diligent reader of theological works, he acquitted himself creditably.

Hon. L. Rogers, ex Treasurer was over Saturday and rendered aid in getting out the *Republican* extra which had a tremendous sale. The 1st and 2nd editions were soon exhausted and the 3d edition did not supply the demand. At midnight J. W. Baker the blue law observing editor stopped the press.

W. Jay Kelly and J. C. Hutton two eastern capitalists were looking around Kane last week. They were shown the town by J. Davis and John Johnson of W. T. The town and its enterprising people left an impression in their minds that will eventually revert to some good. They are inclined to make Kane their future home.

The Kane *Republican* the youngest of the Kane newspapers, has outstripped them all in getting an extra out Saturday afternoon, giving an account of the capture, arrest and confession of the mother of the baby found dead in the woods near West Kane, on the 11th. Its only an exhibition of the enterprise and hustle of the editor J. W. Baker.

A. L. Stevens, of Kaybrook attempted to board the freight, No. 60 east, while in motion, at Sheffield, on Thursday. He missed his footing and was thrown under the moving train and had a leg ground off. Mail train east brought the young man to his home. An other sad warning to train jumpers. The limb was amputated Friday. He may recover.

It is rumored that J. C. King has disposed of his meat market. If so "Butch" has found favor with President Cleveland and has secured that situation in the far west, the one he so much desired; however many will regret his departure from Kane. There are some but that say "Onward and upward Butch you are entitled to more than can possibly be given you.

PORT ALLEGANY

F. P. Shaner of Olean was in town on business last Saturday.

M. A. Lillibridge made a business trip to Liberty last Monday.

Miss Emma Sizmar is visiting with her sister Mrs. Shaler in Olean this week.

Dr. Robert J. Sharp of Lakewood N. Y., was in town on a business mission last Saturday.

F. E. Hawley is making some repairs on his beautiful residence on Maple street, this week.

A. J. Hughes, of Buffalo was in town shaking hands with old friends and new friends last Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Gerry Wallace, of Eldred spent Sunday in this place, with Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Garthwait.

Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Stout of Olean, spent Sunday in this place, guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Franklin.

Mrs. Theodore Wilkins and children of Chicago, Ill., are visiting in this place with Miss Dell Lillibridge.

Mr. and Mrs. Amos Colcord of Baltimore, are visiting in town with Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Colcord, this week.

Mrs. E. F. Cornell and daughter Nellie, of Costello were visiting in this place, this week, with Mr. Mrs. C. W. Catlin.

Attorney P. R. Cotter, of Eldred defended Wilson Burrows for shooting Leo Jacklin, before C. C. Ward last Saturday.

Mr. Lindsey, who represents French & Parkhurst, of Olean, was in town last Monday looking after the company's interests in this vicinity.

A new sidewalk is being laid in front of the Presbyterian Church this week and the lawn is being graded. Rev. Arney is overseeing the work.

E. B. Kelley is making preparations to build a dwelling house on Main street, where William Dolms' blacksmith shop has stood for a good many years.

H. T. Shurts has purchased the Connolly residence on Broad street and he will take possession at once. This will make Mr. Shurts a very pleasant home.

Mr. and Mrs. Hites, Mrs. John Dick and Miss Dessie Hooker were baptized by emersion at the Baptist Church last Sunday evening. Since Rev. Dean has been pastor of the church the membership has doubled.

The ice cream social held in the Snyder building last Friday evening, by the young people of the Baptist Church, was well attended, and was a success in every particular. The proceeds over and above expenses, were sixteen dollars.

F. Gerwick has rented the Shurts farm over the river and he took possession of it last week. By Mr. Gerwick's moving out of the borough, it will create a vacancy in the borough council. Mr. Gerwick's experience in office has been short and sweet.

The citizens of this place had the pleasure last Thursday evening, to listening to the world renowned Fisk Jubilee Singers. The opera house was crowded, and all present enjoyed the beautiful singing. Their singing is beyond the range of criticism. The company is sure of a welcome, whenever it may visit this borough.

Wilson Burrows was committed to jail at Smethport last Monday, for shooting Leo Jacklin. Both parties live on the Two Mile, and last Sunday evening about eight o'clock, the two boys met and had some words, and Wilson Burrows raised the revolver he was holding in his hand, and shot Jacklin in the face, the ball passing through his cheek, and it was a close shave for his life. After the shot was fired, Jacklin turned and ran towards home, and Burrows not satisfied with the cowardly work, fired the second shot, but it missed the mark. Burrows is an ignorant boy about sixteen years old, and it is supposed that he was encouraged to do this deed by two men.

PALMERVILLE

A. H. Palmer was in Smethport Saturday on business.

Mr. Wible, on Martin Creek is building him a new residence.

Mr. Kelly spent Sunday with his wife and family at Colegrove.

Little Edith Dunbar has been quite ill with pneumonia, but is better.

Butter is very scarce here, eggs are plentiful, pasture land is abundant; the pasture is coming.

The H. Palmer & Son's mill here did its best last week, cutting 140,000 feet of hemlock and hardwood.

Mrs. Hiram and Misses Rose and Nettie Palmer, start for the World's Fair about the middle of May.

It is probable that in the near future, an acid works will be started here. Negotiations are already in progress.

Little Georgie Campbell, who had his finger almost torn off in the cogwheel of a clothes wringer, last week, is getting along finely.

W. Walters, of the J. P. Walters & Co., New York, and T. C. Waisman, of Eldred, paid a flying visit here last Thursday on business.

Mr. Roberts, of Eldred, the wide awake agent of W. M. Walker & Co., of Buffalo, was here last week and sold quite a good bill of feed [illegible].

A sidewalk is much needed from the school house down to Main street, as far the houses go anyway. The commencement is the hardest part of the work.

Mr. Conly has taken a three years job lumbering, near Crosby, and has moved his family away. Palmerville loses a good citizen, and a pleasant and neighborly family.

Some of the regular mill hands and workmen around here have vacated their positions around the mill and turned their attention to peeling bark. Probably in a few weeks they will be "peeling their eye" for work in the mill again.

People are devising means as to how and when they will go the World's Fair but its quite probable that some, who get there will have to devise some outbought of scheme to return again. Chicago will be well patronized by sharpers and pickpockets.

Mr. Martin, one of Marvin Creek's successful farmers, has just had his residence newly painted inside and out, and is now one of the prettiest in this locality. There is a reason for everything, and its quite probable Ed Martin knows the reason why. Congratulation Ed.

Elder J. P. Mynard, from Colegrove, preaches here every Sunday evening, and usually has a congregation, number of sixty to ninety. Last Sunday the annual missionary collection was taken up, amounting to $13. Undoubtedly the people here, find "it is more blessed to give than to receive."

The children here have now had a six weeks holiday, and its time they were at school again. Miss Minnie Cronck, of Eldred, was their last teacher, and gave good satisfaction, both to the pupils and their parents. We have a good school house located in our midst, and lots of scholars anxious to learn, all that is needed is a teacher.

Geo. Shephard of Port Allegany, drove over to Palmerville last week and traded horses. H. Palmer & Son now own one of the finest black teams in McKean county, and Mr. Shephard drove back to Port Allegany a pair of bands, some bays and carried in his "inside pocket" the balance of the trade. N. B. Both parties got the best of the trade.

T. F. Boyle the hustling agent for Burke, Fitzsimmons, Hone & Co's Dry Goods House, Rochester was here last week with his pleasant "how d'ye do" for every one he knew. He sold a bill of dry goods amounting to upward of a thousand dollars to H. Palmer & Son, and left Palmerville with that characteristic smile of an infection on his countenance, that a successful salesman usually wears.

EAST VALLEY

William Brockham is gaining very slow.

C. M. Young made a business trip to Eldred last Thursday.

Lewis Glevo and made a flying trip to Port while last Thursday.

Mrs. Silvia Willey who has been ill for over a year is failing very slow.

Miss Lina Rice of Coryville is visiting at Mr. Brockham's this last week.

Marvin Reed is getting disappointed in his work at Johnsonburg returned home Saturday.

Miss Flora Trumble of this place, was visiting with Mrs. J. T. Kent, of Coryville last Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Reed started for Bradford Friday on hearing of the brief news, that their son's wife was not expected to live. She died before they got there.

LITERARY NOTES

Marion Harland will contribute to the next number of "Harper's Bazar" the first of articles entitled "Commonsense among the Chickens," containing practical directions and suggestions regarding the care of poultry, with valuable hints on poultry-raising for profit.

THE ROCKIES FROM DENVER

It surprised me to discover that Denver was a city of the plains. There is nothing in the appearance of the plains to lead one to suppose they tilt up like a toboggan slide as they do, or that Denver is a mile above sea level, as it is. But a part of its enormous good fortune is that although it is a plains city, it has the mountains for near neighbors—a long peaked and scalloped line of purple or pink or blue or snow-clad green, according to when they are viewed. There are 200 miles or more of the Rockies in sight in clear weather. As there are about fifty six cloudy days in the year, and as these mountains elevate and inspire even the dullest souls, I think we can forget that it is a city of the plains and ever associate it with the mountains hereafter. I plighted my troth to the sea near which I was born, but in Denver and Salt Lake City, loveliest of all our inland cities, I felt a straining at my loyalty and when I saw in the dining room of Mr. W. N. Byers the great square window that his charming wife ordered made so that she could frame 200 miles of the Rockies as in a picture, I admitted to myself that there was much to be said for "t'other dear charmer," and that, in the language of Denver's poet, Cy Warman, "God was good to make the mountains."—From "Colorado and its Capital," by JULIAN RALPH, in *Harper's Magazine* for May.

A NOVEL DANCING-CLASS.

There was a dozen or more of the queerest Lenten dancing-classes held in New York, not by the frivolous society girls who could not stand the enforced quiet of forty days, but by groups of twenty four stout middle aged dames. Mrs. Van Kortlandt was at the head of one dancing-circle in fact she was the direct promoter of the plan. Mrs. Van Kortlandt had appealed to her physician for a remedy by which she might reduce her avoirdupois. He suggested dancing as an excellent exercise and acting on the suggestion, the clever lady chose twenty three stout matrons, and her long drawing room, twice a week, they polked waltzed galoped and did the square dances to piano music by a hired professional woman player. From three to five the sound of revelry was heard along with much merriment for the twenty-four friends enjoyed their exercise hugely. No masculine eye ever witnessed the revels, which were often danced as a German, with charming favors. Afterward came five o'clock tea. Mrs. Van Kortlandt succeeded in losing nearly ten pounds. Other women wished to join, but that dancing class was a close corporation, and so other circles were formed with equal success and benefit to the members.—From "Society Fads," in *Demorest's Family Magazine.*

A Million Friends.

A friend in need is a friend indeed, and not less than one million people have found just such a friend in Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs, and colds.—If you have never used this Great Cough medicine, one trial will convince you that it has wonderful curative powers in all diseases of throat, chest and lungs. Each bottle is guaranteed to do all that is claimed or money will be refunded. Trial bottles free at F. R. Foster's Drug store. Large bottles 50c. and $1 00.

The strongest recommendation that any article can have is the endorsement of the mothers of the town. When the mothers recommend it you may know that the article has more than ordinary merit. Here is what the Centerville North Dakota, *Citizen* says editorially of an article sold in their town: "From personal experience we can say that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has broken up bad colds for our children. We are acquainted with many mothers in Centerville who would not be without it in the house for a good many times its cost, and are recommending it every day." 50 cent bottles for sale by A. B. Armstrong.

The many cases of rheumatism cured by Chamberlain's Pain Balm during the past few months have given the people great confidence in its curative powers and have shown that there is one preparation that can be depended upon for that painful and aggravating disease. Honaker Bros., Loraine, Ohio say: Mr. Moses Price, of this place, was troubled with rheumatism for a long time. Chamberlain's Pain Balm has cured him. He says the Balm has no equal. For sale by A. B. Armstrong.

[illegible]

Items of [illegible]

Insure now at W. F. Specht's agency.

A car load of choice timothy and clover just received at W. D. Gallup's. tf.

Fire, Life, Accident and Cyclone Insurance written by W. F. Specht.

—Piles of people have piles, but DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve will cure them. Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

Whiskey and tobacco habit cured or no charge. Don't fail to correspond. J. L. COCHRANE, Lock Box 217, Greensburg, Pa.

Rheumatism is quickly cured by using Arnica & Oil Liniment. For sale by H. C. Wells.

Something new in the line of collars. Gleason & Lemunier have just received what is termed a cork collar. Call in and examine it before purchasing elsewhere.

A little ill, then a little pill. The ill is gone the pill has won. DeWitt's Little Early Risers the pills that cure great ills. For Sale by A. B. Armstrong.

Said a noted man of 60 years, "my mother gave me Down's Elixir for coughs and colds when I was a boy." For sale by H. C. Wells.

Itch on human and horses and all animals cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. Sold by A. B. Armstrong Druggist, Smethport Pa.

English Spavin Liniment removes all hard, soft or calloused lumps and blemishes from horses, blood spavins curbs, splints, sweeney, ring-bone stifles, all swollen throats, coughs, etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful blemish cure ever known. Sold by A. B. Armstrong Druggist, Smethport Pa.

The most intelligent people of our community recognize in DeWitt's Little Early Riser's pills of unequaled merit, for dyspepsia, headache and consumption very small perfect in action. For sale by A. B. Armstrong.

Elder S. S. Beaver, of McAllisterville, Juaniatta County, Pa. says his wife is subject to cramp in the stomach. Last summer she tried Chamberlain's colic, cholera and diarrhoea remedy and was much pleased with the speedy relief it afforded. She has since used it whenever necessary and found that it never fails. For sale by A. B. Armstrong.

Coughing Leads to Consumption.

Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough at once.

Dissolution Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE copartnership heretofore existing between G. W. Williams and J. G. Williams, under the firm name of Williams & Son, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, G. W. Williams retiring from said firm. All accounts due said firm are to be paid to J. G. Williams, who will pay all bills owed by the firm.

G. W. WILLIAMS.
J. G. WILLIAMS.

Smethport, Pa., April 17, 1893.

Notice of Dissolution.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE joint stock company lately doing business under the name of The Smethport Manufacturing Company Limited was on the 15th day of April A. D. 1893 by a vote of a majority of all the members thereof, dissolved, and the undersigned were by said members elected liquidating trustees for the purpose of winding up the business of the said Company as provided by the Act of Assembly of June 2, 1874 under which the said Company was formed.

J. A. McKEAN,
A. J. GIFFORD
W. D. GALLUP

Smethport April 15 1893 4t.

Election Notice.

To the School Directors of McKean County

GENTLEMEN:—In pursuance of the forty-third section of the act of May 8, 1854, you are hereby notified to meet in convention at the court house in Smethport McKean county Pennsylvania on the first Tuesday of May A D 1893, being the second day of the month and select, viva voce, by a majority of the whole number present one person of literary and scientific acquirements, and of skill and experience in the art of teaching, as county superintendent for the three succeeding years and certify the result to the state superintendent at Harrisburg, as required by the thirty ninth and fortieth sections of said act.

W. P. ECKELS,
Superintendent of McKean Co.

Monday, April 10 1893.

CANN'S KIDNEY CURE

Cures Bright's Disease, Dropsy, Gravel, Nervousness, Heart, Urinary or Liver Diseases. Known by a tired, languid feeling. Inaction of the kidneys weakens and poisons the blood and unless cause is removed you cannot have health. Cured me over five years ago of Bright's Disease and Dropsy.—MRS. L. L. C. MILLER, Bethlehem Pa. 1,000 other similar testimonials. Try it. Cure guaranteed.
CANN'S KIDNEY CURE CO., 720 Venango St., Philadelphia, Pa.
Sold by All Reliable Druggists

AT
THE RACKET
Store in East Smethport.

Everything cheap. Under buy Under sell, & save 1/2 25 per cent. We keep no Office Bible with a lot of Poor Debts. This is strictly a Cash Store. Acme flour $1 09 per sack, Empire 99 cts. W. Rose 89cts. Men's dress straw hats 20 cts. same as U pay 75 cts for at other stores. Men's Heavy Work shoes $1.16 & up. 8 1/2 20 stamped motto cards, 5 cts. School girl wool hose 11 cts per pair Ladies hose from 6 to 17c. per pair. One dozen lead pencils 5 cts. Steel pens 5 cts per dozen. Dress buttons from 3 to 9 cts per doz New grown Bermuda onions 8 cts. per lb. New grown Cabbage 4 cts. per lb Remember these prices at Racket store, East Smethport. Next week look for astonishers.

The Bazaar

Spring Goods.

Ladies' and Children's Garments.

The largest assortment in Bradford at most reasonable prices.

Capes and Jackets.

We pay your car fare one way on all purchases of $10 00 worth of goods at this store.

Lace - Curtains - and - Portierres.

Five hundred pairs of curtains can be found here, prices form $1 to $20

Window shades and upholsteries of all kinds.

Visit the Bazaar when you are in Bradford; its the largest store; its the cheapest store.

THE BAZAAR
J. KLOSKEY.
18 Main St., near St. James Hotel.
Bradford, Pa.
Dry Goods, Cloaks and Draperies.

It Pays

To sell good shoes because they STAY SOLD. No unsatisfactory shoes to fix up and no dissatisfied customers to conciliate.

Try Bloodsworth & Co.

OLEAN, N.Y.

Now to all of you, who want to get anything new in shoes or Oxfords this spring, sit right down and write us a card, or letter, and ask us to send you samples of the new spring footwear. It will pay you.

Our motto is: Not how cheap but how good.

BLOODSWORTH & CO. Olean, N. Y.

Good Shoes Only.

(Mention this paper when ordering goods.)

STICKNEY, RITCHIE & CO.

LADIES SPRING WRAPS.

Our stock in this line is complete, we are showing this season, the largest assortment, and the most handsome line of wraps, that have ever been shown in the town. Ladies it will be to your interest to inspect our stock before making your selection for spring, prices moderate.

CARPETS.

In this department we are handling the celebrated Lowell carpets in the latest patterns and new, soft, delicate colors; a very large assortment to select from; prices from 20 c. per yd.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Our trade in Boots and Shoes this spring has been away ahead of any previous swring, and is still increasing. The reason is, we handle no cheap goods, but try to buy the best makes we can find. Our stock embraces all the new colors for the season, in the Blucher cut Piccadilly toe, as well as several other spring styles, in tans, reds, blacks, and the white evening Oxford tie. See our assortment of Russian Calf Oxfords, something new and stylish. In Gents shoes we have everything that is new for the spring.

DRY GOODS.

Our stock of spring dress goods and wash goods will please you. The Shantong and Grecian Pongee in wash goods are very pretty, a large assortment of styles and colors to select from. Dress Ginghams, Zephyrs, Prints, Cotton Bedfords, Amlines, etc., etc., all new and pretty.

GROCERIES.

Do not forget that our stock is at all times fresh, being replenished daily, we can have nothing but the best to offer you. Fine Creamery Butter always on hand. Flour $1.00, $1.10, $1 30 per sack.

Call at our store, opposite the Court House, and be convinced of our large and carefully selected stock of goods.

A Crayon Portrait Free with every $10.00 purchase.

STICKNEY, RITCHIE & CO.

D. C. YOUNG

Invites your attention to his complete stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS

Now on exhibition at his store on Main Street.

An elegant line of ladies' fashionable

SPRING WRAPS

in all the leading shades, just received from New York. The low prices will astonish you.

In our dress goods department can be found a finer selection than any previous season. The wash goods are beautiful this spring, and the

DOTTED SWISS MULL

takes the lead here as well as in the cities.

From continued increase in our shoe trade we take it for granted everybody knows where to get the best foot wear at the most reasonable figures. At this season we feel proud to show a finer and much larger assortment of

Ladies', Men's and Children's Shoes

than was ever brought into this market. Our $1.50 ladies fine shoes are unequalled, so our customers say.

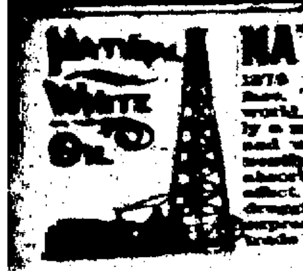
OUR .·. PRICES

on Carpets, Rugs, Oil Cloths, Mattings, Wall Paper and Shades will interest you.

Don't forget that we always carry a fresh line of Groceries. Try our California fruits.

D. C. YOUNG.

Smethport, Pa., April 11, 1893.



NATURAL WHITE OIL

Will positively grow hair on a bald head. It's nature's own hair grower, discovered 1878 fast under the earth's surface. The only [illegible] oil in the world. No poisonous [illegible] by a mineral product. Grows mustache and whiskers. Cures Dandruff permanently, stops hair falling out. It is readily absorbed and [illegible] have no greasy after-effect. Satisfaction guaranteed. Sold by all druggists. 60 cents [illegible] two bottles direct, express prepaid [illegible] price. Put on the trade only by the

WHITE ROCK OIL CO., Toledo, O.

For sale by F. R. FOSTER.

Your Favorite Home Newspaper

— AND —

The Leading Republican Paper [illegible] United States,

ONE YEAR FOR ONLY $1.25

McKEAN COUNTY MINER

[illegible] all the news of Town, County and State, and [illegible] news as any other paper of [illegible]

The New York Weekly Tribune

is a NATIONAL FAMILY PAPER, and gives all [illegible] the world. It gives the events of foreign lands in a [illegible] FAMILY CIRCLE," and "OUR YOUNG FOLKS" [illegible] the admiration of wives and [illegible] and discussions are comprehensive, brilliant and [illegible] [illegible] has no superior in the country. Its "MARKET [illegible] all parts of the land. [illegible] of the United States and [illegible] separate departments for "HOME AND SOCIETY" [illegible] political news, editorials [illegible] "AGRICULTURAL" department [illegible] recognized authority in

A SPECIAL CONTRACT enables us to offer [illegible] and THE MINER for one year

For only $1.25, cash in advance.

NEW YORK WEEKLY TRIBUNE, [illegible]	[illegible] year	$1.00
McKEAN COUNTY MINER,	"	$1.25
TOTAL		$2.50

WE FURNISH BOTH PAPERS ONE YEAR FOR — $1.25.

Subscriptions may be [illegible]

This is the most liberal combination [illegible] made in the United States, and every reader of the McKEAN COUNTY MINER should take advantage of it at once. Address [illegible]

[illegible]ON,

[illegible]THPORT, PA.

LOOK -:- HERE.

Read and Be Wise!

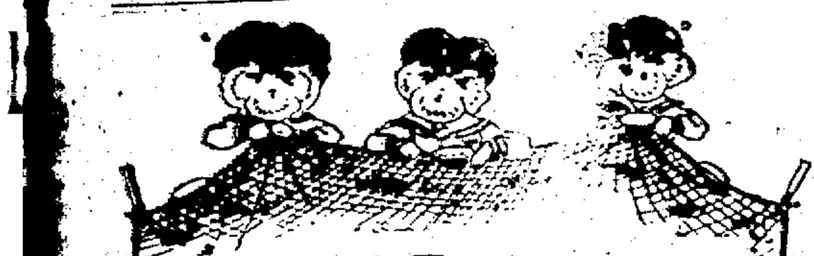
On and after April 14, 1892 [illegible] will give every cash customer trading at his [illegible] of $25.00, their choice of one of the following [illegible] of Silverware free of charge:

- Silver Plated Sugar Bowl.
- Silver Plated Butter Dish.
- Silver Plated Cream Pitcher.
- Silver Plated Spoon Holder.
- [illegible] Plate Pickle Dish.
- [illegible] Plated Knives
- [illegible] Plated Forks

And an article for each [illegible] for a period of from six months to one year, thus giving [illegible] customers a chance to secure a whole set of Silverware [illegible] costing them a penny. All goods are sold as cheap as [illegible] allow. Remember the place, corner of Mechanic [illegible]

P. D. HOPKINS,

Smethport, Pa., April 14, 1892.



Vick's Floral [illegible]

The [illegible] Vick's Floral [illegible] The Poets' Number of Vick's Floral [illegible] Begonia, Dahlias, Gutchinson's Pink [illegible] Potatoes, [illegible] Pea. The Charmer. The Golden [illegible] summer, new Roses, new Chrysanthemums [illegible] Names and prices of everything one [illegible] [illegible] for only 10 cents [illegible] Alpine Aster [illegible] Cash prizes.

JAMES VICK'S [illegible] [Roch]ester, N. Y.

V. KL[illegible]NBACH,

MERCHANT -:- TAILOR,

Cor. King and Fulton Sts.,

SM[illegible] PA.

Keeps an [illegible] [Engl]ish and French Goods on [illegible] to select. Suits will be ma[de] [illegible] and most approved Styles, [illegible]

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

DO YOU EVER EAT?

IF SO GO [illegible]

G. W. WILLIAMS & SON,

SMETHPORT

Where you will always [illegible] [stoc]k of

Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats.

FRUITS, VEGETABLES,

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.

Feed, Corn, Oats, Middlings, &c., A Specialty.

CONFECTIONERY -:- AND -:- FRUITS!

My present stock of fine candies [illegible] heretofore shown in this section, and embraces all the finer [illegible] grades. Among the novelties may be mentioned

BON-BON BOXES, FINE CRYSTALIZED FRUITS,

French Mixed in 5-pound Boxes—Very Fine,

Chocolate Creams of all kinds, etc. Also a [illegible] stock of

Foreign and Domestic Fruits, Nuts, Etc.

TOBACCO AND CIGARS

Cigar Holders, Cigar Cases, Cigarette Cases, Matchsafes, in fact everything in [illegible] Smokers' line.

GEO. A. BACKUS.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

WAGONS!

Don't make a purchase until you have examined my stock and prices. They are superior in material and workmanship, and prices very low.

I make a specialty of

HORSESHOEING

and am prepared to do repairing of all kinds. Wagon and Blacksmith shop on Water street.

WM. MASSER.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

UNLIKE ANY OTHER FOR HOUSEHOLD USE.

Was originated and first prescribed by AN OLD FAMILY PHYSICIAN in 1810. Could a remedy without real merit have survived over eighty years?

SOOTHING, HEALING, PENETRATING for INTERNAL and EXTERNAL use. [illegible]

Central Pharmacy.

FRANK R. FOSTER,

DEALER IN

DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

Fancy Goods,

TOILET ARTICLES, &C

A FULL LINE OF

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

FRANK R. FOSTER,

PHARMACIST.

Grand Central Hotel Building, Smethport.

AT BED TIME I TAKE A PLEASANT
HERB DRINK

THE NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BETTER.

My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys, and is a pleasant laxative. This drink is made of herbs, and is prepared for use as easily as tea. It is called

LANE'S MEDICINE.

All druggists sell it at 50c. and $1.00 per package. Buy one to-day. Lane's Family Medicine moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy, this is necessary.

BLACKSMITHING!

The subscriber has purchased the blacksmith shop recently occupied by Charles Kreuger, on [illegible] street, near Gilbert's saw-mill, where he is prepared to do first-class blacksmithing, including

HORSESHOEING.

Satisfaction guaranteed. He also manufactures

SLEIGHS.

[for] Lumbering Purposes, with Patent Brakes desired.

Can Cure All Ordinary Lameness in Horse's Feet and Legs.

CHAS. W. LILOENDAHL.

Smethport, Aug. 6th, '90.

Scientific American Agency for

PATENTS

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Scientific American

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. [illegible] Weekly, $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Address MUNN & CO., Publishers, 361 Broadway, New York.

Subscribe for the MINER.

THE AMERICAN NAVY.

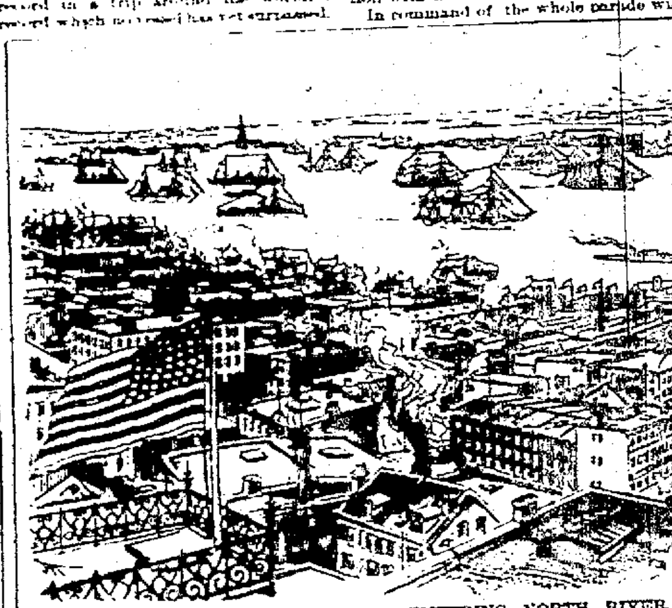
HOW IT COMPARES WITH OTHERS IN THE GREAT REVIEW.

In 1886 the United States Stood Nineteenth Among Naval Powers—Now the Fifth. The New Ships Contrasted With British Boats.

Our reproach is taken away. The United States now has a navy to proudly compare with that of England in the coming review at New York. The latest vessels are from American designs by native American designers, built entirely in American yards of American materials. The Newark was the first result of all these combined, and her sponsors claim that she is in many respects the best of the unarmored cruisers in the navy. And the extraordinary advance in the science of naval warfare is shown by the fact that, though the Chicago is but three years the older, the Newark is accounted 25 per cent the more efficient as a warship.

For a dozen years after the war the "Decline of the American Navy" was the burden of continued plaint and a standing headline in the great city dailies. The funny paragraphers assumed that the climax was reached when President Hayes appointed the "Ancient Mariner of the Wabash," newspaper Homeric for Richard W. Thompson, as secretary of the navy. It was taken for granted that he was to let the concern die of inanition, but he did not. He at least stopped the decline where it was, and in the next administration some signs of improvement were visible. Under Secretary William C. Whitney the rebuilding began in earnest, and Secretary Benjamin F. Tracy carried it forward to glorious results.

The so called Roach boats are the Chicago, Atlanta, Boston and Dolphin, the pioneers of the new navy. They were begun by Secretary Chandler and finished by Secretary Whitney. They were the subject of much controversy because they failed to reach the required horse power. All were accepted finally, and they have shown abundantly that they were serviceable and far more efficient than was originally hoped for. The Dolphin, over which there was the sharpest controversy, has made a most enviable record in a trip around the world, a record which no vessel has yet surpassed.



THE WARSHIPS ENTERING NORTH RIVER, NEW YORK.

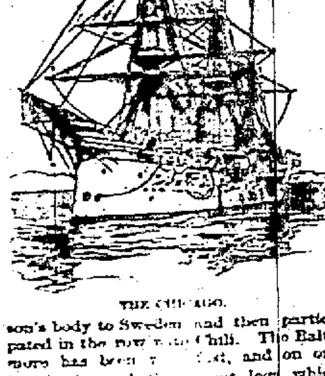
The Chicago has proved herself worthy in seamanship, and Admiral Walker preferred her as a flagship to some of the newer vessels. The coming parade in New York harbor will show all the warships at their prettiest.

There will be two squadrons of United States vessels in the review, each commanded by an admiral and each headed by a flagship. The commanding officer in charge of the first squadron will be Rear Admiral Benham, and his flagship will be the Newark, protected cruiser with a tonnage of 4,083 and carrying 12 heavy guns. She was built by the Cramps at a cost of $1,[illegible] and was known as Cruiser No. 1 for a long time, but the Cramps did not finish her until after they had turned the Yorktown, Vesuvius, Baltimore and Philadelphia over to the government. By that time this country could stand alone in naval shipbuilding.

FLAGSHIP PHILADELPHIA.

The commanding officer of the second squadron will be Rear Admiral Walker, and his flagship will be the Chicago, which for three years has been the flagship of the squadron of evolution, and in which Admiral Walker has journeyed from Bar Harbor to the Mediterranean and thence to South America. She is also a protected cruiser, of 4,500 tons, carrying 14 guns, and was built at a cost of $1,[illegible]. Though she has almost 500 tons more displacement than the Newark, she is four knots slower. They draw the same amount of water, but the Chicago is 15 feet longer. In horsepower the Newark is 40 per cent better than the Chicago.

By far the best known vessel in the review, because of her experience in the Chilian waters, is the Baltimore, protected cruiser of 10 guns and 4,600 tons displacement. Her hull and machinery are of English design, and she is far from handsome, being very bare and crowded with ventilators. American builders criticised those as affording good [illegible] the century. But she is a wonderfully stout and reliable vessel and went into commission under Captain Schley, who asked to be reduced from the rank of commodore to that of captain to take charge of this vessel. She took Ericsson's body to Sweden and then participated in the row with Chili. The Baltimore has been [illegible] fast, and on one burst of speed the patent logs, which have been used as data for speed, but which are not trustworthy, showed a record of more than 20 knots. Her real speed is about 19 knots.



THE CHICAGO.

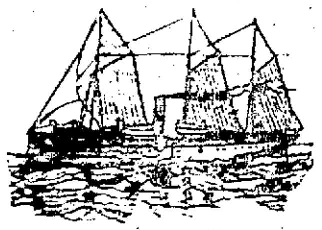
Another very interesting vessel is the Yorktown, cruiser, of only six guns and 1,700 tons displacement, and built at a cost of $594,110.79. Two other vessels of the same displacement and number of guns and nearly the same cost are the so called sisters, Bennington and Concord.

These vessels are gunboats. They are stocky and sturdy little craft, especially serviceable for river use. The Yorktown was launched on the same day with the Vesuvius, and it was a proud day indeed for Secretary Whitney. Commander Chadwick first took charge of the vessel. She was on one of the evolution squadron's junkets to Europe, and then Commander "Fighting Bob" Evans took her. Under him she participated in the Chilian row, and once "Fighting Bob" cleared her decks for action. Since then she has done duty in the Behring sea in connection with the seal troubles.

In command of the whole parade will be Rear Admiral Bancroft Gherardi, who has been in the naval service of the United States 47 years and attained the first rank not only by seniority, but by brilliant services. He was born in Louisiana Nov. 10, 1832, and entered the navy as midshipman from Massachusetts just before reaching the age of 14 and at the beginning of the Mexican war. After 12 years of active service he entered the naval academy at Annapolis, reversing the usual process. In 1855 he was commissioned a lieutenant and in 1862 a lieutenant commander. He bore a conspicuous part in the capture of Mobile as well as in other actions, was made commander in 1866, captain in 1874 and commandant of the Brooklyn navy yard in 1884 as commodore. In 1887 he received his present rank.

His flagship is the cruiser Philadelphia. She is a twin screw steel vessel of 4,300 tons displacement. The contract was let to the Cramps in October, 1887, and her contract time of construction was two years, the contract price being $1,350,000 and her contract speed 19 knots an hour, with a premium of $50,000 for each quarter knot in excess of that rate of speed.

The logs used on the Baltimore had recorded a speed of 20 knots, but calculations for a "slip" reduced this somewhat. In July, 1890, tried by the same logs, the Philadelphia recorded a fraction over 21 knots. Allowing the same "slip" as on the Baltimore, the new cruiser was certainly going at the rate of 20¼ knots. As it is, taking the present figures into consideration, Uncle Sam will have paid $248,666 on premiums for the construction of the Yorktown, Baltimore and Philadelphia, all three of which swift cruisers greatly exceeded the contract rate of speed.



THE YORKTOWN.

The Philadelphia's winnings, so to speak, were at the rate of $30 per foot and nearly $50 a second for the excess. Even the cold figures of such a statement produce a thrill of excitement, and it is little wonder that Edwin Cramp was reported as "wild with excitement at the result" and exclaimed exultingly: "Naval warfare is again revolutionized! The United States now has the nucleus of the fastest navy afloat." On July 28 of that year the Philadelphia went into commission as a warship, with Captain Robert L. Bradford as commander.

The summary of America's rapid progress may be given in a few words. When the vessels authorized and now hastening to completion are once afloat, the reconstructed navy will contain 42 warships. They are in the following classes: Armored cruisers, protected cruisers, monitors, battleships, gunboats, and one, the Vesuvius, which is a type of itself, combining the functions of harbor defender, ram and torpedo cruiser. When the 42 are completed, the United States will rank as the fifth naval power in the world. In 1886 we were but the nineteenth. The nations that still surpass us are England, France, Italy and Russia, in the order named.

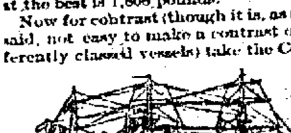
It is not easy to present in a few figures the comparative size and fleetness of the foreign vessels which will be in the review, but as Great Britain confessedly leads and has presumably sent over her representative ships, let them be taken as samples. Her best and the flagship of Sir John O. Hopkins, K. C. B., the admiral commanding, is the Blake. She is also the largest, fastest and heaviest of the heavily armored cruisers now afloat, except her sister ship recently launched. Her dimensions are: Length, 375 feet; breadth, 65 feet; draft of water, 25 feet 9 inches; horsepower, 20,000; coal capacity, 1,600 tons; speed, 22 knots; 9,000 tons displacement.

THE BALTIMORE.

She is briefly described as a 13 (big) gun, twin screw cruiser, and is a veritable floating battery. She has two magazines for every gun, and every magazine cased in the finest tempered steel. Observe the supreme importance of this casing over the ordinary war vessels, inasmuch as if a bomb struck the vessel near any such department the men in that particular inclosure only would be killed, whereas if the ship were open, like an ordinary man-of-war, hundreds might be killed and immense damage done to the vessel.

The superiority in fighting and on is a very important feature in a cruiser which may be expected to do a great deal of her fighting in pursuit or retreat. In either position the Blake can discharge 604 pounds of metal. From either broadside she can send 1,284 pounds, and some of the guns being equally for side and bow or side and stern her total all around fire at the best is 1,806 pounds.

Now for contrast (though it is, as aforesaid, not easy to make a contrast of differently classed vessels) take the Columbia, one of America's latest, launched from Cramps' shipyard on the Delaware July 26, 1892. She is briefly described as a protected sea going cruiser and has attained an ocean speed of 21 knots.



THE NEWARK.

She is run by three sets of triple expansion engines, driving three sets of screws, all the machinery in different compartments, so she can be run slowly with the center screw, faster with the outer two and fastest with all three. But the pride of the new navy is, or is to be, the new speedy cruiser New York. She is a monster indeed, with displacement of 8,150 tons and good for 20 knots an hour of sustained speed.

Her cost is $3,500,000. Her length on the water line is 380 feet 6 inches, her molded breadth 64 feet, her main draft 23¼ feet and her coal capacity enough to run her 13,000 miles without a fresh supply. Contrast this with the Kearsarge, which sank the Alabama, the little "cheesebox on a raft" (pet name for the Monitor), which won the most noted naval victory of the war—contrast all these vessels, in fact, with those of any former war—and there is no chance for other emotion than amazement.

S. P. ROSSELLE.

That old established cough remedy, Downs' Elixir, still more than holds its own in the public estimation, despite sharp and active competition. It is a "home remedy," and in this locality needs no words of praise so well and favorably known is it. It is the standard remedy for coughs, colds and all throat troubles, with great numbers of our people, and their continued use and unsolicited recommendation of it speaks volumes in its favor. Burlington Vt., *Free Press*.

The following item has been going the rounds of the press and as our druggist A. B. Armstrong handles the goods, it may interest our readers: Having had occasion to use Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, it gives me pleasure to state that I found it to be the best medicine for a cough I ever used; in fact, it cured me of a cough that had baffled several other cough medicines.—N. R. Burnett, Atalissa, Iowa.

Lane's Family Medicines Moves the Bowels Each day. Most people need to use it.

MEADVILLE *Business College*,

Spring Term.

A spring term of eight weeks at half rates will commence in this institution on Monday April 10, 1893, also a summer term of the same length at the same rates will begin July 17. All persons attending the two terms can graduate in any of the departments for from $[illegible] to $[illegible], facing at least $[illegible] in either business or shorthand course. Rates for other terms: Business course, $[illegible]; shorthand and Typewriting course, $[illegible]; Typewriting and Penmanship $[illegible]; English branches, $[illegible]; Penmanship, $[illegible]; all other branches equally as low. Send for special circular. Address A. W. SMITH, Meadville.

Mar 21-08

Wanted.

Agents to sell our choice and hardy Nursery stock. We have many special varities, both in fruits and ornamentals to offer, which are controlled only by us. We pay commission or salary. Write us at once for terms, and secure choice of territory.

MAY BROTHERS, Nurserymen,

Rochester, N. Y.

RHEUMATISM CURED IN A DAY.—"Mystic Cure" for Rheumatism and Neuralgia radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits. 75 cents. Sold by A. B. Armstrong Druggist, Smethport.

Allow me to add my tribute to the efficacy of Ely's Cream Balm. I was suffering from a severe attack of influenza and catarrh and was induced to try your remedy. The result was marvelous. I could hardly articulate, and in less than twenty-four hours the catarrhal symptoms and my hoarseness disappeared and I was able to sing a heavy solo in Grand Opera with voice unimpaired. I strongly recommend it to all singers.—Wm. H. Hamilton, Leading Basso of the C. D. Hess Grand Opera Co.

Mother's Friend.

is the greatest blessing ever offered child bearing woman. I have been a Midwife many years and in each case where Mother's Friend has been used, it has accomplished wonders and relieved much suffering. It is the best remedy for rising of the breast known, and worth the price for that alone. Mrs. M. A. Brewster, Montgomery, Ala.

Here it is and it fills the bill much better than anything we could say: "It gives me the greatest pleasure to write you in regard to Chamberlain's Cough Balm. During the past winter I have sold more of it than any other kind, and have never had any medicine in my store that gave such universal satisfaction." J. M. Roney, Druggist, Geuda Spring, Kansas. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by A. B. Armstrong, Druggist.

Bad complexion indicates an unhealthy state of the system. DeWitt's Little Early Risers are the pills that will cure this. They act on the liver, they act on the stomach act on the bowels. For sale by A. B. Armstrong.

"There is salve for every wound." We refer to DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, cures burns, bruises, cuts, indolent sores as a local application in the nostrils it cures catarrh, and always cures piles. For sale by A. B. Armstrong.

Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment.

A certain cure for Chronic Sore Eyes, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Old Chronic Sores, Fever Sores, Eczema, Itch, Prairie Scratches, Sore Nipples and Piles. It is cooling and soothing. Hundreds of cases have been cured by it after all other treatment had failed. It is put up in 25 and 50 cent boxes.

It is a truth in medicine that the smallest dose that performs a cure is the best. DeWitt's Little Risers are the smallest pill that will perform a cure, and are the best. For sale by A. B. Armstrong.

DR. HOXSIE'S CERTAIN CROUP CURE NO OPIUM. AT ALL DRUGGISTS. — 50 — Guaranteed to CURE or Money Refunded.

FINE TAILORING

AT LOWEST PRICES!

FLORENZE STICKELS,

MERCHANT -. TAILOR,

In the Armstrong, JOHNSONBURG, PA.

FINE -:- WORK -:- A -:- SPECIALTY.

All the Novelties for Fall and Winter Wear Now in Stock.

Branch Store at Brockwayville. F. L. SWANEY, Manager.

NEW -:- FURNITURE

SPECHT & SASSE

We have a large stock of the latest designs in furniture and we are able to offer some very attractive bargains. If you want a single piece of furniture or an outfit for your home, it will pay you to see our stock

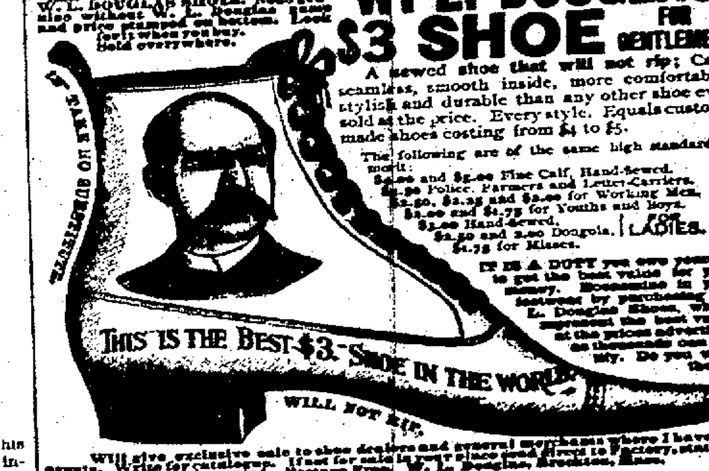
DON'T FAIL TO CALL

before making a purchase elsewhere

Undertaking in all its branches a specialty

SMETHPORT.

Corner of Main and Union Streets.



BEWARE OF FRAUD. Ask for, and insist upon having W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES. None genuine without W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom. Look for it when you buy. Sold everywhere.

A sewed shoe that will not rip; Calf, seamless, smooth inside, more comfortable, stylish and durable than any other shoe ever sold at the price. Every style. Equals custom-made shoes costing from $4 to $5.

The following are of the same high standard of merit:

$4.00 and $5.00 Fine Calf, Hand-Sewed.
$3.50 Police, Farmers and Letter-Carriers.
$2.50, $2.25 and $2.00 for Working Men.
$2.00 and $1.75 for Youths and Boys.
$3.00 Hand-Sewed, } FOR
$2.50 and 2.00 Dongola, } LADIES.
$1.75 for Misses.

IT IS A DUTY you owe yourself to get the best value for your money. Economize in your footwear by purchasing W. L. Douglas Shoes, which represent the best value at the prices advertised as thousands can testify. Do you wear them?

Will give exclusive sale to shoe dealers and general merchants where I have no agents. Write for catalogue. If not for sale in your place send direct to Factory, stating kind, size and width wanted. Postage Free. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

FOR SALE BY STICKNEY, RITCHIE & CO.

BROWNELL BROS,

SMETHPORT, PA.,

Manufactured by
SWANTON SUSPENDER CO.
SWANTON VT.
KEEP YOUR PANTS ON with the ATWOOD SUSPENDER.

We are sole agents of the above Suspenders.

Announce to the people of Smethport and vicinity that their stock is now complete and embraces many

Novelties in Every Department,

Designed for the

EVERY-DAY-TRADE.

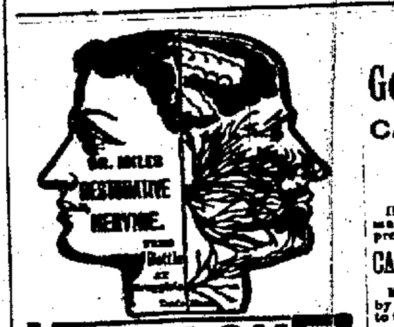
OUR EPECUREAN DEPARTMENT is supplied with all the leading brands of Canned and Bottled Good, including fruits, vegetables, meats soups, etc.

OUR DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT embraces all the latest fabrics in Dress Goods, White Goods, Table Linens, Damasks, &c.

OUR SHOE DEPARTMENT can not be beat. Fine Shoes for Ladies' Misses' and Children's wear. Also Men's Youths' and Boys' Boots and Shoes of every description.

We have also in stock a full line of Hats and Caps, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Gloves and Mittens.

Groceries and Provisions and the Best Brands of Flour in the Market.



HEADACHE!

Of all forms, Neuralgia, Spasms, Fits, Sleeplessness, Dullness, Dizziness, Blues, Opium Habit, Drunkenness, etc., are cured by DR. MILES' RESTORATIVE NERVINE. [illegible] discovered by the eminent Indiana Specialist in nervous diseases. It does not contain opiates or dangerous drugs. "Have been taking DR. MILES' RESTORATIVE NERVINE for Epilepsy. From September to January [illegible] using the Nervine I had at least 15 convulsions, and now after three months' use have no more attacks.—JOHN B. COLLINS, Romeo, [illegible]. "I have been using DR. MILES' RESTORATIVE NERVINE for about four months. It has brought no relief and cure. I have taken it for epilepsy, and after using it for one week have had no attack.—HARD C. BRANDON, [illegible]. Fine book of great cures and trial bottles FREE at Druggists Everywhere, or address DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

SOLD BY A. B. ARMSTRONG.

Garfield Tea

Overcomes results of bad eating. Cures Sick Headache, Restores Complexion, Saves Doctors' Bills. Sample free. GARFIELD TEA CO., 319 W. 45th St., N.Y.

Cures Constipation

Palmer & Church,

Livery, Feed and Sale

STABLES.

Largest, Best Equipped and Most Complete Livery Establishment in McKean county.

Prompt attention to orders by wire.

T. H. PURTLE

General Blacksmithing,

CARRIAGE AND WAGGON WORK

WATER ST., SMETHPORT, PA.

Having bought out the carriage and wagon making business of John Servatius, I am now prepared to do all work in the above lines.

CARRIAGE PAINTING A SPECIALTY.

Repairing in all its branches promptly done by the aid of competent workmen. I am able to turn out first class work at moderate price.

Agent for Edmund's Celebrated Hoof Expander, a positive cure for contracted feet. A reward of $500 will be paid for any case of contraction that cannot be cured by the use of this contrivance.

Horses For Sale.

10 head good, sound, young horses—Workers and Drivers—All around general purpose stock at very favorable prices.

PALMER & CHURCH.

Smethport, Pa., Feb. 10th, 1893.

INSURANCE

Life, Fire and Accident written by

W. F. SPECHT,

SMETHPORT, PA.

In good, reliable companies.

FOR SALE!

The County Right of McKean to sell the

Columbian Burglar Alarm.

Something new. Agents make big money. Best seller on the market. Write quick for particulars.

THE J. F. HARVEY NOVELTY MFG. CO.,

Johnsonburg, Pa.

THE [illegible]

[illegible] effect Jan'y 8, 18[illegible]

Trains leave Smeth[port] [illegible] for [illegible] Ridgway, Ridgway, Bradford, Rochester and Buffalo as follows:

BUFFALO EXPRESS.........9:26 A. M.
BUFFALO MAIL...........3:26 P. M.

Trains leaving Smethport at 2:26 p. m. connects at Eldred with W. N. Y. & P. R. for Bradford at Olean with River Division for Allegany, Salamanca Oil City and Pittsburg.

For Clermont, Johnsonburg, and points south:

CLERMONT MAIL...........[illegible] A. M.
CLERMONT ACCOMMODATION.....12:30 P. M.
LOCAL....................7:00 P. M.

Clermont Mail connects through to Johnsonburg.

Get Time Tables giving full information from A. K. WORMER, Ticket Agent.

E. BELL, General Sup't.
J. A. FELLOWS, Gen. Pass'r. & Tkt. Agt., Buffalo, N. Y.

Bradford, Bordell and Kinzua R. R. Co.

Direct lines between Bradford, Kane and the Elk county oil fields.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT JUNE 1, 18[illegible]

WESTWARD p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	STATIONS.	EASTWARD a. m.	p. m.	p. m.
7 45	[illegible]	[illegible]	ar. Bradford, lv.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Kinzua Junct'n	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Alton	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Davis	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Simpson	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Ormsby	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Smethport	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Mt. Jewett	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
5 10	[illegible]	[illegible]	Kane	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]			Carlson	[illegible]		
[illegible]			Spring Creek	[illegible]		
[illegible]			Sheffield J.	[illegible]		
[illegible]			Watson	[illegible]		
[illegible]			Marienville	[illegible]		
[illegible]			Clarion	[illegible]		
[illegible]			Foxburg	[illegible]		
[illegible]			Parker	[illegible]		
[illegible]			Petrolia	[illegible]		
[illegible]			Karns	[illegible]		
[illegible]			Millerstown	[illegible]		
[illegible]			Butler	[illegible]		
[illegible]			Wildwood	[illegible]		
7 30			Allegheny	[illegible]		

JNO. C. McKENNA, Superintendent.

Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh Railway

THE SHORT LINE

Between, Buffalo, Rochester, Salamanca, Bradford, Ridgway, DuBois, Punxsutawney and the Coal and Lumber Regions of Pennsylvania.

On and after Nov. 13, 1892, passenger trains will leave Bradford and Mt. Jewett, daily except Sunday, as follows:

LEAVE BRADFORD—EAST BOUND.

7:20 a. m.—Buffalo & Rochester Express—For Salamanca, Ellicottville, Springville, Colden, Buffalo, Machias, Gainesville, Silver Springs, Warsaw, LeRoy and Rochester.

2:30 p. m.—Mail—For Salamanca, Ellicottville, Springville, Colden, Buffalo, Machias, Gainesville, Silver Springs, Warsaw, LeRoy, and Rochester.

[illegible] p. m.—Buffalo Express—Sundays only. For Limestone, Carrollton, Salamanca, Ellicottville, Springville, Colden and Buffalo.

LEAVE MT. JEWETT—SOUTH-BOUND.

[illegible] a. m.—Accommodation—For Johnsonburg, Ridgway, Brockwayville, DuBois and Punxsutawney.

1:40 p. m.—Mail—For Johnsonburg, Ridgway, Brockwayville, DuBois and Punxsutawney.

[illegible] p. m.—Accommodation—For Johnsonburg, Ridgway, Brockwayville, DuBois and Punxsutawney.

Thousand Mile Tickets, good for passage between all stations, at two cents per mile.

For time tables and full information call on or address any of the Company's agents, or

D. LUNDERGAN, Agent Bradford, Pa.

EDWARD C. LAPEY,
J. H. BARRETT, Gen'l Passenger Agent,
Gen'l Superintendent, Rochester, N. Y.
Bradford, Pa.

COUDERSPORT & PORT ALLEGANY Railroad Time Table, takes effect Monday, Ja[illegible] [illegible], 189[illegible].

AR. EASTW'D. a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	STATIONS.	LV. WEST'D. a. m.	p. m.	p. m.
[illegible]	4 07	1 07	Coudersport	8 30	[illegible]	[illegible]
10 59	[illegible]	1 01	Pine Creek Jc.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Hammond	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Fish Basket	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Olmsted	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Mina	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Knowlton	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Roulette	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Burtville	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Coleman	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	12 11	Port Allegany	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

PINE CREEK DIVISION.

1:08 p m	6.35 a m	Coudersport	a m 7.18	p m [illegible]
[illegible]	6.15	Pine Creek Junction	7.03	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Fair Grounds	7.02	[illegible]
1.20	6.27	Ladona	6.50	[illegible]
[illegible]	6.22	Sweden Valley	6.50	[illegible]

Trains run on eastern standard time.

B. A. McCLURE, Sup't.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

PHILADELPHIA & ERIE DIVISION TIME TABLE. In effect Dec 18, 1892.

TRAINS LEAVE EMPORIUM JUNCTION

EASTWARD.

8:25 a. m.—Train 4, daily except Sunday, for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6:30 p. m., New York 9:35 p. m., Baltimore 6:35 p. m., Washington 8:15 p. m. Pullman Parlor car through from Williamsport and passenger coaches from Kane to Philadelphia.

2:55 p. m.—Train 6, daily except Sunday, for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4:25 a. m., New York 7:10 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7:30 a. m.

9:25 p. m.—Train 4, daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Philadelphia 4:30 a. m., New York 9:30 a. m., Baltimore 6:20 a. m., Washington 7.30 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Erie and Williamsport to Philadelphia and passenger cars from Erie to Philadelphia. Passengers in sleeper for Baltimore and Washington will be transferred into Washington sleeper at Harrisburg.

WESTWARD.

5:15 a. m.—Train 1, daily except Sunday for Ridgway, DuBois Clermont and intermediate stations, leaves Ridgway 3:00 p. m. for Erie.

10:30 a. m.—Train 3, daily for Erie and intermediate stations.

7:05 p. m.—Train 11 daily except Sunday Kane and intermediate stations.

THROUGH TRAINS for EMPORIUM JUNCTION FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Train 1 leaves Renovo 6:35 a. m., daily except Sunday, arriving at Emporium Jc. 8:15 a. m. Train 11 leaves Philadelphia 8:30 a. m., Wilkesbarre 10:15 a. m., Washington [illegible] a. m. 7:50, Baltimore 8:45 a.m. daily except Sunday, arriving at Emporium Junction 7:00 p. m. with Pullman Parlor car from Philadelphia to Williamsport and passenger coaches to Kane. Train 3, leaves New York 7:00 p. m., Philadelphia 11:20 p. m., Washington 10:40 p. m., Baltimore 11:40 p. m., daily arriving at Emporium Junc. 10:25 a. m., with Pullman Palace sleeping cars from Philadelphia to Erie and from Washington and Baltimore to Williamsport and passenger coaches from Philadelphia to Erie.

JOHNSONBURG RAILROAD.

Daily except Sunday.

NORTH A. M. Lv.	STATIONS.	SOUTH Ar. A. M.
9 40	Ridgway	11 45
9 55	Johnsonburg	11 40
10 10	Glen Hazel	11 30
10 19	Straight	11 20
10 24	Instanter	11 14
10 30	Smith's Run	11 07
10 37	Woodvale	11 02
10 45	Clermont	[illegible]

Connections are made with train 1, leaving Johnsonburg at 3:18 p. m. for Erie and intermediate points, arriving at Erie at 6:50 p. m. also at Ridgway with train 6 leaving Ridgway at 1:45 p. m. for Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington.

CHAS. E. PUGH, J. R. WOOD
General Manager Gen'l Passenger Ag't

DRUGS.

Patent Medicines,

Stationery,

Fancy Goods.

DRUGGISTS' -:- SUNDRIES.

Prescriptions promptly filled.

H. O. WELLS, - Smethport, Pa.

WANTED AGENTS, local and traveling, at once, to sell Ornamental Trees, Roses, Shrubs and fruits. Experience unnecessary. Salary and expenses paid weekly. Permanent positions. No security required. Must furnish reference as to good character. CHARLES H. CHASE, Rochester, N.Y. Mention this paper.

ONE DOLLAR EVERY HOUR

is easily earned by any one of either sex in any part of the country, who is willing to work industriously at the employment which we furnish. The labor is light and pleasant, and you run no risk whatever. We fit you out complete, so that you can give the business a trial without expense to yourself. For those willing to do a little work, this is the grandest offer made. You can work all day, or in the evening only. If you are employed, and have a few spare hours at your disposal, utilize them, and add to your income,—our business will not interfere at all. You will be amazed on the start at the rapidity and ease by which you amass dollar upon dollar, day in and day out. Even beginners are successful from the first hour. Any one can run the business—none fail. You should try nothing else until you see for yourself what you can do at the business which we offer. No capital risked. Women are grand workers; nowadays they make as much as men. They should try this business, as it is so well adapted to them. Write at once and see for yourself. Address H. HALLETT & CO., Box 880, Portland, Me.